THE Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,592—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—WEDNESDAY, MARCH 13, 1912. PRICE: ONE ANNA

LIBRARY IMPERIAL BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

MAIL SERVICE.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamers.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1912				
16th Mar.	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	11000
30th "	*ARCADIA	7000	.....	...
23rd "	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
30th "	MARMORA	10000	.....	...
6th April.	MOOLTAN	10000	.....	...
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	11000
20th "	MANTUA	11000	.....	...
27th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALOJA	12500
4th May.	EGYPT	8000	.....	...
11th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	10000
18th "	ARABIA	8000	.....	...
25th "	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	11000
1st June.	PERSIA	8000	.....	...
8th "	SALSETTE	6 00	CHINA	8000
15th "	MOOLTAN	11000	.....	...
22nd "	OCEANA	7000	MACEDONIA	10500

The above Regular Mail Steamers are fitted with *WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.*

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the BALLARD PIER, on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 12-30 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

* INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER.

The s.s. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY, at 2 P. M., on WEDNESDAY, 20th MARCH, 1912, direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles.....	Rs. 435 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea...	Rs.498 or Rs 647	Rs 792 or Rs. 940

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

For Accommodation and further information, apply to

W. C. SYMES,
Superintendent.

Bombay.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS
BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.

CALCUTTA: GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON: GRINDLAY & Co.

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ENGLAND (WEYMOUTH) VIA SUEZ AND PORTSAID.

THESE STEAMERS afford comfortable accommodation in two, three and four Berth Cabins amidships, for First Class Passengers only.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess.

FOR LONDON.

Steamers	Tonnage.	Leave Bombay about
Umvolosi	... 4500 ...	21st March 1912.
Umsinga	... 4500 ...	19th April "
Umtumbi	... 5000 ...	4th May "

Fares Rs. 400 to Rs. 440.

For further particulars, apply to—

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Bombay.

ANCHOR LINE.

REGULAR SAILING FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

The following SAILINGS have been arranged :—

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON 1912.

Steamer.	Tonnage.	Captain.	Leave Bombay.
Olympia	... 5124	R.H. Brown, R.N.R.	1st Apr. 1912
*Circassia	6716	C.F. Osborne R.N.R.	9th " "
Scindia	5106	Wm. Kelso	21st " "
*Castalia	6369	G. Mitchell	3rd May "
*Elysia	6334	A. Haigh	17th " "
Massilia	5091	J. Thomson	2nd June "

*" Fitted with Wireless Telegraphy."

FARES,

	Single.	Return
Bombay to Suez	Rs. 413	627
Bombay to Portsaid	" 446	677
Bombay to Marseilles and back from Liverpool	" 578	924
Bombay to London Overland from Marseilles and back from Liverpool.	" 653	999
Bombay to Gibraltar	" 590	891
Bombay to Liverpool	" 605	967
Bombay to New York	" 808	1,340
Bombay to Cairo, including train fare from Suez	" 446	

All return tickets are available for 2 years.

Concessions granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea planters, &c.

Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and experienced Stewardess and is fitted with every comfort.

All steamers have electric lights and electric fans in every cabin free of charge.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leaves by reason of delay in arrival of steamer, provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

The advertised rates to Europe include a passage by B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer between Karachi and Bombay.

For any further information regarding passage, apply to the undersigned,

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
AGENTS, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LD.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS :—

FOR KARACHI.

Weekly from Victoria Dock.

Steamers,	Tons,	Sailing.	Date.	Time.	Route via.
Dumra	... 1695	Thurs.	14th Mar.	9 a.m.	*C. M.
Linga	... 2184	Friday	15th Mar.	6 a.m.	† direct.
Lhasa	... 2184	Mon.	18th Mar.	11 a.m.	‡ via P. D. & C. M.

*Cutch Mandvie.
†Or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.
‡Porebunder, Dwarka and Cutch Mandvie.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSSEH (Weekly).

S. S. "Dumra," 1695 tons, on Thursday, 14th March calling at Muscat, Linga, Bushire, and Mahomerah.

FOR PERSIAN GULF PORTS.

S. S. "Madura," 1956 tons, on Wednesday 13th March, calling at Verawal, Mangrol, Karachi, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, and Bushire.

FOR EAST AND SOUTH AFRICA. (Monthly.)

S. S. "Palamcotta," 3418 tons, on or about 21st March, calling at Seychelles, Mombasa, Zanzibar, Mozambique, Beira, Delagoa Bay and Durban.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "Lindula" 3358 tons on or about 13th March,

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct.)

Frequent sailings, with onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Terms and rates of freight and passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, BOMBAY.

13th March, 1912.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
Nera	5538	...Casanova	14th Mar. 1912.
Oceanien	4143	...Mages	11th April 1912.
Armand Behic	6385	...Lafont	9th May 1912.
Caledonien	4130	...Melber	6th June 1912.
Salazie	4147	...X	4th July 1912.

PASSAGE FARES "B" RATE.

	I class	II class	III class
To Marseilles (single) ...Rs.	594	495	235
Do. (return) ...Rs.	891	743	405
To London (single) ...Rs.	660	528	270
Do. (return) ...Rs.	990	742	495

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigations General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

One sailing every four weeks.

For further particulars apply to—

J. de COURTOIS,
Albert Building Hornby Road. Agent.

SOCIETA' NAZIONALE DI SERVIZI MARITTIMI (RUBATTINO LINE.)

BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct

FOR BRINDISI and VENICE.-(transhipping at PORT SAID.)

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
R. Rubattino	4,580	A. Muzio	...15th Mar. 1912.
Sardegna	6,000	D. Maganzini	...15th Apr. 1912.
Capri	6,000	P. Figari	...20th Apr. 1912.
Sicilia	6,000	A. Muzio	...15th May 1912.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND FANS.

	1st Class	2nd Class	3rd Class
Single Ticket from	Rs. 490 to 550	Rs. 350	Rs. 165
Return Tickets available two years from	Rs. 699 to 825	Rs. 525	Rs. 247

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application.

Through Tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa, 1st Class, Rs. 740. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break journey at any port on route.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS

are issued to return either by the Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles or by the Austrian Lloyd from Trieste.

BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE, KOBE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on.
Ischia	5,000	G. Balsito	...14th Mar. 1912.
Polcevera	4,000	Lanasa	...16th Apr. 1912.

Through bills of lading for Mediterranean, Black Sea and American Ports issued.

SALOON Fares to COLOMBO, Rs. 75 ; to PENANG, Rs. 140; to SINGAPORE, Rs. 165 and to HONGKONG, Rs. 220.

Subject to alterations.

G. DEGROSSI,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle.

NOTICE.

THE FILE of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" may be seen at the Office of the MANAGER of "The Empire Ld.," at No. 12 A, Mission Row Calcutta, and the File of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of "The Bombay Gazette Ld."

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,645,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE.

38, Bishopsgate, London E. C.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES.

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak), F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (Sumatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Iloilo
Madras	Malacca	Hongkong
Rangoon	Kwala Lumpor F. M. S.	Canton
Colombo	Klang (F. M. States.)	Foochow
Karachi	Seremban (F. M. States.)	Shanghai
Amritsar	Bangkok	Tientsin
Delhi	Batavia	Hankow
Penang	Sourabaya	Yokohama
Puket	Saigon	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.		New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays 10 30 A.M. to 2 P.M.

POST BOX No. 34.

JOHN GREIG,
Agent,

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

THE EASTERN BANK LIMITED

HEAD OFFICE:
4, Crosby Square, LONDON, E. C.

CALCUTTA OFFICE:
103, Clive Street, Calcutta.

BOMBAY OFFICE:
Corner of Hornby Road and Church Gate Street.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,000,000
CALLED UP	£400,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£600,000

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Rt. Hon. LORD BALFOUR of Burleigh, K. T.
Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart. (Messrs. E. D. Sassoon and Co.)
EMILE FRANCQUI (Director of the Banque d'Outremer.)
JAMES LEIGH WOOD, Esq., C. M. G., (Messrs Brown, Shipley and Co.)
J. O. GEORGES BOULLAT, (Director of the Societe Generale de Paris).
J. S. HASKELL, Esq., (Messrs E. D. Sassoon and Co).

BOMBAY COMMITTEE

Sir JACOB E. SASSOON, Bart,
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.,
Sir DINSHAW M. PETIT, Bart.
MATHURADASS GOCULDAS, Esq.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received on terms to be ascertained on application.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE purchased, loans and credits granted on approved security and every description of Banking and Exchange business undertaken.

The purchase and sale of Government securities, stocks, and shares undertaken, and dividends thereon collected for constituents.

W. M. ANDERSON,
Manager

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS

ESTABLISHED 1758.

Registered under the Companies (Consolidated) Act 1908.

CAPITAL PAID UP	£400,000
RESERVE	£ 50,000

HEAD OFFICE —16 Charing Cross, London.

BRANCHES :—Bombay, Calcutta, Karachi, Rawal Pindi, Murree and Srinagar (Kashmir).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.

SAVINGS BANK ACCOUNTS opened, terms on application.

LETTERS of CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.

INSURANCES of every description effected.

SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT OF CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.

A copy of the half-yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE:

16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S. W.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	Yen. 48,000,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	" 30,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS	" 17,500,000

HEAD OFFICE:—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Fengtien (Mukden)
Bombay	Nagasaki
Calcutta	Newchwang
Changchun	New York
Dairen (Dalny)	Osaka
Hankow	Peking
Hongkong	Ryojun (Port Arthur)
Honolulu	San Francisco
Kobe	Shanghai
Liaoyang	Tieling
London	Tientsin
Lyons	Tokyo

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved customers, and interest is allowed at two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 upto Rs. 100,000, provided that the amount of half-yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year and shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

N. IGARASHI,
Manager

Post Box No. 307,
Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

BOMBAY RACES.

GOERZ TRIEDER BINOCULARS.

No. 20. Linear magnification 6 x. Surface magnification 36 x. Actual field of view 6·7. Subjective field of view 40° ... ... Price Rs. 110.

No. 40. The extreme magnifying power of this glass renders it useful for all occasions where a distinct image of objects at great distances is required. It is the best glass for use in the Army and Navy or at Races, but is not suitable for the Theatre. Linear magnification 12 x. Surface magnification 144 x. Actual field of view 3.4°. Subjective field of view 40° ... ... Price Rs. 144.

GOERZ PAGOR BINOCULARS.

The smallest Prism glass. A Telescope in Opera size. Army and Sporting models. Small, handy and convenient in form, the "Pagor" may be easily carried in the pocket. Definition sharp and clear. Focussed in the same manner as the ordinary Opera glass by the rotation of a small wheel. x 8 weight 10½ oz. x 10 weight 11 oz. ... ... Price Rs. 122·8. and Rs. 133.

GOERZ NEO-TRIEDER BINOCULAR.

These glasses give increased Stereoscopic effect. Enlarged field of view, great illumination of the pictures. Focussed by rack and wheel. Right ocular separately adjusted to allow for inequality of vision, x 8 diameters Field of view. Actual 6,4° with leather case and slings. Weight 18½ oz. ... ... Price Rs. 122-8.

GOERZ HELI-TRIEDER BINOCULAR.

The features of this glass are increased stereoscopic effect and illumination. Enlarged field of view. Focussed by rotation of the oculars. Damp proof, specially constructed for India. x 8 diameters. Field of view: Actual 6.4° with leather case and sling. ... ... Price Rs. 122-8.

MARCKS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

150° "SHELL"

"SHELL" BRAND CASE OIL.

150°

150° "SHELL"

It is no longer necessary to pay an extravagant price to obtain the best oil.

HAVE YOU TRIED

"SHELL"?

It is the finest American Case Oil.

OTHER 150° OIL COSTS Rs. 6 PER CASE.

REFINED and PACKED in AMERICA.

150° TEST

NO SMOKE and NO SMELL.

"SHELL" COSTS Rs. 5-4 PER CASE.

DON'T allow your Butler or Grocer to decide what Brand of oil you burn

SEE THAT YOU GET

"SHELL"

THE BEST OIL FOR THE BEST LAMPS.

"SHELL" 150°

"SHELL" 150°

IMPORTED BY

THE ASIATIC PETROLEUM CO., LD.,

GRAHAMS BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

B. O. C. KEROSINES { WATERLILY 150° F. / CHUKKER 125° F. / VICTORIA 125° F.

B. O. C. LUBRICATING OILS.

B. O. C. MOTOR OILS, A. & B.

MOTOR GREASES.

Specially Prepared for MOTOR-CARS, MOTOR CYCLES & BOATS.

BURMAH OIL COMPANY, LTD.

Agents :—SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.

GRIMAULT & Co.'s ENERGICAL SYRUP

THE BEST NERVINE TONIC FOR BRAIN AND BODY.

IT is prescribed in cases of Nervous Exhaustion, Neurasthenia, Anæmia, Chlorosis to shorten convalescence, loss of manhood, etc.

SOLE AGENTS :

V. C. DASTUR & CO.

PRINCESS STREET, BOMBAY.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

LARGEST IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN:—

Kerosene and Lubricating Oils.
Motor Spirit: Pratt's and Pegasus Brand.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

KEROSINE OIL BRANDS:—

Snowflake	150°	in cases.	These well-known Brands are imported and sold in cases only.
White Rose	150°	" "	
Chester	125°	" "	
Devoe's	125°	" "	
Monkey	125°	" "	

Elephant 125° in tins, and in bulk from yellow carts.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA FOR

ANTIMALARIC RANA

The incomparable specific against MALARIC FEVERS Prepared by the Chemist.

FRANCISCO RANA OF BARI IN ITALY.

CITRATE, (by A. BRIOSCHI & Co., of MILANO) an effervescent drink for the hot weather. Very pleasing to the taste. Every Family House should stock the CITRATE; and to travellers by Sea or Land is beneficial. Highly recommended.

THE ITALIAN STORES

C. COLONNELLO SON & Co.,
105, MEADOWS STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

G. & W. HELLER'S FINEST ASSORTMENT

OF

VIENNA CHOCOLATES

AS SUPPLIED TO THE

IMPERIAL AND ROYAL COURT OF AUSTRIA

in 1lb. boxes at Rs. 3-8

OBTAINABLE AT

MONGINI BROTHERS.

25-27-29, Church Gate Street, BOMBAY.

A CUP OF DELICIOUS COCOA IN 15 SECONDS

Everybody uses cocoa, and everybody knows that cocoa in the ordinary way is not quickly prepared. But you can now prepare a cup of this excellent food-beverage in 15 seconds or less by using ...

ELESKA

DRY MILK COCOA

In ¼lb and 1lb tins

NO EXTRA SUGAR OR MILK REQUIRED. ONLY BOILING WATER.

"ELESKA" contains the cocoa together with the proper amount of sugar and milk—all ready for instant use, in powdered form. The flavor is delicious and the quality excellent. "ELESKA" wins the praises of all at first taste.

TO BE OBTAINED FROM

DHUNJIBHOY COWASJEE OOMRIGHUR & Co., Princess Street.
COWASJI RUTTONJI & SON, No. 1, Inside Crawford Market, Bombay.
P. C. SHROFF & SONS, Grant Road.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA.

ALDRIDGE SALMON & CO., LTD.,
SIRDARS PALACE, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

NOTICE.

I, M. A. W. MISHARI, of Bombay, on behalf of the Arab Steamers Ltd., hereby give notice that in consequence of The Arab Steamers Ltd., being owners of the S. S. Tynesider, I have applied to the Board of Trade, under Section 47 of the Merchants Shipping Act, 1894, in respect of the Ship Tynesider of Bombay official number 95,240 of Gross Tonnage 1,378 tons, Register Tonnage 738 Tons, heretofore owned by the Arab Steamers Ltd., for permission TO CHANGE the name to FARIS and to have her registered in the new name at the port of Bombay as owned by the Arab Steamers Ltd. Any objections to the proposed change of name must be sent to the Registrar of shipping at Bombay within seven days from the appearance of this advertisement.—Dated at Bombay this eleventh day of March, 1912.

The Arab Steamers Ltd.
[M. A. W. MISHARI,
Managing Director.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that Rule 9 of the old Town Duty Rules which enjoined that in the case of goods liable to Town Duty and placed in bond Town Duty shall be levied at the time of removal of the goods from bond, has been pronounced ultra vires, and has accordingly been deleted from the New Rules, which as already notified come into force on the first Proximo and that under these New Rules Town Duty on such goods will be levied as in all other cases, viz., at the time of import.

P. R. CADELL,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

Municipal Offices,
Bombay, 11th March, 1912.

MUNICIPALITY OF BOMBAY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, upto 1 p. m., (B. T.) on MONDAY, the 25th day of March, 1912, for works in the construction of the roof of the New Engine House, at Love Grove.

2. Plans may be seen and Form of Contract, Specification, &c., and all other particulars obtained free of charge on application to the Deputy Executive Engineer, Drainage.

3. The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

By Order of the Municipal Commissioner,
JAMES W. MACKISON, B. Sc., A.M.I.C.E.,
Executive Engineer.
Municipality.

Executive Engineer's Office,
Bombay, 11th March, 1912.

THE BOMBAY BURMAH TRADING CORPORATION, LTD.

NOTICE is hereby given that the DIVIDENDS on certain shares in the Company declared between the 1st June, 1892 and the 31st May, 1908 remain unclaimed and that claims (if any) in respect of any such dividends should be submitted to the undersigned within six months from this date, accompanied by such evidence (if any) as may be available in support thereof. No claim received after the expiration of the said period will be entertained and any such dividends not so claimed as aforesaid will be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company under Article 105 of the Articles of Association of the Company.

A list of the shares with the amounts of the dividends and the names of the parties to whom the dividends are payable may be seen at the Office of the Company, No. 3 Wallace Street, Bombay, between the hours of 12 A.M. and 4 P. M. daily.

For The Bombay Burmah Trading Corp., Ltd.,
WALLACE & Co.,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Managers.

Bombay, 28th February 1912.

NOTICE.

WAGONS FOR THE NORTH WESTERN STATE RAILWAY.

SEALED TENDERS superscribed "Tenders for the construction of 455 Covered Goods Wagons for the North Western State Railway" are invited from firms in India to reach the office of the Secretary, Railway Board, Simla, not later than noon on MONDAY the 1st April, 1912 (at which place, time and date they will be opened) for the construction and delivery during 1912-13 of the said 455 four wheeled wagons, 5' 6" gauge, body 21' 0" long and 9' 6" wide inside.

2. Specifications and drawings can be obtained on payment of Rs. 100 per set from the Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North Western Railway, Moghulpura, Punjab, which amount will be returned on receipt of BONA-FIDE tenders, but not otherwise.

3. Tenders should specify place of delivery.

4. The Railway Board do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender or to assign reasons for non-acceptance.

R. C. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.

Calcutta, the March 1912.

SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY COMPANY, LIMITED.

SALE OF SCRAP METALS.

TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent, South Indian Railway Company, Limited, Trichinopoly, upto 4 P. M. on THURSDAY, the 18th April, 1912, for the purchase of Brass, Iron, Steel and Zinc Scrap, available at Negapatam and at the Depots at Madura, Trichinopoly and Vikravandi, etc.

2. Tenders should be superscribed "TENDER FOR SCRAP."

3. The articles, for which tenders have been accepted, must be paid for in full within FIFTEEN days, and removal effected within NINETY days, from the date of notification of the acceptance of a tender.

4. A detailed Tender form and Schedule (price rupees two), to which is attached a detailed Notice containing the terms and conditions, etc., of the sale, and any other particulars can be had on application to the SUPERINTENDENT OF STORES, South Indian Railway Company, Limited, Negapatam.

5. The Agent, South Indian Railway Company, Limited, will not consider any tender except on the Company's authorised form as aforesaid, and does not bind himself to accept the highest or any tender, nor to assign any reason for non-acceptance. He further reserves to himself the right to accept any tender in part.

CEMENT
PHAETON BRAND.
GUARANTEED BEST
English quality.
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.
BOMBAY.

SPECIAL OFFER.

COMMERCIAL ENVELOPES.—"Gazette Commercial" of the following sizes:—

4 inch by 4½ inch ...Rupee 1 per hundred
9¼ inch by 4½ inch ...Annas 4 per do. 4

If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 1 per 1,000.

6 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 2½ per thousand
If printed on flap Re. 4 per thousand.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

WANTED AT ONCE.

BOARD and RESIDENCE by ENGLISHMAN and WIFE with English Family in or near Wodehouse Road. Permanency if suitable. Terms Moderate. Apply to—

W. No. 167 "Gazette" Office, Bombay.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

NOTICE.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Bank will be CLOSED from the 12th to the 19th instant both dates inclusive.

By Order of the Board,
W. J. K. HEGARTY,
Acting Manager.

Bombay, 9th March, 1912.

NOTICE

IS hereby given that the next contract for the exclusive privilege of selling country liquor in the Deesa Cantonment for the year 1912-13 from 1st April 1912 to 31st March 1913 will be sold by PUBLIC AUCTION at the Office of the Collector of Abkari, Deesa at 12 noon on 15th March, 1912.

2. The conditions of sale and all other particulars may be learnt at the office of the undersigned.

J. F. PARKIN, Captain,
Cantonment Magistrate &
Collector of Abkari,
Deesa.

HOME FOR LITTLE GIRLS (bright and happy) Gentlemen's Children at Richmond House, Caterham, Surrey, lessons if desired, large house and garden, Ref. in India.

Miss PEARSON AND MELLE,
Cochard.

SALES BY AUCTION.

J. S. MODY AND COMPANY,
AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS,
24-26 Bank Street, Fort,

AUCTION SALE of very valuable Household Seasonwood Furniture, Cottage Piano etc.

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers are instructed to sell by Public Auction to-morrow, THURSDAY the 14th instant at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.), sharp in the Patit Building opposite the Oriental Buildings and next to Allice Buildings, on Horaby Road, Fort (where the whole furniture has been removed) the very valuable and new designed handsome seasonwood, teak and blackwood furniture made to order such as drawing, dining, bedroom and office furniture consisting of silk tapestry lined drawing-room, suites of sofas and chairs, Chesterfield sofas and chairs fancy mirrored and carved cabinets by Benjamin, Chippendale chairs, writing tables, dining table, dining room chairs dinner waggon, side board, screen, English mirror, zoondah almyrah, single and double door mirror wardrobe and hanging almyrahs, iron bedsteads with wire mattress, dressing, and wash-hand tables, large chival glass, office writing table bookcases and stands, hat and umbrella stands, card tables, rich carpets, oil paintings table and hanging lamps, Benjamin cabinets, sideboard by Robert's electric fan stands, Refrigerator electric fan, cottage piano, cane furniture, arm and easy chairs, law and Curzon chairs, guncase, sick chair, folding chair clocks, Tantalus liquor frame brass pots, brass lamps solid brass flower pot stands, Burmese figures plateware, crockery and glassware, cooking utensils, etc., etc., the property of Captain SIDNEY ANDREWS of P. and O. Company proceeding home and others.

The above furniture is made under the direct supervision of the owner and is worth a visit.

Catalogues are published and the furniture, is on view.

J. S. MODY & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Bombay, 13th March, 1912.

WORLD'S GREATEST PLEASURE
is to enjoy the advantages of a perfect health. Many young men often betake themselves to various vices, that break down the health, and very soon render them, fit for nothing but the sick-bed. Isn't it a sad thing?
ATANK NIGRAH PILL
is the only safe and reliable remedy for all diseases, resulting from youthful indulgence. It tones up the entire nervous System.
It imparts wonderful strength and vigour by increasing and purifying the blood and stopping wet dreams.
It is invaluable in weak digestion and constipation. In short it supplies everything what a man should have.
PRICE—Re. 1 for a box of 32 pills.
Write to day:—
VAIDYA SHASTRI,
MANISHANKER GOVINDJI,
Atank Nigrah Pharmacy,
Kalbadevi, Bombay.

NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY
in which is incorporated
NORWICH AND LONDON
ACCIDENT INSURANCE ASSOCIATION
HEAD OFFICE: ..... NORWICH.
CHIEF OFFICE FOR
INDIA .....GRAHAM'S BLGDS.,
BRANCH MANAGERS.....BOMBAY.
W. & A. GRAHAM & CO.
Policies granted covering all accidents and numerous specified fevers and diseases 10 per cent. Bonus after five years and many other valuable benefits.
£7 or Rs. 105 purchases a policy insuring £1,000 or Rs. 15,000 for accidental death with a weekly disablement allowance of £6 or Rs. 90.
In case of permanent disablement the policy provides a handsome Pension.
AGENTS WANTED.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.
MOVING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS
BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED. CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.
PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.
CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.
WILLIAM J. KEYMER & CO.,
68 FENCHURCH STREET, LONDON, E.C.

AMUSEMENTS.

VARIETY ENTERTAINMENT.

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

21st and 23rd March

Under the patronage of H. E. THE GOVERNOR FOR CHARITY.

PART I.

"The Open Door" Duologue by Alfred Sutro.
Mrs. Acworth and Capt. Davis.

PART II.
(By arrangement with Mr. BANDMANN.)

"Come to the Ball"..... Quaker Girl ..... Song & Chorus. Capt. DRUMMOND.

"Off we go"..... Gay Parisienne..... Concerted Piece. Mesdames PATERSON BROWN, DONALD, and WILSON and Messrs. BINNING, JACKSON and STUART.

"Echoes"..... Song and Chorus
Miss RUSSELL.

Dance ..... Mr. Croft.

Violin Solo ..... Mrs. Geo MacKenzie.

"Tell me pretty maiden..... Florodora ..... Concerted Piece. Mesdames. BINNING, BLUNT, PATERSON BROWN, LAING, WILSON, and Miss RUSSELL, Messrs. JACKSON, MURRAY, POLLARD, SIM, STANDAGE and STUART.

"Keep off the Grass ..... Tornador ..... Song and dance. Mrs. CROFT assisted by Mesdames. BLUNT, McBAIN, Mlle. ELLIOTT, and WARDEN.

"Bubble Land" ... Cherry Girl ..... Song and chorus. Mrs. BINNING.

Dance ..... Mazurka ..... Miss Palin.

"Little Blue Moon"..... Blue Moon ..... Song and chorus Mr. BLUNT.

"Dear delightful women" ..... Balkan Princess. Song and Dance. Mrs. BINNING and Mesdames. DONALD, LAING, McBAIN, WILSON, and Mlle. ELLIOTT and WARDEN.

"Kolcsai".....Girls of Gottenberg Song and chorus. Mrs. PATERSON BROWN.

Finale ..... Follow the man from Cook's ...

By kind permission, Orchestra from Band of the Royal Warwicks under Mr. C. Hartman.

Stalls Rs. 5, Dress Circle Rs. 4, 3 and 2. Boxes Rs. 40, 20, 15 and 10.

Plan and full particulars of voting for charity at Messrs. S. ROSE & Co.

CHAMBERS MUSIC CONCERT.

MARCH 20TH, 1912, 6 P.M.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION HALL,
Wodehouse Road, Fort.

ADMISSION Re. 1.

BOMBAY THIRTEENTH EXTRA MEETING.
THURSDAY, 21st MARCH, 1912.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES, at 6 P.M., on THURSDAY, 14th March, 1912.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Byculla, 7th March, 1912.

EXCELSIOR CINEMATOGRAPH.

TO-NIGHT,

Our great poem-picture ENOCH ARDEN, founded on Lord Tennyson's famous poem and a huge programme of novelties.

TIME AND PRICES AS USUAL.

NOW IN BOMBAY
The World's Most Famous
MODERN PROPHET,
Dr. CARL LOUIS PERIN,
The Palmist and Psychic of Kings, Emperors and Potentates,
The Foremost Mental Scientist and Reader of Human Destiny.
Hours every day from 10 to 12 and 2 to 5 or by Special Appointment.
TAJ MAHAL PALACE HOTEL
SUITE 451.
Notice: Telephone Messages cannot be answered.
Letters will only be answered by enclosing a stamped and Self-Addressed Envelope.

BOMBAY ART SOCIETY'S EXHIBITION.

TOWN HALL.

Daily 8-30 A.M. TO 8 P.M. (S.T.)

From 28TH FEBRUARY to 13TH MARCH, (including Sunday).

ADMISSION As. 4.

PAINTS
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS
The best quality of Paints and Oils manufactured by
MESSRS COLTHURST & HARDING,
of London & Bristol,
can be obtained from all Bazar Dealers.

DANN & CO.,
GENTS' SMART TAILORS.

NEW GOODS NOW ON VIEW.
MEN'S SMART TWEED AND FLANNEL
suits in a large variety of latest designs.
PRICES:—From Rs. 18 to 35.
GENTS' NAVY BLUE SERGE Suit fast Indigo Dye.
PRICES:—From Rs. 20 to 35.
DONEGAL TWEED SPORTING COATS.
PRICE:—Rs. 19 complete.
MEN'S WHITE FLANNEL AND SERGE TROUSERS.
PRICES:—From Rs. 6-8 to Rs. 12.
DANN & CO.,
HORNBY ROAD, BOMBAY,
Opposite Whiteaway's Buildings.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Only Advertisement for Clerks, Servants, &c., Goods for Sale or Wanted are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only). Not exceeding three lines, Re. 1. Each succeeding line, annas 8. Minimum charge Re. 1.

REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid

"CLARESQUE" PLATE POWDER—will make your Silver and Plated Table Ware, look their brightest. Annas 12 per tin, Rs. 8 per doz. Instructions for using on every box. We use it ourselves and have had every opportunity of watching its lasting effect for the good of Silver and Plate. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Jewellers, Bombay and Poona.

G. MEHTA & Co., Goldsmiths and Jewellers, Abdool Rehman Street, Corner Pydhowni, Baria Building. Telephone No. 1288.

FINEST VERY OLD SCOTCH WHISKY from DANIEL CRAWFORD, 81 Queen's Street, Glasgow. This rare old Whisky may be had from Messrs. JAMES FINLAY and Co., Limited, Bombay.

TO COMPOSITORS.—TWO COMPOSITORS wanted for first-class Jobbing Work, none but good steady men need apply. Permanency if suitable. Write stating age, salary required, enclosing samples of work and copies of testimonials to the MANAGER, "Gazette" Office, Green Street, Bombay.

MACHINE MINDER wanted for High-class Jobbing, one used to latest machinery and best work only need apply permanency to suitable men. Write stating salary required, enclosing testimonials to the MANAGER, "Gazette" Office, Green Street, Bombay.

TO COMPOSITORS—TWO ENGLISH COMPOSITORS wanted for first-class Jobbing Work, none but good steady men need apply. Permanency if suitable. Write stating age, salary required, enclosing samples of work, and copies of testimonials to the MANAGER "Gazette" Office, Green Street, Bombay.

BOOKS FOR SALE.—GARNETT'S "International Library of Famous Literature" 20 vols.; "Scribner" '80 to '92 five vols.; "Century" '84 and '85, 4 vols. Offers. Box 2693, care of this Office.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—A Selection of Box Leading Cases. By W. S. H. Re. 1. Apply No. 404 care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

MOTORISTS! Did you see our Aluminium Matting? If not, you should do so. Unlike rubber it is nonperishable and will keep tidy after years of service. The UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING Co., 14, Hummum Street, Fort.

SPECIAL OFFER.—Commercial Envelopes "Gazette Commercial," of the following sizes—9¼ inch by 4½ inch Rupee 1 per hundred 9¼ inch by 4½ inch, Annas 14 per hundred, (If printed on flap there will be an additional charge of Re. 3 per 1,000 6 13-16 inch by 3 3/8 inch, Re. 2½ per thousand If printed on flap, Re. 4 per thousand.

ROUNDABOUT BOMBAY. By James Douglas. Re. 5. Apply Box No. 408, care of Bombay Gazette Office.

EXCHANGE TABLES.—NEW EDITION, revised and enlarged. Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling. Advancing by 32nds from 1s. 3½d. to 1s. 4 3/32d. Also includes Tables of Per Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal—Values—Due Dates. Price Re. 3. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

TURKEY.—"Through Asiatic Turkey," Bombay to the Bosphorus. Two Volumes. By Grattan Geary. Rs. 10. Apply Box No. 4, 9, care of "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ELECTRICAL PRINTING.—The "Bombay Gazette" Office is located at No. 2 GREEN STREET, behind the Bank of Bombay, where a complete Electric Installation supplies the Motive Power for the working of the Machinery, thus economising labour and facilitating work. The Management is therefore able to offer Constituents expedition and economy in rates. Quotation given for all sorts of Printing Work Binding Stationery etc.

"THE EMPIRE."—The file of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" is available to enquirers at the office of "THE EMPIRE," LIMITED, No. 12 A, Mission Row, Calcutta, and the file of "THE EMPIRE" may be seen at the Office of the "Bombay Gazette, Limited, 2 Green Street, Fort, behind the Bank of Bombay.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.—By Grattan Geary. Rs 5. Apply "Bombay Gazette" Office.

REPORTS, Petition, Memorial, Business, Announcement, Bill Forms, Books, Pamphlets, &c., &c., printed with neatness and promptitude at reasonable rates. Special Terms for large contracts. Apply to the Manager, The Bombay Gazette Electric Press.

OLD ISSUES of the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," when available, are supplied at the following special Prices:—If of a date over one and within 3 months, 3 annas a copy; over three months old and within 12 months, one rupee per copy; over 12 months old, and additional rupee for each year; and whenever a search is necessary, an additional fee of Rs. 2 must be paid in advance.

THE NEW "REVLUC" PINCE NEZ.
DURING the hot steamy Weather, when your Glasses persist in falling of your nose a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense will be found a great boon.
They are self-adjusting.
There is nothing to break.
They are always Horizontal.
They are the acme of comfort and very strong.
No slipping off the Nose.
Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel, Rs. 3-8, Gold, Rs. 35.
MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

TO PARENTS.

COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention. Best Schools near. Terms Moderate, Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd, Bombay, and Mr. B. KENNEDY, 25, Marine Lines Bombay.

SELF CURE NO FICTION!
NO SUFFERER NEED NOW DESPAIR.
TRY JEW FRENCH REMEDY.
THERAPION No. 1
in a remarkably short time, often a few days only. Cures discharges (either sex) superseding injections
THERAPION No. 2
Cures blood poison, bad legs, ulcers, sores, painful swelled joints, &c., when mercurial treatment fails.
THERAPION No. 3
Cures chronic weakness, lost vigor and vital force. Either Number Therapion & all self treatment directions enclosed, of chemists or post free 3/- from The La Clerc Medicine Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng. Try New Dragee (Tasteless) Form of Therapion, easy to take, safe, lasting cure. Trade Marked word "THERAPION" is on British Govt. Stamp affixed to every genuine packet.
THERAPION
CURES TO STAY CURED.
SOLD BY TREACHER & Co.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs. 30 in advance, post free.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT & COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY, at Parel Road, Chinchpogly.

Under instructions from Mr. Sooleman Cassam Haji Mitha, the mortgagee of the undermentioned properties, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, on the date and at the time given below the following property:—

THIS DAY, WEDNESDAY, the 13th instant, at 4-30 p. m. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece or parcel of land on ground situate on the east side of Parel Road, Chinchpooglee, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, together with the two bungalows or buildings, stables, kitchens, standing thereon, and which said piece of land containing by admeasurement 2320 square yards or thereabouts, be the same, little more or less and is Registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 606, New Survey No. 1-3619, by the Municipality under Ward E. No. 7484 (2) and (3), and Street Nos. 91 A and B, and is bounded on or towards the east by the property of Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, on or towards the west by the Parel Road aforesaid, on or towards the north by the property belonging to the late Sir Tharia Topan and now of Shiwram Gopal Vaidya, and on or towards the south, formerly by the property belonging to the late Sir Tharia Topan and now of Dharamseybhoy Jewraj and Allarakhia Jewraj, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the tenants of the said Lady Janbai.

For full particulars and conditions of sale apply to the mortgagee's Solicitors, Messrs. Little and Co., Old Secretariat, Apollo Street, Fort, or to the Undersigned.

AUCTION SALE of Cotton slightly damaged by Water only.

TO-MORROW, THURSDAY, the 14th instant, at 3-30 p. m. (S.T.) Messrs BENNETT, & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at 1st Pasta Lane, Colaba, on account of the concerned—

About 2500 full pressed bales of Bengal, Oomravati, Akola, Purbhani, Broach, Jalna, Ujjain, Muttra, Kassur and other cotton.

The above will be sold in small lots to suit the requirements of purchasers.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

AUCTION SALE OF COTTON.

On FRIDAY, the 15th instant at 4 p. m. (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Victoria Bunder, near Sassoon's Dock, Colaba, on account of the concerned—

About 1,000 full pressed bales Omravaty, Bengal, Akola, Broach and Khandesh cotton, slightly damaged by fire and water.

Also 2 large heaps of loose cotton.

The above will be sold in small lots to suit the requirements of purchasers.

A deposit of 50 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

On SATURDAY, the 16th instant, at 3-30 p.m., (S.T.), Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

At 2 p.m. (S.T.)

1 handsome strong rubber-tyred victoria, in good order.

1 second hand rubber-tyred palanquin office shigram, in good order.

1 second hand glass fronted miniature office brougham, in good order.

1 grey Arab horse, aged, quiet in harness.

1 bay pony, quiet in harness and saddle.

SALE OF THE RIGHTS OF CULTIVATING LANDS, CUTTING GRASS, CATCHING FISH, COLLECTING MANGO CROP, CHIKOO CROP COCOANUTS, etc.

By order of Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay, Messrs. BENNETT and Co., will sell by Public Auction, at the Tardeo Flat Chowki, on FRIDAY, the 22nd instant, at 8-30 a. m., (S. T.) the several rights mentioned hereunder:—

(7) Rights of cutting grass (4 rights for the period of one year and 3 for 5 months) from the Old Sonapur ground at Worlee, Agripada Drain, Curry Road, Arthur Road Health Camp, Main Drain between Arthur Road and Clerk Road, Old Hindu Cemetery to north of Clerk Road and from Old Mogul Cemetery on the south of Clerk Road.

(1) Right of catching fish from water channel on Municipal ground at Cooria, for one year.

(1) Right of drawing toddy from the date dress standing on the burial ground at Hains Road for one year.

(2) Rights of cultivating cocoanuts from the Churniwady Cemetery at Mahim Bazaar Road, and from Worlee New Cemetery for one year.

(10) Rights of cultivating grounds for one year at as many different places such as Coorla, Sion, Mahim and Worlee reclamation grounds, ground at Arthur Road, with right to take water from tank as well as pieces of land at Sewri, Delisle Road adjoining the Sheep Market, and 3 different plots at Tardeo.

For details and conditions of sales of the above rights apply at the Municipal Commissioner's Office, Fort, or to the Deputy Health Officer G. Ward in his office near the G. I. P. Railway, Parel Station, or to the Undersigned.

The Municipal Commissioner does not bind himself to accept the higher or any offer.

On FRIDAY, the 29th inst., at 3-30 p.m., (S. T.) Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Wodehouse Road, Colaba, Rafaiya Manzil, near the Majestic Hotel very valuable and handsome teak and blackwood household furniture, rich glass crockery and platedware, dining table, arm and without arm chairs, large sideboard and dumbwaiters, table, hall, and hanging lamps, drawing-room suite of sofas and chairs, fancy cabinets, Parian, and terracotta figures fancy, vases, old Chinaware, wall and table clocks, writing tables, one sweet-tone cottage piano, large jardineer, bentwood chairs, pictures single and double bedsteads, mirror door almyrahs dressing and wash-hand tables clothes and gown presses, iron safe verandah benches, meat safe utensils, &c., &c., the property of R. D. Bell, I. C. S. and others.

Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 13th March, 1912.

CANVAS
DAVID CORSAR & SONS
BEST FLAX CANVAS
For full particulars apply:—
SHALABHOY TYEBJI & SONS,
BANK STREET, FORT,
BOMBAY.

ALWAYS ASK FOR
ZIG-ZAG
BEST CIGARETTE PAPER

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital.....$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund.....$ 16,750,000
Gold Reserve Fund.....£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	IPOH	PENANG
BANGKOK	JOHORE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KOBE	SAIGON
BOMBAY	KUALA LUMPUR	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LONDON	SHANGHAI
CANTON	LYONS	Do HONGKEW
COLOMBO	MALACCA	SINGAPORE
FOOCHOW	MANILA	SOURABAYA
HAMBURG	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HANKOW	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HONGKONG	PEKING	ZURICH

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months at a term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent

Carlton House, Outram Road, Bombay.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

Capital Paid up..... Gold $ 3,250,000,00
Reserve Fund..... „ „ 3,250,000,00
Undivided Profits..... „ „ 316,083,58

LONDON OFFICE: 26, Bishopsgate, E.C.—

BRANCHES:

Bombay.	Cebu.	San Francisco.
Calcutta.	Shanghai.	Mexico.
Singapore.	Hankow.	Panama.
Hongkong.	Peking.	Colon.
Canton.	Yokohama.	Empire.
Manila.	Kobe.	

THE CORPORATION sells drafts and Cable Transfers on the principal cities of Europe, America, Australia, China and Japan, buys Bills of Exchange, issues Letters of Credit; and carries on every description of Banking and Exchange business.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS opened, on which interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum, on Daily Balances, from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000.

FIXED DEPOSITS received for 12 months and for shorter periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

TRAVELLERS CHEQUES SUPPLIED.

H. A. W. BRENT,
Ag. Manager.

BOMBAY OFFICE,
42-43, Church Gate Street.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:

"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES:

Ahmedabad, Baroda, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad (Sind), Junagadh, Karachi, Mandvi (Bombay), Rajkot, Sukkur and Surat.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL

Rs. 50,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be showed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL .....£ 1,500,000
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL .....£ 1,125,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL .....£ 562,500
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS .....£ 562,500
RESERVE FUNDS .....£ 325,000

HEAD OFFICE:

40, Threadneedle Street, London, E. C.

LONDON BANKERS

The Bank of England,
The London Joint Stock Bank.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:

BOMBAY, KARACHI, CALCUTTA, Sub-Branch, HOWRAH (Calcutta), RANGOON, MADRAS, COLOMBO, KANDY, GALLE, SINGAPORE, KUALA LUMPUR, KOTA BAHRU (Kelantan), PENANG, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts payable at its Head Office and Branches, and issues Letters of Credit for the use of Travellers.

The Bank receives Deposits on the following terms:—

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent. on the daily balance if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. Sums over Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms to be ascertained on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed deposits for 12 months and shorter period to be ascertained on application.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares, and receives same for safe custody realising interest and dividends when due.

A. SCOTT SMITH,
Manager.

Esplanade Road, Bombay.

ALLIANCE BANK OF SIMLA, LD.

CAPITAL (Paid up).....Rs. 20,00,000
RESERVE FUND (in Government Paper).....Rs. 28,50,000

HEAD OFFICE: SIMLA.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta, Bombay, Agra, Ajmere, Cawnpore, Darjeeling, Lahore, Mussoorie, Murree, Rawalpindi, and Umballa.

CORRESPONDENTS

London, Edinburgh, Dublin, and in all the principal towns throughout India.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 500 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS received and interest allowed at rates which can be ascertained on application.

SAVINGS BANK.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Rules on application.

BANKING BUSINESS of Every Description transacted RULES OF BUSINESS and full information obtainable upon application.

W. A. M. LATTEY,
Agent.

Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort

WANTED.

TO BE LET.

A LARGE airy and up-to-date OFFICE, on the 1st floor of Wheeler's Building, Hornby Road, with or without basement accommodation. Lift E. L. and Fans. Apply—

A. H. WHEELER AND CO.,
on premises.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, Ltd.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.... £ 2,000,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 1,000,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 850,000

HEAD OFFICE:
26, BISHOPSGATE, LONDON E. C.

BRANCHES:

Calcutta,	Cochin,	Zanzibar,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Mombassa
Madras,	Rangoon,	Nairobi,
Karachi,	Mandalay,	Nakuru,
Lahore,	Colombo,	Kisumu,
Amritsar,	Kandy,	Jinja,
Delhi,	Newara-Eliya,	Kampala.
Cawnpore,	Aden (Camp.)	Entebbe.
Tuticorin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)	

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receives same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141 W. J. K. HEGARTY,
BOMBAY Acting Manager

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, MARCH 11.] [BOMBAY, MARCH 12.

FINANCIAL.

	Rates.	Pkgs.	Minns.
2½ per cent. Consols ...	77 13-16		3-16
do. Rentes ...	94 3-4		unchgd
3½ do. Sterling Loan ...	93 3-4		unchgd
4½ do. Gov. Securities...	64 3-8		unchgd
Bar Silver in London ...	26 15-16	1-8	
do. 3 months' hence...	26 13-16	1-8	
Bar silver in New York ...	58 1-2	1-4	
Exchange on London at Paris ...	25·25	01	
do. do. at Berlin...	20·48		01
do. do. New York...	4·89 1-4		unchgd
Discount Bank of England Rate...	3 1-2 p.c.	since	
do. Short London Bills	3 Feb.		
3 months' sight...	3 9-16	1-16	
do. Indian Bank Bills			
6 months' sight...	3 1-4		unchgd
do. 3 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 7-8		unchgd
do. 6 months' Fine Trade Bills...	3 7-8		1-8
Interest day-to-day Loans ...	3 1-8		unchgd
do. 7 day Market Loans...	3 1-4		unchgd

Bar Gold per oz. ... 77·9 unchgd

Exchange on India 30 days' sight (Bank buying rate) 1 3 15-16 unchgd.

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £250,000.

Closing Tone of Silver—Rise caused by India and China buying.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL—

Spot	...Easier—Fair demand.
Futures	... Firm
Manchester	Firm but not active
Total Sales	... 8,000 bales.
Sold on Speculation and for Export...	500 ,,
Imports	... 17,000 ,,
Mid-Americans	... 6·02—04
Egyptian F. G. F. Brown	... 9 unchgd.

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Mar.-Apr.	April-May	May-June	June-July	July-Aug.
5·88 +·07	5·88 +·07	5·88 +·06	5·88 +·06	5·87 +·06
Aug.-Sept.	**Sept.-Oct.**	**Oct.-Nov.**	**Nov.-Dec.**	
5·83 +·05	5·80 +·05	5·78 +·04	5·77 +·05	

New York official noon call May 10.59; July 10·69. New Orleans 10 a.m. May 10·84; July 10·93.

NEW YORK—

	Bales.
Two Days Receipts at all U. S. Ports	... 33,000
,, Receipts at U. S. last year	... 7,000
,, Exports to Great Britain	... 43,000
,, Exports to Continent	... 39,000
Spot Cotton—	... 10·8a+20
Futures—Month of May 10·53+10	Advanced on unfavorable weather reports and declined later partially under realising.
Futures—Month of July 10·64+09	

NEW ORLEANS—

Spot Cotton	...10 11-16 +1-8
Futures—Month of May	... 10·81+14
do July	... 10·89+14
Tone of Spot Cotton	... Steady.

WHEAT.

Wheat White Delhi ...	... Nominal
Do. Months—	
Do. Name of Ports—	
Wheat White Karachi ...	37 1-2 +1-4
Do. Months—May-June.	
Do. Name of Ports—London—Sellers.	
Wheat Red Karachi ...	... Nominal
Do Months—	
Tone—Firm.	
Wheat afloat for U. K.	...3,450,000

SOUTH AMERICAN.

Rosario Santa Fe-Spot ...	...38 1-2
Do. Month—March—Sellers—Firmer.	
Barletta Russo 82 1-2lbs ...	... No sellers.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN.

South Australian ...	37 3-4
Do Month ...	... Feb.—Sellers.

SEEDS.

RAPESEED—

Yellow Cawapore per 416 lbs 85 p.c ex-ship.	...47 3-4—1-4
Do. Months—	...June-July
Do. Name of Ports—Dunkirk—Done.	
Yellow Gujarat, per 416 lbs. 85 p. c. ex-ship	... Nominal.
Do. Months—	... .
Do. Name of Ports.—	.....
Brown Cawapore	...43 1-4 unchgd.
Do. Months—Mar.-Apr.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Sellers.	
LINSEED—	
Bombay, per 416 lbs ex-ship	...53 1-2—1-4
Do. Month—Mar.-May.	
Do. Name of Ports.—Antwerp—Sellers.	
Tone—Quiet.	
Linseed Argentine—La Plata	...57 1-2 +1-4
Do. Months—Mar.-Apr.	
Do. Name of Ports—Antwerp—Done	

BOMBAY COTTONSEED.—

£ 6-13-5 unchgd—Mar.-Apr.—Hull—Value.—Firm.

MISCELLANEOUS.

JOFFEE—		
In New York 7 quality).	Fair Rio	(No. — 14 3-8 unchgd
RUBBER—		
Para Rubber		...4 10+1-2
		Mar.-Apr.—Done.—Quiet.
METALS—		
Copper Braziers	...	£ 76
Yellow Metal	...	d 6 9-16
Standard Copper G M B	...	£ 64 1-2

WOOL AUCTION.

Wooll Auction opened to-day. Firm—Good business done—Offered 39,000.

Vicanere 1st white unquoted.

,, ,, ordinary white highest 9 1-2d.

,, ,, ,, lowest 8d.

Candahar first white unquoted.

,, ,, ordinary white highest 9d.

,, ,, ,, lowest 7 1-2d.

Bicanere white highest 8 1-2d.

,, ,, ,, lowest 7d.

SUGAR—

German Granulated Sugar C & F India (Double bags) ...	19 6 unchgd
Do. Months of Shipment...	May-Aug.—Sellers
Tone—Steady. Very little doing.	
Hungarian Crystals Sugar C & F India ...	... Nominal.
Do Months of Shipments ...	.....
German Beet-root 88 p.c. ...	15 9 1-4—1-2d.
Months of Shipments ...	May.—Sellers.
Tone—Opened firmer. Closed Easier.	
B A & B Similar Crystal C & F India ...	...20 11 1-4+1 1-2d.
Months of Shipments ...	...Apr.-Aug.—Sellers.
Tone—Firm but nothing doing.	
Mauritius Crystals C & F Calcutta and Bombay ...	17 unchgd
Month of Shipments ...	March. Value
Tone—Firm.	

JAVA SUGAR.

Raw Java Nos 16×18 C and F Calcutta	15 3—June—Value
Do.	15 6—May—Value
Do.	12 3—Sept.—Value
Raw Java C and F Bombay and Karachi	15 4 1-2—June—Value
Do.	15 7 1-2—May.—Value
Do.	12[4 1-2—Sept.—Value
Fine White Java C & F Calcutta	16—June—Value.
Do.	16 9—May—Value
Do.	13 6—Sept.—Value
Fine White Java C and F Bombay and Karachi	16 1 1-2—June—Value
Do.	16 10 1-2—May—Value
Do.	13 7 1-2—Sept.—Value.

Tone—Prices firm.

BOMBAY MARKETS.

TUESDAY EVENING.] [12TH MARCH 1912.

IMPORTS OF TREASURE.

Packages.	Value.	From	Importers
5 Bundles Rs.	Rs. 14,680	Muscat	Mercantile Bank

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 9th & 10th Mar., 1912.

By	Bars	Ounces
G I P Railway	31	34,591
B B and C I Railway ...	69	80,105

FINANCIAL.

EXCHANGE:—

The market opened steady and unchanged at 1s. 4 3-32d. T.T., 1s. 4 1-8d. Demand, and 1s. 4 5-16d. for 3 months' sight credits. These has been little enquiry for Bank remittance and private bills remain scarce. Far Eastern rates are steady.

We quote :—

T. T. on London	...1s. 4 3-32d.
Demand Draft	...1s. 4 1-8d.
Credits 3 months' sight	...1s. 4 5-16d.
Do. do forward	...1s. 4 1-4 18th May
Do. do France	...171 3-4
Do. do Marks	...139 3-4
Hongkong 60 days' sight	...140
Shanghai ,,	...194 1-4
Japan ,,	...149 3-4

GOVERNMENT PAPER :—

The market opened steady and unchanged at 95 7-8 for Cash and the Settlement and has remained in this position during the day. We quote at the close as under.

We quote :—

Cash ...	... Rs. 95 14 0 to 95 15 0
Settlement ...	... ,, 95 14 0 to 95 15 0

BULLION:—

Yesterday Bar Silver in London closed 1-8 higher for ready at 26 15-16 and 1-8 higher for forward at 26 13-16. New York was 1-4 up at 58 1-2. The local market is irregular and quotations are as under. Bar Gold is steady.

We quote :—

English Bar Gold ...	...	Rs 24 0 0
Australian ,, ...	...	,, 24 0 0
Sovereigns ,, ...	...	,, 15 0 0
Silver Ready ex duty	...	,, 68 3 0
,, 1st Settlement	...	,, 68 8 0
,, 2nd ,,	...	,, 63 2 0

COTTON.

MARKET REPORT:—

Fluctuations on weather reports from America continue, and the decline of Saturday in New York was recovered owing to rain having fallen on Sunday and to predictions of further rainfall. The local market also recovered yesterday decline and good Broach opened at Rs. 268-9. Little business was done during the morning and the market was quiet but steady. At Colaba there was rather more enquiry for good Broach and the rate closed at Rs. 270. For Khamgaon-Akola March there are buyers at the close at Rs. 271, but sellers ask a rupee higher. The closing tone generally is steadier.

The demand for ready cotton has been moderate, but prices are keeping fairly steady, especially for the best lots.

QUOTATIONS :—

Fine M. G. Broach ...	... Rs.	275 March
Good M G Broach ...	... ,,	270 ,,
Fine M G Wardha Hinganghat ...	,,	282 ,,
Fine M G Nagpur ...	... ,,	279-80 ,,
Fine M G Dhamangaon ...	,,	275-6 ,,
Fine M G Khamgaon-Akola...	,,	271-2 ,,
Fine M G Khandesh ...	,,	261-2 ,,
F. G. M. G. Khandesh ...	,,	252-3 ,,
Fine M G Bengal ...	,,	258-9 ,,
F. G. H. G. Bengal ...	,,	240-1 ,,
Good H. G. Westerns ...	,,	274 Apr.-May.
Good M. G. Westerns ...	,,	277 ,,

LIVERPOOL OPENER :—

Opening Tone	...	Dull.
Estimated Sales	...	8,000 bales
Total Imports	...	30,000 ,,

FUTURE DELIVERY PRICES :—

Mar.-April.	Apl-May.	May-June
5·88 unchgd	5·88 unchgd	5·83 unchgd
June-July.	July.-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.
5·83 unchgd	5·88 +01	5·84 +01
Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·81 +01	5·79 +01	5·78 +01

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

LINSEED :—

The market is fairly steady.

We quote :—

Ready	... Rs.	11 5 6 B.T.
April.-May	... ,,	11 8 6 B.T.

RAPESEED :—

The market is steady. We Quote :—

Brown Delhi A.-M.	... Rs.	7 10 3 B.T.
Yellow Cawapore	... ,,	8 2 0 B.T.

GINGELLYSEED :—

Tone—Steady.

We quote :—

Bold White 85 p.c.	... Rs.	55 8 0
Mughi	... ,,	54 0 0
Red Jubbulpore	... ,,	52 0 0
Black Kutni	... ,,	45 8 0
Yellow Hinganghat	... ,,	50 8 0

POPPYSEED :—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Ap.-May	... ...	Rs. 11 3 0 B. T.

CASTORSEED :—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Ready	... Rs.	35 0 0
Forward	... ,,	7 2 0 B.T.

COTTONSEED :—

Tone—Steady. We quote :—

Ready. ...	...Rs. 25 8 0

GROUNDNUTS —

Tone—Quiet. We quote :—

Bold...	... Rs.	43 0 0
Small	... ,,	41 8 0

WHEAT :—

The market steadier. We quote :—

White Pissi ready 85 p.c.	Rs.	5 5 0 B. T.
,, Delhi A.-M.	... ,,	5 4 0 ,,

SHARES.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay ...	...	...	1,782 1-2
Bank of India	...	...	64 3-4
Eastern Bank	...	...	32
Indian Specie	...	...	60 1-2

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay B. S. & T. C. Ordinary ...	149
Bombay B. S. & T. C. Preference...	176
Bombay S N Co Ordy ...	273 1-2
Bombay Telephone Co. ...	59 1-2
Saivrajpur Mining Syndicate ...	17 0 D

RAILWAY.

Tapti-Valley	525

A big lot of Central Provinces Railway has changed hands at 37 1-2.

TWO DAYS' RECEIPTS.

The following are the receipts of produce into Bombay, during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m., yesterday :—

Cotton ...	... ...	15,315 bales
Wheat ...	... ...	16,276 cwts.
Linseed ...	... ...	10,339 ,,
Rapeseed ...	... ...	1,967 ,,
Gingellyseed ...	... ...	1,906 ,,
Poppyseed ...	... ...	93 ,,
Groundnuts...	... ...	3,394 ,,
Castorseed ...	... ...	12,465 ,,
Rice ...	... ...	32,089 ,,
Myrabollams ...	... ...	3,152 ,,
Cottonseed ...	... ...	31,300 ,,
Mowrseed ...	... ...	16 ,,
Gram ...	... ...	12,242 ,,
Joowar ...	... ...	3,176 ,,
Maize ...	... ...	3,524 ,,

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender, Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and Sas. for every additional line. CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

INDIA.

BIRTHS.

GRANT—February 27, at Simla, the wife of Captain G P Grant, 106th Hazara Pioneers, of a daughter.

MACKENZIE—February 26, at No 1 Queen's Parl, Ballygunge, the wife of Jas Mackenzie, of a son.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council, Secretariat, 12 noon.

Treat to children of All Saint's Home, on board H. M. S. "Highflyer."

Maidania, 6-30 p.m. to 12 midnight.

Art Exhibition, Town Hall, 8-30 a.m. to 8 p.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph, Novelty Theatre. Three shows nightly, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30, 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim : "Too eager a seller makes a bad market." John Oxenham.

ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVALS.

The P. and O. Co.'s steamer "Himalaya." with the English mails of 1st March left Aden at 10 p.m., on Sunday, and is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a. m. on Friday.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co's. mail steamer "Salsette" leaves Bombay harbour at 2-39 p.m. on Saturday.

RADIO MESSAGES.—The local telegraph office notifies that the transport "Plassey" is expected to leave Bombay about noon to-day the 13th inst. Radio telegrams will be accepted up to 8 hours of the 14th.

STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD, "MOTIWALLA PRIZE."—The above prize of the value of Rs. 125, offered by the Students' Brotherhood for the best essay in "The Theory and Practice of Social Service in India" has been awarded to Mr. Kanayalal M. Munshi, B. A., LL.B., of Bombay.

BAND AT THE ESPLANADE.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. W. C. Walton and Officers, the Band of the 104th Rifles, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. W. S. Walcott, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p.m., to-day :—

March	Under the Austrian Eagle ..... Wagner
Overture	Si j'etais roi ..... Adam
Selection	Our Miss Gibs ..... Caryll
Valse	Sweet Briar ..... Lowthenn
Serenade	La Manola ..... Kleaberg
Intermezzo	Moonlight ..... Beggethe
Valse	The Hunt Ball ..... Rowden
Reminiscence of the Plantation	Chambers
Cake Walk	Coon Band Contest ..... Pryor

BAND AT THE BOMBAY GYMKHANA.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Col. T. W. Bonner, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battn., G. I. P. Ry. Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 6 p.m., to-day :—

March	Territorial ..... Blankenburg
Ouverture	Marcia ed Aria ..... Il Pirata ..... Bellini
a Two Step	Great Snakes ..... Reeves
b Bolero	Petit ..... Ravina
Grand Fantasia.	Erin ..... Basquit
Valse	Les Reines des Coeurs ... Waldteufel
Selection	The Baikan Princess ... Rubens
Polka (Cornet Duett)	The Friendly Rivals ... Godfrey

LORD REAY LECTURES.—The first lecture of a series of two lectures in connection with the Lord Reay Lectureship was delivered last evening, by Dr. Constancio Coutino, B. Sc., B. Ily., L. M. and S. in the new Theatre of the Grant Medical College-Major L. T. R. Hutchinson I. M. S., presiding. There was a very appreciative audience of the medical profession and the general public. The lecture was on "The Chemistry of Blood in Health and Disease." The lecturer in introducing the subject, emphasised the important role which chemistry played in the development of modern medicine and the fundamental importance of the chemical examination of the blood under physiological and pathological conditions. He explained then the principles underlying the estimation of the Reaction of the Blood and the various methods advocated during recent years for the determination of the same. The Flocculent Precipitate Reaction method was then dwelt upon and a practical demonstration of the same was given together with the results on some of the patients in the J. J. Hospital. The second part of the lecture covered the subject of Eugymes and the particular determination of the catalytic action of the blood together with the results which the lecturer obtained with the above method in a series of patients he had examined at the Professor Gajjar's Laboratory and J. J. Hospital Laboratory.

GUJERAT FAMINE RELIEF FUND.

Subscriptions at Ahmedabad.

Sum previously acknowledged Rs. 25,488-7-1; His Excellency Sir George Sydenham Clarke, Governor of Bombay, 500; D. Procter, Esqr., Assistant Collector of Excise, Ahmedabad, 15; Mr. Bamanji, Ardeser Dalal, Ahmedabad, 201; Head Masteri Proprietory High School staff and students, Ahmedabad, Rs. 152-12-3; Part proceeds of the dramatic performance given by Mr. Muljibhai Asharam for the benefit of the fund through Dr. Joseph Beujamin, Ahmedabad, Rs. 3-12; Ahmedabad Municipal School No. 1, staff and students, Ahmedabad, Rs. 27-3-6; Mr. Harilal Ranchoddas, Supervisor Municipal schools, Ahmedabad, Rs. 5; Ahmedabad Municipal School No. 24, staff and students Ahmedabad, Rs. 5-0-4; Ahmedabad Municipal School No. 23, staff and students, Ahmedabad, Rs. 5-9-3; Mr. Narotamdas Bapalal, Ahmedabad, Rs. 501; Mr. Motilal Bhaichand Ahmedabad, Rs. 10; Dr. Balvantrai N. Kanuga Ahmedabad, Rs. 101; Paisa fund collected by Dr. Miss Dhanbai Wadia and Dr. Chunilal T. Behrawalla of Ahmedabad, Rs. 546; Ahmedabad Municipal School No. 13, staff and students, Ahmedabad, Rs. 20-9-6; Mr. Bhogilal Chotalal, Ahmedabad, Rs. 101; Ahmedabad Municipal School No. 26, staff and students, Ahmedabad, Rs. 10-4, Mr. Dadabhai Dinshah Karaka Ahmedabad (Rs. 15 for cattle relief and Rs. 15 for human relief) Rs. 30; Mr. Edulji Rustamji Fanibanda, Ahmedabad (through the Collector) Rs. 100, Mr. Jaishanghbai Sakulchsnd, Ahmedabad Rs. 41, Sums collected by Mr. Jivanlal P. Lkahia : Messrs. C. N. Devaji and Co. Rs. 7 Kalapur, Shet Ramdas Devaji Rs. 21. Mr. Gordandas D. Rs. 10, Mr. Mohanlal Rs. 5, Mr. Broker Rs. 5; Mr. Behramshah Sorabji Lalkuka, Ahmedabad, Rs. 25, The Rev. Mr. W. G. Robertson and students of Gujarat college, Ahmedabad, Rs. 300, Mr. Barjorji Manekji Dharwar (through collector) 100, Mr. Rambhai Parsotam of Sanasan T. Pratij Rs. 2, Vadilal Tarachand Esquire, Ahmedabad, 51, Ahmedabad Municipal School No. 3, staff and students, Ahmedabad, Rs. 13-11-3, Mr. Maganlal N. Chokasi Broach 21, Ahmedabad Municipal School No. 2, staff and students Ahmedabad 17 0-9, Mr. Hormasji Manekji, Ahmedabad (instalment for March) Rs. 25, C. H. Brestow, Esquire, I.C.S., Ahmedabad, Rs. 28; Paisa fund collected by Dr. Miss Dhanbai Wadia, from Ahmedabad and out stations, Rs. 992, Paisa fund collected through Dr. Miss Dhanbai Wadia and Dr. Chunilal T. Behrawalla Ahmedabad Rs. 55-8, Mr. Nasurvanji Harmasji Bharuch of Dharwar (through the Collector of Ahmedabad, Rs. 25; Mr. Dorabji Manekji Panneliwala Rs. 25; Mr. Bhekaji Burjorji Baria Rs. 25; on the anniversary of the late Mr. Sorabji Dinshaji Karaka, given by his sister, through Mr. Maneksha Dinshahji Kevraka Rs. 7; Total Rs. 29,619-14-8.

BOMBAY HIGH COURT.

LOSSES IN PEARL BUSINESS.

Disingenous Allegations against Parties.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, Mr. Justice Macleod heard the suit brought by Gulabchand Manalal and Company against Jeewanchand Lallobhai and Company and others for an account in the partnership dealings, for certain orders against the first two defendants with regard to a pearl business and to recover for the partnership two sums of Rs. 13,180 and Rs. 51,000 and for various other reliefs.

Mr. Talyarkhan and Mr. Bahadurji, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company, appeared for the plaintiffs; the Advocate General, Mr. Inverarity and Mr. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Tyebji, Dayabhai and Company, were for the first defendants; Mr. Setalwad and Mr. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Bicknell, Merwanji and Romer represented the second defendant, while the defendant appeared by Mr. R. D. N. Wadia and Mr. B. J. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Bhishankar, Kanga and Ghirdharlal.

Mr. Jardine, for the second defendant, urged that his client was not a partner in the firm and the suit was, therefore, bad for its multifariousness.

After hearing the arguments on this point, his Lordship held that the second defendant was not a partner and the suit was bad. He therefore, asked Mr. Talyarkhan for the plaintiffs to elect whether he wished to proceed against the second defendant or against the other defendants or against none.

After due consideration, Mr. Talyarkhan said he declined to elect any course and left it to his Lordship to deal with the matter in the light of his findings.

Mr. Inverarity, for the first defendant, objected to the dismissal of the suit and applied to be made plaintiffs and plaintiffs made defendants. In support of his application, he cited a judgment of Mr. Justice West reported in 7 Bombay, 167.

Mr. Desai, for the third defendant, joined in the application and asked to be made co-plaintiff.

Mr. Inverarity said that the plaintiff could not get rid of the suit by having it dismissed. When his clients were made plaintiffs, they would be asked to elect and if they declined, the suit would be dismissed and they would be in a position to appeal against the previous finding of his Lordship, which they could not do now.

Mr. Jardine objected to the Court adopting the course suggested by Mr. Inverarity before his client was struck out.

Mr. Talyarkhan said that the suit should be dismissed straight off.

His Lordship, in disposing of the suit, said that the plaintiffs, one of the partners, had brought this suit against other partners for accounts of partnership and had also made a fourth party, who entered into a contract of service, defendant in the case and asked that he might be ordered to refund certain sums he had withdrawn as remuneration under the agreement. It was quite clear on the face of the pleadings that the suit was bad for its multifariousness. The plaintiffs had declined to elect and the result was that he must deal with the plaint as to stood and the suit must be dismissed. But the defendants had made an application to be made plaintiffs. No doubt that could be done in a partnership suit, but as the plaintiffs had not elected it take any course, his Lordship could not make any order on the application of the defendants.

The suit was, accordingly, dismissed with costs.

UNANI HAKIM'S CLAIM.

Decree against Sir Vasanji Tricumji.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, Mr. Justice Beaton concluded the hearing of the suit brought by Hakin Mazher Karim Ansari against Sir Vissonji Tricumji, to recover Rs. 6,000 and odd, under circumstances already reported.

Mr. Inverarity and Mr. Raikes, instructed by Messrs. Hiralal and Company, appeared for the plaintiff; the Advocate-General and Mr. J. D. Davar, instructed by Messrs. Matubhai, Jamietram and Madan, were for the defendant.

After the evidence for the plaintiff had been led the Advocate-General offered certain terms for a compromise. The plaintiff consented only to the term that certain matters in issue should be tried by his Lordship as arbitrator, and that his honour should in no way be affected by this compromise. The parties also agreed that the charges for medicines should be reduced by half.

His Lordship, as arbitrator, decided that the plaintiff should be paid, Rs. 6 for each visit in Bombay and Rs. 1,000 per month out of Bombay. After deducting the amounts received by the plaintiff, his Lordship passed a decree in his favour for Rs 2,302-1, and ordered the defendant to pay half the costs of the plaintiff.

The defendant's counter-claim was withdrawn.

COMMISSION AGENT'S CLAIM.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, Mr. Justice Heaton disposed of the suit brought by Haji Syed Mahomed Kagrani against Merwanji Pa'anji Talati to recover Rs. 82,485 with interest and costs.

Mr. J. D. Inverarity and Mr. L. J. Robertson, instructed by Messrs. Little and Company, appeared for the plaintiff; the defendant was absent.

The plaintiff stated that he was a commission agent in Bombay and the defendant was trading in partnership with others in Bombay and Hongkong. The plaintiff's firm in Persia sent several consignments of opium for the defendant and the plaintiff delivered them to the latter. It was arranged that the monies should be paid in Bombay and the defendant had made several part-payments. Accounts were adjusted in September last and the above amount was found due.

After hearing the evidence, his Lordship passed a decree for the amount claimed with interest and costs.

SHORT CAUSES.

Mr. Justice Macleod presided yesterday at a sitting of the Bombay High Court and disposed of, among others, the following short causes :—

CLAIM ON ADJUSTED ACCOUNT.

In the suit brought by Raghunathdass Chagmal, against Ramsaran Pranjit, Mr. Munsiff appeared for the plaintiff; the defendant did not appear.

Mr. Munsiff said the suit was filed to recover Rs. 4,876 on an adjusted account, but since the filing of the suit the defendant had paid Rs. 1,450. He, therefore, asked for a decree for the balance.

His Lordship passed a decree as prayed with interest and costs.

MESSRS. SASSOON'S CLAIM.

In the suit brought by Messrs. David Sassoon and Company against Haji Ali Akbar to recover Rs. 31,463, Mr. Inverarity appeared for plaintiffs; the defendant was absent.

Mr. Inverarity said that the defendant was adjudicated an insolvent and had admitted the amount in his schedule.

His Lordship passed a decree but ordered execution to be stayed.

CLAIM FOR MONIES LENT.

In the suit brought by Gulabchand Ramaji, a firm against Haibati Umaji Dhole to recover Rs. 6,400 on a promissory note, Mr. B. J. Wadia appeared for the plaintiffs; the defendant appeared in person.

The defendant said he had not received full consideration for the note he had signed and had also paid about Rs, 1,500.

His Lordship passed a decree as prayed with interest and costs.

CLAIM FOR DEPOSITS.

In the suit brought by Goouldas Naranji against Jetha Mulji and Company and others to recover Rs. 3,000 in fixed deposit, Mr. L. J. Robertson appeared for the plaintiff and Mr. Inverarity for the defendant.

Mr. Inverarity asked that the suit should be transferred to the long causes. He said that the sum claimed was not a fixed deposit, but was an havala item of Rs. 3,395 in current account.

His Lordship, after hearing parties, passed a decree for the amount with interest but made no order as to costs.

POLICE COURTS.

ATTEMPTED CHEATING.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Jeffries charged Shivram Luxman Kale and Mahadeo Kanji Pandey with attempted cheating and with abetment. The case for the prosecution was that the first accused, who is a cash receiver in the employ of the Port Trust, made an application to the Accountant-General at the Paper Currency Office, forwarding half a note for Rs. 100, and claiming the full value, stating that the other half had been lost. There had however been another claim put in by a banker prior to the one sent in by the accused. The Accountant-General on going into the claims found the discrepancy, and the accused was arrested. The second accused was arrested on a statement made by the first accused that he had made the application on the former telling him to do so and informing him that he did not know how to write. The second accused said he knew nothing about the application. He was discharged. The first accused was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100, or in default, to undergo six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

TAXI-CAB DRIVER CHARGED.

At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, Third Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Jeffries charged a taxi car driver named Harendranath Ghosal with rash driving, with refusing to obey the reasonable orders of the police and with refusing to give his name and address. The charge against the accused was that on the 1st instant he ran into a hack victoria on the Esplanade Road in front of the Currency Office, knocked down the horse, who was injured, and drove off without giving his name and address when asked for. Subsequently on the 3rd instant the accused was met near the Church Gate Street by Inspector Jeffries, who asked for his name and address, but he again refused to do so. Inspector Jeffries had thereupon to fetch the accused from his house. The accused was convicted on all the three charges and sentenced to pay an aggregate fine of Rs. 50.

EX-SOLDIER DEPORTED.

YESTERDAY at the Mazagon Police Court, before Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, Cowie, a European was brought up on a charge of deserting the Government Workhouse. Having obtained leave, he fled to Benares, instead of returning to the Workhouse. Having been traced he was brought down to Bombay and he was an Ex-Soldier the Magistrate was ordered to be sent to the Workhouse till this time of his deportation.

MAHIM BURNING GROUND.

A general meeting of the residents of Mahim, Matunga and Dadar was held in the Shri Ram's temple at Mahim on the 10th March under the presidentship of Dr. Bhavanishankar B. Dadarkar to consider the arrangements to be made in regard to the management of the Mahim Hindu Burning and Burial ground. Mr. K. N. Mahale, Honorary Secretary of the Mahim Burning and Burial ground Committee having read the notice of the meeting and having explained the objects of its being called, the following business was transacted:—

Resolution I.—Proposed by Mr. K. D. Dhuru and seconded by Mr. H. L. Kavli that the Managing Committee consisting of the following gentlemen be appointed for a period of three years:—Dr. B. B. Dadarkar, Messrs. K. D. Dhuru, M. G. Patil, H. L. Kavli, G. J. Rath, S. K. Bole, S. V. Kir. T. D. Dhairyawan, K. N. Mahale, H. B. Mehta, Dr. M. G. Kirtikar. Dr. M. C. Javle, V. R. Navalkar, J. B. Mankame, Chhotalal Javerdas, Dr. Pandurang R. Dandekar Fakir D. Kiny, Vithaldas Karsondas, K. R. Nagvekar, B. R. Nare, Dasharath Baloji, R. M. Chonkar, D. R. Vaidya, G. R. Moghe, Premchand Gomaji, Sadanand Pandurang, K. N. Rane, Karsondas Lowji, Anaji Krishnaji V. J. Dhotre, and Govindrao A. Mulay.—Carried unanimously.

Resolution II—Proposed by Mr. K. N. Rane and seconded by Mr. S. K. Bole, that any member of the Managing Committee absenting himself from three consecutive meetings without giving sufficient reason will cease to be a member of the Committee. This Resolution was carried unanimously.

Resolution III—Proposed by Dr. M. G. Kirtiker and seconded by Dr. P. R. Dandekar. That this meeting authorises the Managing Committee to get a trust deed made of the property relating to the Mahim Burning and Burial Ground saith such conditions and provisos as to them may deem fit and proper and further authorises the President and the Secretary to execute the said deed on behalf of the meeting.—Carried unanimously.

Resolution IV—Proposed by Mr. H. B. Mehta and seconded by Mr. T. D. Dhairyawan that this meeting appoints Dr. B. B. Dadarkar President Mr. K. Dhuru-Vice President, Mr. K. N. Mahale Honorary Secretary, Mr. G. J. Rath Honorary Treasurer, and Messrs. H. L. Kavli and S. K. Bole Auditors.—Carried unanimously.

Resolution V.—Proposed by Dr. M. C. Javle and seconded by Mr. S. K. Bole that this meeting doth hereby nominate and appoint Dr. B. B. Dadarkar, and Messrs. K. D. Dhuru, S. V. Kir, T. D. Dhairyawan, K. N. Mahale and Vithaldass Kursandas to be the first trustees of the trust deed mentioned in Resolution No. III—Carried unanimously.

Resolution VI.—Proposed by Mr. D. B Rath and seconded by Mr. G. A. Mulay that a hearty vote of thanks be accorded to the President of the Meeting, Dr. B. B. Dadarkar for his able conduct in the chair—Carried with acclamation.

CESSPOOLS IN BANDORA.

Mr. Shapurj S. Mistry has addressed the following letter to Dr. Turner, concerning cesspools in the Bandora district :—

"Dear Dr. Turner,—May I know if cesspools are desirable from any standpoint of view of sanitation, especially in a warm country. Under circumstances that admit of no other recourse, such as closely inhabited localities in a city, cesspools might be taken as an unavoidable evil and necessity. But in country lifs I think cesspools would mean a positive and harmful nuisance. Filthy water spread over open land with the sun beating on it or sprinkled into vegetation and trees would be, I think, much preferable to its accumulation in cesspools with all the certainty of producing stink, mosquitoes and other harmful vermin, and constant percolation into the ground, which might in its turn give out bad gases. If filthy water is used as said above I think it would become innocuous almost immediately by disintegration or dissolution by natural action.

Besides, it is said that generally cesspools could not be emptied quite regularly every day. And, again, it is not possible, I think, to "clean" them even once a week. These are, I think, inevitable and unavoidable difficulties. However, I request to know your views. Kindly oblige.—Yours, &c.

(Sd.) SHAPOORJEE SORABJI MISTRY.

23rd Feb. 1912.

"Dear Mr. Shapoorjee,—In reply to yours of the 21st inst. I have to inform you that wherever possible cesspits should be avoided and where there is suitable land and the cesspit water can be discharged amongst trees and vegetation without accumulation. This is the best plan to adopt. Much depends upon the surrounding conditions.—Yours, &c.,

(Sd.) J. A. TURNER.

MALABAR HILL GARDENS.

AN ordin

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The steamer Wearbeck 2446 tons, Captain W. Sholton, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Calcutta with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Lord Stanley, 3054 tons, Captain T. W. Clifford, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Calcutta with a cargo of coal.

The steamer Umta, 3491 tons, Captain R. Phillips, sailed yesterday for Calcutta in ballast.

The B. I. S .N. Co's steamer Virawa, 2176 tons, Captain A E. G. Tipper, sailed yesterday for Moulmein, with ballast.

The steamer Redbridge 2443 tons, Captain J. C. Vasey, sailed yesterday for Dunkirk with a general cargo.

The P and O Co's China mail steamer Delta, 4779 tons, Captain E. P. Martin will sail to-day for Shanghai via Colombo with a general cargo and passengers.

The Arab S. N. Co's steamer Lawoe, 1,817 tons, Captain Charles F. Bow, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Basreh with a general cargo and passengers.

The steamer Corinthic, 2,355 tons, Captain E. Wood-head, arrived in harbour on Tuesday from Alexandria with ballast.

VESSELS IN DOCK.—March 12.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Capts.	Dest.	Date.	Agents.
B Clan Macdougall	3276	Price	B'goon	20-3	J Finlay Co
C & R Isabia	2491	Belsito	Kobe	14-3	R Line
D & E Lindala	2183	Sinnatt	Calcutta	12-3	M M & Co
G Balgay	181	Rhuhim	Bo	8	N Co
O Netravati	696	Fakira	Bo	8	N Co
P Castlemoor	2403	Angus	Genoa	18-3	K N & Co
T Clan Sinclair	3291	Smith	Tuticorin		J Finlay & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

1 Chanda	3351	Tice	A'werp	20-3	M M & Co
2 Ujina	3426	Hill	14-3		M M & Co
3 Garbridge	2334	Richardson	Antwerp	16-3	W & A Graham & Co
4 Glenlyon	2654	Sloane	Kobe	14-3	T M & Co
5 B Rubattino	2382	Mongas	Genoa	15-3	Rline
6 Brogenz	2386	Petris	16-3		A L & N Co
7 Abana	2709	Wilson	Antwerp	Graham & Co	
8 Redbridge	2443	Vasey	Dunkirk	9-3	J M & Co
10&11 Delta	4780	Martin	Shanghai	13-3	P & O Co
12 & 13 Persia	4125	Palmer	London	23-13	P & O Co
14 Dumra	762	Morrison			M M & Co
15 Glenaffric	2557	Lane	Kobe	15-3	T M & Co

M W D D

Virawa 3360 Gipper Moulmein 5-3 M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
13	Umta	Phillips	Calcutta, Feb 20
	Corinthic	Woodhead	A'dria, Feb 25
	Lawoe	Born	Basreh, Feb 27
	Wearbeck	Sholton	Calcutta, Mar 1
	Lord Stanley	Clifford	Calcutta, Feb 28

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
12	Clan Sinclair	Smith	Tuticorin, &c
	Umta	Phillips	Calcutta
	Virawa	Zipper	Moulmein
	Redcridge	Vasey	Dunkirk

The steamer Delta, Captain Martin, obtained her portclearance yesterday for Shanghai, &c.

The following vessels began to load yesterday :—

Steamer Lawoe, for Persian Gulf.
" Nera, for Marseilles.
" Lord Stanley, for Liverpool, Dunkirk, &c
" Corinthic, for Liverpool, &c.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Clan Line steamer Clan Robertson, left Liverpool for Karachi on the evening of the 9th instant.

The B I S N Co's steamer Turkistan, left Port Said on the evening of the 10th instant and the same Co's steamer Golconda, left Suez on the afternoon of the 11th instant and the same Co's steamer Macedonia, arrived at Suez from Bombay on the morning of the 10th instant.

DAILY EXPORTS—MARCH 12.

FOR LONDON.

Persia s—115 casks skins, Thos. Cook and Son ; 65 cwts horns, A Esmail ; 65 cwts horns E Virji; 9 bales hides P E Boyce and Sons.

Arcadia s—400 bales hemp Kiddle Reeve and Co ; 220 bales hemp, H Govindji; 6,125 cwts cottonseed, L Dreyfus and Co ; 4,000 cwts mussoor, Ralli Bros.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Corinthic s—2,000 tons, manganese ore, R A Willis; 17,000 cwts cottonseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

FOR HULL.

Abona s—8,343 cwts cottonseed, A Khimji.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Lord Stanley s—8,000 cwts linseed, Volkart Bros ; 1,976 cwts linseed S Cooverji and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Chanda s—1,500 tons manganese ore Shaw Wallace and Co ; 300 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Bros. Corbridge s—3,997 cwts barley Volkart Bros.

FOR HAVRE.

Batiscon s—322 bales cotton 2,200 cwts gram, 3,999 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Bros; 7,000 cwts linseed 1399 cwts mustardseed, Volkart Bros ; 2,000 cwts groundnuts K Devchand and Co ; 4,000 cwts groundnuts, L Dreyfus and Co ; 2,002, cwts linseed, 2,001 cwts rapeseed, 2,001 cwts groundnuts, E D Sassoon and Co; 209 bales hemp, H Govindjee 500 cwts myrabollams, Kaliandas Bros ; 500 cwts gum, 570 cwts tarmeric, M Jaferbhoy.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Nera s—990 cwts groundnuts, J Fachiri.

FOR BARCELONA.

Nera s—50 bales hemp, Kiddle Reeve and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Castlemoor s—300 bales oldiron A Sharif ; 3,000 cwts linseed, L Dreyfus and Co.

Corinthic s—4,000 cwts gram, 4,000 cwts castorseed K Devchand.

FOR NAPLES.

R. Rubattino s—2,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Bregenz s—110 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co ; 4 cases brasware, S Fitz and Co ; 12 cwts animalguts, A P Meyer; 2 cwts garnet stone, J M Sallymahomed ; 2,001 cwts gingellyseed E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Bregenz s—2,000 cwts castorseed, E D Sassoon and Co; 200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR ODESSA.

Bregenz s—75 bales gum, G Sojpal.

FOR HONGKONG.

Delta s—3 cwts cloves H Badroodin and Co; 45 chests opium, C Ebrahim and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Ischia s—1,800 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
Glenaffric s—300 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.
Glenlyon s—900 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Glenaffric s—250 bales cotton. Ralli Bros.

FOR OSAKA.

Glenaffric s—100 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FREQUENT COUGHING CURES not a cough. On the contrary the irritation in the bronchial tubes grows worse thereby. Take LYNSOLA, the popular Indian cough cure. Every dose tends to soothe and heal the sore spots. An ideal lung tonic free from opiates.—MADON SONS & Co., Crawford Market, Bombay.

LAWRENCE & MAYO.
OPHTHALMIC OPTICIANS
TO THE PRINCIPAL OPHTHALMIC SURGEONS IN THE EAST
By Appointment to
H. E. THE VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA
AND
H. E. General Sir O'MOORE CREAGH, V.C., G.C.B., L.A., Commander-in-Chief in India.

LAWRENCE AND MAYO'S PERFECT PEBBLES are all cut from Selected Rock Crystal (Oxide of Silicon) of the hardest kind. They are cool, light, faultlessly ground and polished and cannot be scratched by ordinary wear.

HEAD OFFICES:—
67 and 69, CHANCERY LANE, LONDON
OFFICES IN THE EAST:—
CAIRO, CALCUTTA, BOMBAY, MADRAS and RANGOON.
Price List of Scientific Instruments free on Application.
BOMBAY OFFICE No. 44, HORNBY ROAD, (MACMILLAN BUILDINGS.)
Telephone No. 1827.

ACCIDENTS AND DISEASES
INCLUDING
SMALL-POX, PLAGUE, ENTERIC FEVER
INSURED AGAINST BY
THE RAILWAY PASSENGERS ASSURANCE COMPANY.
£6 Indian Agents £7
MESSRS. KING, KING & CO., BOMBAY
And the North British and Mercantile Insurance Co.'s Offices, 4 and 5 Koila Ghat Street and 100 Clive Street, Calcutta.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL
FACING THE SEA.
FORT, BOMBAY.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY:

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake 150 deg.	6 0 2	per case
White Rose, 150 deg.	5 12 2	do.
Chester, 125 deg.	4 12 2	do.
Devoe Brilliant 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Tiger 125 deg.	4 8 2	do.
Monkey Brand, 125°	4 4 2	do.
White Camellia 125° (in tins)	3 14 0	per two tins.
Elephant brand 125° (in tins)	3 14 0	do.
do. brand 125° (in bulk)	3 4 0	per 8 gallons.
Camel brand 125° (in tins)	3 14 0	per two tins.

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.
All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.
Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Cocoa and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

GOSSAGE'S SOAPS
EMPRESS PALE
and
HOUSEWIFE'S FRIEND
Fine Household Soaps.
Can be obtained everywhere
GOSSAGE'S SOAPS.

THE REARING OF CHILDREN.
A Lecture delivered
BY
LT.-COL. COLLIE, I.M.S.
PRICE ANNAS TWO; POSTAGE 1 ANNA.
To be had from the "Bombay Gazette"

WE SEND YOU FREE
A SAMPLE COPY OF
INDUSTRY.
A monthly Journal Handicrafts and Commerce containing useful and practical hints for preparing household necessities, starting of small mechanical industries etc. etc.
New features, including illustrations. are added in the second year.
Royal Ed. Rs. 2. People's Ed. Re. 1-3.
For Readers—
Interesting Throughout.
For Advertisers—
Absolutely sure medium.
For Free sample copy and revised Adv. rates.
Please write to the MANAGER,
"INDUSTRY," Shambazar, Calcutta.

BOOKS FOR SALE.
ROUND ABOUT BOMBAY.
By James Douglas. Rs. 5.
THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.
BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.
GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc., on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh. Rs. 6.
LAYS OF THE LAW,
A Selection of Leading Cases.
By W. E. H. Re. 1.
Apply the Bombay Gazette Office.

THE LATEST AND MOST POPULAR WALTZES
Re 1-4 each.
THE PINK LADY VALSE.
(The Rival of the famous "Merry Widow" Valse.)
THE HUNT BALL WALTZ
Played by the Band of the 1st Life Guards
Imperial Viennese Orchestra, &c., &c.
THE DRUID'S PRAYER VALSE
Played everywhere by the London Orchestras.
SAINTS AND SINNERS Valse Lente
by the composer of "Druid's Prayer Valse."
GOLD and SILVER valse
As Danced nightly at the Palace Theatre, London.
ROUGE et NOIR Valse Lente,
by Adolphe Lotter.
VALSE SEPTEMBRE
by Felix Godin.
VALSE DECEMBRE
by Felix Godin.
MARCKS & CO., LTD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.
PIANO AND MUSIC DEPARTMENT.

NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications of a literary character should be addressed to The Editor, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the General Manager. Communications should not be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, General Post Office, Bombay.

The Bombay Gazette.
Wednesday, 13th March, 1912.

HYDERABAD AND ITS FINANCES.

THE terrible epidemic of plague through which the Hyderabad capital has recently passed, with a mortality of twenty thousand, is doubtless the principal cause of the late appearance of its budget note, as we understand that for several months the departments at headquarters had to work with about half their usual clerical establishments. The pest has now subsided and affairs are resuming normal conditions, though some time must elapse before there is a complete recovery as the whole of the city and its suburbs are infected and the disease may re-appear, though with less virulence, with the setting in of the rains. The mention of this disaster recalls the one of three and a half years ago when the place was flooded by the river upon whose banks it stands, and many lives and much property were lost. It was then resolved to undertake certain costly protective measures for which a large sum was allotted by the late Nizam, and one would expect to hear that some progress has been made with them. But matters move slowly in Hyderabad, and it is therefore, hardly surprising to discover from this report that the work has not yet been commenced "owing to difficulties in connection with the assessment of compensation and the acquisition of the necessary land." It is anticipated, however, that these obstacles will disappear presently, and that it may be possible to spend a portion of the grant during the current Fasli year. The present budget is the first essay in local finance by the civilian Mr. R. Glancy, who succeeded Sir George Walker last year in the responsible position of Assistant Minister in charge of the exchequer with a watching brief over the other links of the administration. The first matter which arrests attention is the appearance of a new industry which promises to open a useful avenue for the investment of a portion of the cash balances while giving employment to qualified Hyderabadis. This is the electrical department which has been started with the object of providing the city, its suburbs and the large cantonment of Secunderabad with power for various uses. Its first application to street illumination and the lighting of private residences is now in progress, and eventually a tramway driven by it may materialise, a speculation which would certainly yield handsome profits to the State as it would provide a new and popular mode of locomotion for half a million of people. Mr. Glancy notes with satisfaction that the experiment has been a success and will give at least five per cent on the outlay, adding that "the Director of the Department, who has had long experience of electrical supply works in Lancashire, estimates the return on private connections at fifteen to twenty per cent. These figures are promising, and as the State has a good water supply and exhaustless coal-fields at Singareni the idea might be extended to the districts where the lack of railways and good roads penalises the agriculturists who have to accept low prices for products they cannot move to more remunerative markets. Railway extension in Hyderabad has stood still for the last decade as the Government and the Company holding the monopoly cannot reach a workable agreement, with the result that a number of important projects are hung up because the London directorate are disinclined to raise fresh capital for them. The State now holds six crores of rupees in securities giving an average income of about four per cent, but by spending this reserve upon roads, railways, or electric trams, and irrigation this return would be doubled and commercial expansion which is the principal need of the country would follow these developments. It is satisfactory to find that Mr. Glancy recognises that these are the lines upon which activity should occur as he dwells on them in his prefatory note, wherein he observes that "the attention of the new administration should be directed to the wise expenditure of its income and accumulated capital, this being a task that demands the highest qualities of statesmanship." If his advice is followed, Hyderabad will use its money on these much-desired local improvements instead of locking it up in gilt-edged securities, and if additional capital is wanted the State could obtain as much as it requires in the London market, provided the Government of India raised no obstacle under the old law which forbids transactions of this kind without their consent and the approval of the Secretary of State.

The consideration of these points brings us to the present financial position as disclosed in Mr. Glancy's note, and with the exception of a lapse of twenty lakhs in the land revenue caused by an insufficient rainfall, we find that the collections are estimated at the usual standards and will yield about four crores and three quarters with an anticipated surplus of four lakhs at the close of the year. The investments during the last twelve were increased by ninety-five lakhs, and fourteen more are to be added this year, bringing the total up to five crores and eighty lakhs. Coins awaiting issue from the mint and silver bullion are valued at a hundred and twenty lakhs and the closing cash balances are put down at two crores. These are substantial attestations to its financial prosperity, and the only shadows in the picture is produced by the currency question which is still awaiting settlement. Hyderabad has its own silver and copper tokens which are issued periodically by its mint as demands for them arise, but being surrendered by British territory and having a score or so of imperial post offices within its confines the Indian rupee is largely used everywhere with results that may seriously affect the financial status unless it can be excluded. The Government of India are naturally disinclined to permit a boycott of their money by any Indian State, their objective being its universe acceptance, while it is obvious that Hyderabad cannot support two currencies and one of them must be eliminated. Unless conditions are altered, this will be its own, as British rupees circulate in every town in the dominions and large stocks are held by Soukars who do a profitable business in purchasing them from the ryots when the latter have to pay the revenue demands in local currency. The final issue of this rivalry is clear enough unless something can be done to avert the threatened contraction in the circulation of the State money and this is a problem upon which we shall doubtless have Mr. Glancy's views in subsequent reports.

In all other respects this budget is a satisfactory production, as it indicates that the activities which Sir George Walker set in motion have not been stayed by his departure. The revenue department which is badly in need of revision is being overhauled by Mr. Dunlop whose long experience in local affairs fully qualifies him for the task. Educational matters are being examined by a scientist from British India whose scheme is awaited and a spurt has been given to the mining industry by the decision to issue leases on easy terms for the areas unoccupied by the Deccan Company. Irrigation and public works are advancing by slower degrees than could be desired, but progress is visible in both and lastly it is expected that the old State debts, Hyderabad's heritage from by-gone eras of impecuniosity, will be finally wiped out by an expenditure of thirty-five lakhs during the current year. This transaction will reduce the liabilities to a couple of crores, the major portion of which represents the loan secured in the Berar rental a portion of which is allotted for its liquidation. The new Nizam and his advisers have a fair horizon before them, and if there is no relaxation in the prudence and forethought which have hitherto attended the Counsels of the administration, we may anticipate that the present high levels will be maintained to the advantage of the ruler and the general contentment of his thirteen millions of subjects.

IMPORTANT DEVELOPMENT IN SHIPPING.

AN important development in the shipping world is the new line of fast steamers to Canada, which it is proposed to inaugurate, and the matter is of more than local significance seeing that all the ships are to be so constructed that in war time they will be convertible into cruisers, and will be available as part of the Canadian Navy for Imperial Service. Further the boats are to be more speedy than any on the route at present, and are intended to perform the journey from London to Halifax in four days. British capitalists are now in negotiation with the Canadian Government and it is stated that amongst the backers of the enterprise are the Canadian Pacific, the Grand Trunk and Canadian Northern Railways as well as the Allan line of steamships. The scheme seems likely to realise Lord Strathcona's dream of November, 1907, when he said that he had just one remaining duty which he would like to see accomplished—the establishment of a much faster service between Canada and the rest of the Empire. It is stated that the improved service would greatly stimulate the business of the Canadian railways, and would give them much of the Western American and Asiatic traffic, which is now carried by American firms. As to the amount of the Government subsidy there is some doubt, but a large increase is expected, on the ground that the vessels will be armed for self-defence, and for the defence of the Atlantic trade routes in time of war. The figure is given as high as £800,000 a year, and as low as £200,000, but the latter seems the more likely, as the present Anglo-Canadian Atlantic mail subsidy is £120,000. The Canadian estimates last year also passed subsidies of £25,000 for the line between Great Britain and Hong-Kong by way of Canada and Japan (C.P.R.), £40,000 for the Canada-Havre service (H. and A. Allan, of Montreal), £7,000 for the Manchester Liners (Limited) (Canada to Manchester), and £1.500 for the same line's ships from Prince Edward Island to Great Britain, and £3,000 for the Canada to Dublin and Belfast ships. The Allan Line contract is for eighteen-knot boats only, and expires on May 1. Twelve months ago there was a strong feeling in Canada in favour of abolishing the subsidies to steamer trading with Great Britain, the view being that it would be better for the Government not to be bound to any one company, but to pay a proportionate subsidy on a poundage basis on all fast ships plying to Canadian ports. Now it is said that the Canadian Government is willing to continue the subsidy if faster and more efficient services can be guaranteed, and it is known that a scheme for a fast and frequent summer service has been under consideration for some time.

ANOTHER CONSTITUTIONAL FIGHT.

AFTER the great constitutional struggle in Britain it is interesting to watch the same problem on a smaller scale being worked out in one of the dominions—in that, in fact, of New Zealand. The complaint against the "Legislative Council"—which in New Zealand is the name for the Upper House—is that it is not sufficiently democratic for the very democratic New Zealanders. Originally the members were nominated for life by the Governor-General acting on the advice of Ministers, and subsequently, in 1891, during the short Premiership of Mr. Ballance, this nomination was reduced to a period of seven years. Since that date many proposals have been made for making the Legislative Council more democratic, but the proposals have for the most part not progressed beyond the stage of academic discussion. Sir Joseph Ward now proposes to constitute a Legislative Council, which shall be composed in proportions, which have not yet been definitely settled, in part of nominees of the Governor-General, in part of men appointed by certain Provincial Councils to be set up by a new bill providing for local government reform, and in part of men elected by the Lower House or House of Representatives. This proposal is, then, in the nature of a compromise between the existing system and that advocated some time since by the present High Commissioner, Sir William Hall Jones, who was in favour of turning the House of Representatives into a species of Electoral College, by which all members of the Upper House should be elected from time to time. The stumbling-block in the way of Sir Joseph's scheme is the element created by the new Provincial Councils. Local government reform is, apparently, a difficult question for a Government in the precarious position of Sir Joseph and his Ministers to tackle, and it is therefore probable that if the scheme is adhered to in its present form the reform of the Upper House may be deferred for some time to come.

THE new half-anna and two-and-a-half-anna postage stamps bearing the portrait of His Majesty King George VII will be placed on sale at all Post Offices from the 19th of April, 1912. From the same date the new quarter-anna and half-anna service postage stamps will also be available at all treasuries.

THE scheme for an Agricultural College in Burma has been abandoned for the present.

THE mission in Hkampti Long country will not return to Upper Burma until the end of May.

MR. JUSTICE CASPERZ of the Calcutta High Court who had been indisposed for some time attended the Court yesterday.

LORD SANDHURST has resigned his seat on the board on the M. and S. M. Railway Company on his appointment as Lord Chamberlain.

UNDER the new scheme which will come into operation shortly the pay of officers of the Excise Department will vary in many cases as it is found that the present salary of the officers is too high for the work done. The amalgamation of the Salt and Distillery Department with the Excise Department will also be effected.

WHILE shooting at Cooch Behar recently, H. R. H. Prince William of Sweden, who was accompanied by H. H. the Maharajah of Cooch Behar and Count Lowehought, secured a bull buffalo and a big leopard.

NEWS has been received at Calcutta that Khan Bahadur Nasiruddin, C. I. E., Prime Minister of Bhopal on his way back from Calcutta to Bhopal had an attack of dysentry which has since developed into cholera. A massage was received yesterday evening in Calcutta saying that the Prime Minister is progressing favourably.

IT is now practically settled that H. E. Lord Carmichael will assume the Governorship of Bengal on the 1st of April, and that he will leave Madras on the 28th when Sir Murray Hammick will take up the acting-Governorship of the Madras Presidency, Sir Harold Stuart filling the vacancy thus caused on the Council. Mr A. Butterworth or Mr. L. M. Wynch will act as Revenue Secretary, when Mr. A. G. Cardew succeeds Sir Harold Stuart as acting Chief Secretary,

THE rumour in the London police force is that when Sir Edward Henry retires, as he has announced his intention of doing shortly, his successor will be Sir Schomberg McDonnell. It is difficult to see why such a rumour should arise unless there is some reason for it, since it is not a name that would naturally occur to the makers of rumours. Sir Schomberg McDonnell has had no police experience, and if he were appointed it would be quite a new departure. Previous Chief Commissioners have always been either military men or officers of the Indian Police Service. Sir Schomberg McDonnell first became known to the world as Lord Salisbury's private secretary ; he and Mr. Lewis Harcourt were rather famous private secretaries in the late eighties and early nineties, both of them young men of fashion and great favourites, taken in a somewhat genial spirit by society, and mildly chaffed for their amiable watch-dog proclivities.

THE WORLD OF SPORT.

(FROM OUR SPORTING CORRESPONDENT.)

ATHLETIC TOPICS.

LONDON, FEBRUARY 23.

Two more excellent performances have been accomplished at Oxford and Cambridge respectively during the week. Few real exports accepted the performance of 9 4-5 secs. by D. MacMillian at Cambridge last week without some doubt. This fine runner has however, given further proof that he is now in good form. Turning out in a 150 yards Strangers handicap at Cambridge on Tuesday, he won his heat in 15 secs. It was thought he might do better still in the final, but he competitor he beat in the heat, turned the tables in the decider, the scratch man being beaten by a foot in 15 secs. There was a cross wind, and the track was soft from recent rain, so that MacMillan's performance my be put down as equal to 14 4-5 secs. under perfect conditions. This all goes to show that there was some mistake about the 9 4-5 secs, as if equal to that time, and fine finisher like MacMillan ought to do 14 3-5 secs for 150 yards. He is certainly in excellent form however, and his Olympic Games chances look bright.

The meritorious performance at Oxford was in another branch of athletics, viz, long jumping, and was accomplished by J. Savage, and Rhodes scholar from Australia. His winning effort measured 21 ft 10 1-2 inches, and although this is well behind P. O'Connor's world's record of a fraction under 25 ft, it is excellent considering the time of year.

A BIG FIELD.

The Southern Counties Cross-Country Championship at Uxbridge on Saturday was a record race so far as the entry was concerned. It was the 29th anniversary, and curiously enough, just 29 clubs sent teams, the field numbering over 300. Most of the runners well knew they had no chance of winning one of the medals, their efforts being solely in the desire to help the association and their club. This is the amateur spirit one likes to see, and it is worthy of mention that whilst the teams included Oxford University, the majority were what may be termed working lads clubs.

A COMING CHAMPION.

The outstanding feature of the race was the splendid running of W. J. Tucker, a young grocer's assistant from Newbury in Berkshire. He was right in the van from the start and it was only after going eight miles that F. S. Neaves, the holder of the championship, got away and finally beat him by 27 secs. Tucker is a coming champion, as to finish second in such a field stands as a big performance for a new man. The team honours went to the Highgate Harriers for the tenth time in succession, the leading six from the club finishing :—5, 6, 8, 9, 11, 14, a total of 53, Surrey finished men 1, 3, 4 and 7 but the next pair were well back, 28, and 47, making a total of 90.

ALERT SWIMMERS.

A difficulty English swimmers have to contend with is the want of opportunity to practise during the Winter. Nearly all the baths are converted into halls for dancing, concerts, etc., from October to April, so that the cracks have to crowd their seasou into the summer months. This comes hard on swimmers who desire to get fit early, in anticipation of the Olympic Games. The Amateur Swimming Association recognises this, and has suspended the expense rule for the time being. This will allow of Olympic candidates being assisted in regard to their training and no one can object to the cracks being allowed their out of pocket expenses when forced to make lengthy railway journeys for the sake of getting a swim. There is no infringement of the amateur spirit in this, and most sportsmen endorse the action of the authorities, and admire their enterprise.

FREAK GOLF.

A golf match under strange conditions was played at Sunningdale early in the week. A. H. Toogood met Mr. Tindal Atkinson in an eighteen holes match, the professional being blindfolded before making his shots. His theory is that it is not necessary to keep your eye on the ball at the time of making the stroke. The result did not justify his belief, for Mr. Atkinson won by 8 up and 7 to play, three holes being halved. Still, as Toogood did not once miss the ball, his performance must be considered remarkable. He was also handicapped by the pause after addressing the ball whilst he was blindfolded ;and still thinks he is right in his theory.

BILLIARDS.

Although G. Gray won the rubber in his series of three matches with H. W. Stevenson, the latter came very well out of the tests. Gray won £500 from his rival in stakes, but Stevenson got £150 back over the third game, as well as £200 from the makers of the table. Besides this, he won £50 for making a merit break in the opening match, so reducing his actual loss to £100, without taking into consideration his shares of the gate receipts This would quite make up to him for his six weeks' play and he cannot have done so badly. Stevenson's play also compares very favourably with the winner of the rubber as he scored a total of 52,593 points in the three matches for an average of 34'95, Gray's total being 52,503 for an average of 34'73. Thus it was a very close thing between them, Stevenson's big win (by 1,495 points) in third game being more decisive than Gray's victories in the other two. It must be admitted that Gray was much handicapped in the final game, owing to the action brought by J. Roberts for breach of contract, in which the latter was awarded £1,500 damages. Naturally this was not a spur to a big effort on the last two days. Gray came best out of the matches regarding big breaks, his efforts including breaks of 839, 694, 621, 611 and 513. Stevenson only twice exceeded the 500 mark in efforts of 543 and 523, but made 158 three figure breaks to the 147 by Gray. M. Inman has now issued a challenge to play Stevenson a series of matches next season, and on present form, he would be a good winner.

FOOTBALL.

Rugby football is taken very seriously in Wales and soue of the club games lead to strange scenes. One such was seen at Cardiff on Saturday, when the local team played a draw with Swansea. The game was stopped quite twenty times owing to injuries to players and many things were done in the excitement which good sportsmen deplore. When the match was over, little Dickey Owen, the famous half back, remarked :—The English forwards used me gently at Twickenham compared to what I had to put up with to day" which illustrates the situation nicely. The London v. Army Rugby match at Queen's Club, London, this week produced play of the right sort. There was plenty of vigour, but no one could cavil at the methods, a really fine match ending in favour of London by 23 points to 10. Rugby is certainly enjoying much favour just now, and the promise of the King and Queen to attend the Army v. Navy match has given great satisfaction.

ASSOCIATION.

England's recent fine form on the Rugby field finds a parallel in the doings of our soccer cracks. The Englishmen were superior in the English League v, Scottish League encounter at Middlesbrough last Saturday, though the home side only won by two goals to nil. Scotland will draw on the Anglo-Scots for the England v. Scotland match and this may even things up for the chief of the Internationals.

Another triumph on Saturday was that of the English amateurs over the Welsh amateurs at Bishop Auckland. Vivian Woodward led the home side and played a big part in the decisive victory of England by 3 goals to 0.

The chief event in League circles was the victory of Blackburn Rovers on visiting Aston Villa, Chapman scoring twice and Orr once for the winners. The Rovers are now leading in the League tournament and their form induces many good judges to think they may finish on top as well as win the F. A. Cup.

IN GENERAL.

Rathmally stripped well for the Stretford Steeplechase at the Manchester meeting this week and after easily beating his solitary rival, was backed down to 5 to 1 for the Grand National. He must have a chance, but the writer still likes the prospects of Jerry M.

Whilst the American lawn tennis authorities have now agreed that the holder must play through the competition, the English officials have decided that the old conditions shall prevail, in spite of A.F. Wilding, the champion, having expressed his willingness to play through.

A big development in regard to the Lincolnshire Handicap has taken place this week. Warfare was backed to win £500 at odds from 25 to 1 to 20 to 1 and he now stands at 10 to 1. Since then Eton Boy, a stable companion, has been scratched.

The King hopes to attend the Grand National this year and the big Aintree event promises to be a memorable one,

The Manchester ice palace was the scene of the world's figure skating championship this week, the event ending in favour of Herr I. Fritx Kachlers of Vienna.

England can ill afford to lose such a daring and brave man as Graham Gilmour, who was killed on Saturday by a mishap to his monoplane. We shall want men of his type when a certain Continental nation thinks the time opportune to strike.

Home cricketers are delighted at the recent fine batting of Wilfred Rhodes. His double century against New South Wales enables him to share with A. C. MacLaren the honour of being one of the two Englishmen who have made a century in each innings of a match on Australian soil As A. F. Wilding has now won the lawn tennis championship of Monte Carlo three times in succession, the valuable challenge trophy becomes his personal property.

France is making progress on the Association football field, as illustrated by the 4 goals to 1 victory over Switzerland.

IMPERIAL COUNCIL.

Interpellations at To-da'ys Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 12

At to-morrow's meeting of the Imperial Legislative Council the Raja of Kurupam will ask questions regarding the abolition of depositors ledger of the Savings Bank and consequent hardship of clerks served with notices of discharge. He will also ask whether the proposed saving of a lakh of rupees a year under "Audits and Accounts" may be counterbalanced by an increased establishment in the Post Office.

Mr. Bhargri will enquire if the orinions of Local Governments have been received on the questions of inconvenience caused by tours of officials in the moffusil.

Sir G. M. Chitnavis will ask if the Goxernment has received memorials from clerks employed in the Postal Braneh of the Deputy Accountant-General Post Office and Telegrapys requesting revision of the existing scales of pay in view of increased cost of living and what action has been taken on the reports of Messrs K. B. Dutt and W, Chard for improvement of the prospects of the subordinate staff.

Mr. Dadabhoy will interrogate on cost for maintaining Indo-European Telegraph Department in Persia.

Mr. Subba Rao gave notice of the following resolutions :—That this Council recommends to the Governor-General in Council that the provincial services as now constituted in the Civil administration of the country be abolished and that this Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that the competitive examination now held in England for the appointments to the Civil Services in this country should hereafter be held simultaneously both in India and in England as it was intiinated to him by the Government that the subject was under correspondence with the Secretary of State. They were withdrawn for the present.

DELHI DURBAR MURDER CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MARCH 12.

Before Mr. Justice Rattigan and jury the hearing was commenced of the Delhi Durbar Murder Case in which R. J. Bellamy of the South Lancashire Regiment is charged with attempted murder of Eva Calladine in Army Headquarters Camp, Coronation Durbar, on December 16. Accused pleaded not guilty.

The Government Advocate stated for the prosecution that the accused after pestering Calladine with attentions against her wishes inflicted serious injuries with a razor on Saturday after the Durbar.

In her evidence Calladine said she made the acquaintance of the accused in June last and was on affectionate terms in August when there was a quarrel, but he continued pestering her and used often to threaten her with a razor in his hand that if she did not have him he would make it so that nobody else would have her. Long correspondence between the accused and Calladine was read out in Court.

NEW PROVINCES OF BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 12.

The *Pioneer* understands that administrative changes in the two Bengals so far as they can be carried out without legislation in parliament will be given effect to so as to constitute the Presidency of Bengal the Lieutenant Governorship of Behar and Orissa and the Chief Commissionership of Assam on 1st April. The final abolition of the Board of Revenue of Bengal will take place on 31st July.

PLAGUE AT RAWALPINDI,

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MARCH 12.

Plague has broken out at Rawalpindi, but measures for the destruction of rats are being hampered by Jains objecting to rats being trapped and killed in their houses.

THE BRITISH COAL STRIKE.

BIG AMOUNT OF SHIPPING IDLE.

Miners Accept Invitation to Conference.

SOUTH WALES OWNERS WILL ALSO ATTEND.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, MARCH 11.

Shipping is everywhere being rendered more and more idle. Two hundred thousand tons are idle on the Tyne. Advantage is being taken of the opportunity to get the vessels in proper trim.

The sailings of the "St. Paul" and the "Oceanic" from Southampton have been cancelled.

Big industrial concerns are anxiously awaiting to-night's meetings. If the results are unfavourable, the shipping lines to the colonies, which have hitherto been unaffected, beyond the ordering of the severest economy, will probably be compelled to consider the question of limiting their services.

The police have authorised fifteen persons to be carried on trams in excess of the number permitted by the by-laws and five in excess on omnibuses.

LATER.

The Miners' Federation at their meeting to-night unanimously resolved to accept Mr. Asquith's invitation to meet the owners.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

It is understood that the South Wales owners will participate in the conference, which will probably take place on Wednesday. The fact that Mr. Asquith has fixed no Government business for Thursday is believed to indicate that the Government, failing the settlement on Wednesday, will submit a resolution to the effect that it is desirable that all the coalowners should accept the minimum wage as a preliminary to the introduction of a Bill.

Hundreds of the poor, on permission from the Duke of Norfolk, who is the landowner, have been digging coal cropping out in the roads and waste-ground of Sheffield. Nine have been injured by subsidences.

The colliers, yesterday, drove away the diggers, and sold the coal to works at high prices. The Duke then rescinded his permission.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

Sir Arthur Markham, member for Mansfield, and a large coal-owner, in a forcible speech before a large audience of miners at Mansfield, declared that the profits of the trade had been under-stated by many millions of pounds. He contended that the trade could pay a minimum wage of eight shillings a day.

THE NAVY ESTIMATES.

Minute Reduction to be Made.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

The *Times* says that it is understood that in the final settlement of the Navy Estimates, it has been found impossible to make the reductions so strongly desired by Ministerialists, as delays in shipbuilding have thrown an unduly heavy expenditure on the ensuing year. There will be a reduction, but a very small one.

The cruise of the Home Fleet to Berehaven has been cancelled owing to the strike.

THE SOUTH POLE.

Amundsen to Remain in the Antarctic.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

The Royal Geographical Society has cabled its congratulations to Captain Amundsen.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

The *Daily Chronicle* to-day publishes a continuation of its story from Captain Amundsen. All alcohol was barred on the journey to the Pole, but the provisions were of the best and most satisfying quality. It is not expected that Captain Amundsen will return to Europe for a long time, as he must work in the Antarctic region. He is presenting 21 dogs to the Mawson Expedition.

The King Haakon Plateau is not the same as that which Sir Ernest Shackleton named King Edward VII.

THE BAGDAD RAILWAY.

Turkish Counter-Proposals on Gulf Section.

CONSTANTINOPLE, MARCH 12.

The Turkish counter-proposals with regard to an understanding with Great Britain on the subject of the construction on the Persian Gulf section of the Bagdad Railway, negotiations for which will be conducted in London, are understood to comprise the following. Capital will be equally divided between Great Britain, France, Germany and Turkey, each equally participating on the Board of Directors, the chairman of which will be an Ottoman, who will have only one vote. The line shall terminate at Basra.

THE WRECKED SUBMARINE.

LONDON, MARCH 11.

Submarine A 3 has been raised.

FOOTBALL AT HOME.

LONDON, MARCH 11.

At Association football, England beat Wales at Wrexham this afternoon by two goals to nil.

THE GERMAN STRIKE.

Miners Wounded by Police in Sabre Charges.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ESSENS, MARCH 11.

There are indications that the strike is failing. The average percentage of strikers is thirty-four, while many mines are working at full strength.

ESSEN, MARCH 12.

A collision took place between strikers and police at Recklinghausen. Seven strikers were severely wounded by sabres. A non-striker lost an eye in a fight with the strikers.

ESSEN, MARCH 12.

Absentees from the afternoon shifts have swelled the ranks of the strikers to sixty per cent. The police, who were attempting to disperse the strikers at the pit-heads at Hamborn and Bruckhausen, were stoned. They charged with their sabres, wounding many people. Numerous arrests were made.

BRIEF STRIKE IN FRANCE.

PARIS, MARCH 11.

The French miners have struck for a day to call the attention of the Government to their grievances.

THE LONDON CHAMBER.

Constitution of East Indian Section.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

The establishment of the East Indian Section of the Chamber of Commerce does not imply the formation of a special permanent committee. Any members of the Chamber can attach themselves to the Section, which therefore, will be wholly indefinite regarding numbers and constitution. The only permanent officer are the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman. The meeting on the 9th instant was attended by over fifty representatives of influential Indian firms.

AFFAIRS IN PERSIA.

LONDON, MARCH 11.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Acland in reply to Mr. Barton said the British and Russian Ministers at Teheran had sent a message to Salar-ed-Dowleh at Kermanshah strongly recommending him to leave Persia on the conditions offered by the Persian Government.

His Majesty's Government realised fully the serious trade conditions in Persia and the Persian Government was taking such steps as were possible.

FIGHTING IN CANTON.

Ex-Pirate Chief's Followers Fall Out.

HONG KONG, MARCH 12.

Fighting has taken place in Canton between recruits under an ex-pirate chief, and regulars, owing to a proposal to disband the former. There have been 200 casualties. The ex-pirate holds the Admiralty buildings. A British warship is embarking the mission girls and refugees.

COMPULSORY ARBITRATION

Found to Work Well in Australia.

MELBOURNE, MARCH 12.

Mr. Havelock Wilson, after watching compulsory arbitration in Australia, says he now favours the principle.

RUSSIA AND TURKEY.

Ambassador to the Porte Recalled.

ST. PETERSBURG, MARCH 12.

M. Charikoff, the Ambassador at Constantinople, has been recalled, presumably owing to the disapproval of his policy. It is reported that M. De Hartwig, Minister at Belgrade, will succeed him.

NORTH GERMAN LLOYD.

Five Per Cent Dividend Declared.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

The North German Lloyd has declared a dividend of 5 per cent. Three million marks will be added to the reserves.

NEW CHINESE PREMIER.

PEKIN, MARCH 12.

Tang-Shao-Yi has been appointed Premier.

THE SUFFRAGETTES.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

Mrs. Pankhurst is ill with bronchitis. The suffragettes, who are at present serving hard labour sentences, have instituted a "hunger strike."

HOME RULE BILL.

LONDON, MARCH 11.

Mr. Asquith has announced that he will introduce the Home Rule Bill in the week in which Parliament reassembles after Easter.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

It is anticipated that the Home Rule Bill will be introduced on the 11th of April.

TURCO-ITALIAN WAR.

Allotment for Campaign Passed.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ROME, MARCH 12.

The Chamber has passed all the clauses of the Bill, authorising the expenditure of 8,200,000 sterling on the Campaign in Tripoli.

MEETING OF BOMBAY MAHOMEDANS.

A large number of Mahomedans of Bombay assembled in a public meeting last evening in the Anjuman-i-Islam Hall, Hornby Road, to express their thanks to His Majesty's Government for the action taken by them regarding the rumour that Italy intended to blockade and bombard the ports of Jeddah and Yembu. Mr. Kazi Kabirudin was called to the chair.

The chairman opened the proceedings by pointing out that the war had now taken a different aspect. He said that on the last occasion when they met a protest was made against the war; they had exposed its unjust and unfair character. Italy must now realise the falsity of her belief. Tripoli had proved a sort of white elephant to her. Her naval and military operations had become costly beyond her calculations. She was checkmated everywhere in Tripoli. The news of the intended blockade of the ports of Jeddah and Yembo had roused feelings of alarm and indignation beyond all measure. But before Italy could succeed in her latest design it was gratifying to find that their just and benign British Government had come to the rescue of the Mahomedans and evidently warned Italy of the disastrous consequences of such a step. They were thankful to the British Government for their prompt action, and trusted that Italy would not think of repeating such a blunder.

The Hon. Sir Ibrahim Rahimtulla moved:—That the Musulmans of Bombay in public meeting assembled, while expressing their grateful thanks to His Majesty's Government for the action they have taken in the matter of the rumoured blockade of the ports of Jeddah and Yembo, express their sanguine hope, that His Majesty's Government will continue to use their best influence, diplomatic or otherwise to prevent the Italian Government from blockading or bombarding the said ports of Jeddah and Yembo, which ports are the gates of the Holy Cities of Islam.

Sir Ebrahim in moving the resolution said that it was their duty to thank the British Government for the helping hand which they had extended to the Mahomedans in their time of need, and to pray them to continue that help in future and to see that none of their pilgrims came to grief during the war. Ever since the commencement of the Italo-Turkish war he had noticed that great indignation prevailed among the Mahomedans of the different parts of India and they gave expression to their feelings by holding public meetings. Now he had seen a question asked in some newspapers why the Mahomedans should appeal to the British Government for help and why should the British Government intervene. His reply to that question was that the Indian Mahomedans formed by far the largest part of Islam all over the globe, and they had a claim for help on their Government in the time of their distress and difficulty. By doing what what they did the Indian Mahomedans were only showing a follow-feeling for their co-religionists in other parts of the world, and he was glad to see that the British Government recognised the justice of the position taken up by its Mahomedan subjects.

Mr. Amiruddin Tyabji seconded, and Mr. Chhotani and Mr. Sulleman Abdul Wahed supported the resolution, which was carried unanimously.

Mr. Mirza Mahomed Alikhan next moved that a copy of the above resolution be forwarded to the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, the Secretary of State for India, H. E. the Viceroy of India and H. E. the Governor of Bombay.

Mr. Gulam Mahomed Rafai seconded the resolution, and it was carried.

The usual compliment to the chair brought the proceedings to a close.

POONA SHOOTING CASE.

The Charge against a Soldier.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, MARCH 12.

Major Hunt, Cantonment Magistrate, to-day framed a charge under Section 338, I. P. C. against Pte. Washbrooke, Royal Warwicks, who is accused of doing a rash act by shooting Dagroo Jubbah, a shoemaker.

Pte. Thomas Roffe of the same regiment said he was in charge of a shooting party at Jejuri. The party reached Jejuri on the 2nd September and engaged two shikaris, one for the first week and another for twelve days. The second shikari named Parisram was discharged and Sadoo the first shikari was engaged daily as required. The last named came on the morning of the accident, but was not employed as they were not going out shooting that day. When he was told of this he went to the village and did not return to the dak bungalow that day. In the evening at 6 p. m. three of them went out pigeon shooting leaving Pte. Jeffercott in the bungalow. As they were returning at about 6-30 p m. Pte. Washbrooks took a gun and the cartridge bag and went after some pigeons that had settled in a tree some distance away. He and his companion then entered the house and witness took off his boots as his foot was bruised and sat down with others on the front steps. He was showing the injury to his companions when witness heard a report. He looked up and saw the accused with a gun hanging down under his right arm with the muzzle pointing towards the ground. Complainant was sitting on the ground crying. He ran up with the others and asked him what he had done. The accused at first could not speak, but then told them that he had been talking to the native about his boots and did not know he had the hammer cocked. He saw nobody else there at the time and if anyone had been there he must have seen him. The accused and Pte. Bachelor carried the injured man to the dispensary. Witness followed up and met 100 yards from the bungalow, a crowd of villagers who came towards the bungalow. The witness and accused stayed half an hour in the dispensary. The police at his suggestion came to the dak bungalow at 7-30 and took down their statements. No statement of the native was taken at the bungalow. The other witnesses, Ptes. Bachelor and Jeffercoat, gave similar evidence.

ARCHÆOLOGICAL FIND.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 12.

An interesting inscription containing the name of Chandra Sen, King of Bengal, in the twelfth century, is reported to have been discovered in a masjid in the Burdwan District. At the end of last month, three members of the Bangiya Sahitya Parishad made an excursion into the interior of the Burdwan district which was called Northern Radh in ancient times. There they discovered that in the eight stone pillars of a masjid eight equal parts of a slab, containing some inscription, had been used as the heads of the pillars. The inscription is in Sanskrit, and contains the name of Chandra Sen and it is believed that the masjid was built in 1523 A. D. The inscription originally contained the dates of genealogical tables, but the major part of it has been destroyed by the chisel work of the Mahomedan masons.

MUSSOORIE MURDER CASE.

Evidence of the Chemists.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 12,

The first witness at this morning's hearing of the Mussoorie murder case was Mr. Goad of the U. P. Criminal Investigation Department. The witness said he made an investigation the case and inquired for drugs. He found, nothing to show that veronal and prussic acid had been purchased by the accused. Witness identified three letters found in the deceased's house in Lucknow. Letters showed that the deceased intended to go to Jhansi and gave certain directions for removal. One was dated 14th September. The other was a fragment of a letter without date. The letter written by the deceased to the accused on the 18th of September, the last day she was alive, was read. It was a letter full of chat unfinished. The letter, apparently written on the 18th also was found in the deceased's room after the death in which she stated she was counting her days to go to Jhansi. This letter was the last ever written by the deceased. The witness also identified letters found in the house in Jhansi and written by the accused to Mrs. Mockford in ongland after the death of Miss Orme dated 30th November. The letter bore same date and was addressed to Messrs. Grindlay and Co., Bombay, to secure a passage home for her. The witness continued to state that he arrested the accused at Jhansi on 1st December. He identified a soap box which was produced. It was sent to the Chemical Examiner and contained a white powder. Pictures and books in the Jhansi house were not damaged by insects. He found no piece of the "Echo" newspaper.

Inspector Kirby of Mussoorie deposed to the making a list of things found in the deceased's room after death and among which was a set of false teeth packed away in the bottom of a box.

Mr. Morgan, Police Officer, deposed to assisting in the search of the accused's house at Jhansi.

Ayubale, Sub Inspector, Mussoorie, deposed to searching for a bottle after the death of Miss Orme and not finding any.

Two sweepers of the Savoy also deposed to not finding any bottle after death.

Mr. Ramsay, Assisant, Samuel and Co, Chemists, Mussoorie, deposed that Boodry's shop is furthest away from the Savoy. He identified the firm's poison register and proved the entry as to the purchase of one ounce of arsenic on the 8th August, 1911, by Miss Orme who said she wanted it for killing insects on pictures. Witness sold veronal also to Miss Orme on the 1st August.

Mr. Naylor, Superintendent of Police, Jansi, deposed to assisting in the search of the house of accused at Jhansi and finding a set of false teeth in a box. The teeth were wrapped up in a fragment of the "Echo" newspaper. In the presence of the accused witness said that there were smears on the tooth plate of a greenish yellow colour which looked like dried food.

Cross-examined witness said he had never worn false teeth before and did not speak from personal experience.

Mrs. Saloivisky, Dressmaker at Mussoorie, deposed to accused making dresses at her shop and paying nearly Rs. 700 for them.

The dressmaker's clerk deposed to the payments, two of which were made by a cheque by Miss Orme and one by cash between 4th July and 2nd September, 1911.

Mr. Hamer, chemist at Mussoorie, deposed to Miss Orme as well as accused having account with him. He received instructions to put Miss Mount Stephen's purchases from the middle of May into Miss Orme's account. No poison was sold to either of them. Bicarbonate of soda was purchased on two occasions, Veronal was bought on 1st July, 1911.

Mr. Boodry, another chemist at Mussoorie, deposed that a lady, who called herself Miss Orme, purchased from him on 9th September, a bottle of hydrocianic acid, i. e. prussic acid. The entry in the poison register was signed merely "Miss Orme."

At this stage the Judge and Jury examined a number of letters, etc., to compare the writing in Mr. Boodry's register with Miss Orme's writing.

Witness continuing said he believed he sold prussic acid to Miss Orme. She had made two or three other cash purchases before. The bottle shown was like the bottle of prussic acid. Witness could not remember what other purchases were made. On the third occasion at the enquiry he picked out a photo of Miss Orme. accused was not a person who bought poison. The lady who bought it was tall and fair. He did not know the colour of her hair nor the kind of hat she wore.

Mr. Griffith of the Bank of Upper India, Meerut, deposed that £130 was credited by Miss Orme to Miss Mount Stephen's account.

Badri Nath of the Allahabad C. I. D, deposed to examining a quantity of burnt paper found in Miss Orme's fireplace by the police. He found pieces which corresponded to the account book shown him, but found nothing to correspond to the counterfoils of the cheque books shown.

Clerks of Messrs. Fitchand and Co, Mussoorie, deposed to Miss Orme paying Miss Mount Stephen's bill for Rs. 179-4.

Mr. Williams, Assistant of Murrays, Lucknow, deposed to the purchase by deceased in December, 1908, of a bottle of bicarbonate of soda.

At the request of the jury, Mrs. Rodacarachi, housekeeper of the Savoy, Dr. Osburn and deceased's servant boy were recalled to explain and clear certain points in the evidence.

The Court then rose at about 5 p. m.

VICEREGAL NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 12.

Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Hardinge witl attend an evening party at the Calcutta Club to-morrow.

His Excellency the Viceroy will give a dinner party at Barrackpore on the 14th March to which about a hundred people have been invited.

On the 18th instant there will be a dinner party followed by an informal Investiture at Government House, Calcutta.

There will be an evening outdoor party at Government House on the 20th instant at 9-15 p. m.

R. I. M. S. "DUFFERIN."

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, MARCH 11.

The Royal Munster Fusiliers left Karachi to-day for Rangoon and Port Blair by R. I. M. S. "Dufferin." The regiment marched to Keamari this morning and was played out by the band of the York and Lancasters. The regiment had been under canvas here for the past three months owing to transports being engaged in taking troops to China.

FATAL GUN ACCIDENT.

Arrest of a Telegraph Operator.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

MADRAS, MARCH 12.

P. Fonseca, an operator of the Cable Telegraph Company, and five others went out on unexcursion to Ennore on Saturday. At Ennore, Fonseca and two others engaged a boat and taking three guns and a boy with them went into the backwaters to shoot seagulls. The boy seeing seagulls at a distance drew Fonseca's attention to them. Fonseca tried to load the gun, evidently forgetting that it was already loaded with the result that the gun went off, the boy who was close by received the charge in the thigh bleeding profusely. He was taken to Major T. D. Ross, I M. S., who was at Ennore on special duty. Major Ross bandaged the wound and then sent the boy to the General Hospital, Madras. He was admitted, but died the same evening.

The usual inquest was held the jury returning a verdict of death due to a gun-shot wound caused by the negligent handling of a gun by Fonseca. Fonseca was arrested at Ennore and released on bail. The case against him will be heard at Chingleput.

ASHE MURDER TRIAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, MARCH 12.

Resuming his arguments to-day in the Ashe Murder case.—

Mr. Govindaraghava Iyer dealt with points as to admissability of the statement made by the approvers, Armugam and Somasundram, to Inspector Viraraghava Iyer as evidence. He contended that the refreshing of his memory in the witness-box by the inspector by means of a statement taken down by him previously in writing amounted to his using it as evidence under section 162 of the Criminal Procedure Code. There was a kind of oral evidence, which the Inspector gave in the present case, which practically amounted to oral evidence previously recorded by him and committed to memory. The evidence of the Inspector was no doubt oral evidence in the present case, but still it was using writing as evidence although the evidence was given as oral.

Their Lordships were unanimously of opinion that the Vakil was not entitled to argue the case apart from the precise terms of the certificate granted by the Advocate-General. Arguments should be reserved within the express terms of the certificate.

In reply Mr. Govindaraghava Iyer said that the statement made to the police officer could not be used for corroboration. Section 157 of the Evidence Act though in existence in the statute book for the last 39 years had never been used for the purpose of corroboration, as it was sought to be used in this case, but there were instances in which such statements were used for purposes of contradiction.

The question was then argued as to whether Inspector Viraraghava Iyer was an authority competent to investigate the case.

The Vakil referred to the evidence to show what position the Inspector occupied, when he took the statement from the two approvers, and contended that on the facts proved the Inspector was not legally competent to investigate the case.

The Court adjourned for lunch.

THE DURBAR CHANGES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 12.

The *Englishman* states that owing to the present political situation in England it seems highly unlikely that legislation in connection with the Durbar changes can be carried through Parliament before April 1st. It understands, however, that the proposed arrangements will come into effect on that date, and that the Government of India will issue notifications ordering the changes to take place, whether a Bill is passed by the legislature at home or not.

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 12.

The *Pioneer* says,—"The Viceroy inspected sites available for temporary offices and residences during his recent visit to Delhi. The Circuit House was also examined with a view to seeing what alterations were needed to get it ready for a Viceregal residence, His Excelleney motored to the south of the city and went over a good deal of ground on horse-back. The Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab accompained his during him inspection.

MURDER OF A MONEYLENDER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MARCH 12.

The Police have made some arrests in connection with the murder of a moneylender named Lajpat Rai Sub, of the Village of Nowshera, Panwin District, Amritsar. It appears the man went to enjoy "Holi" with his grandson, aged ten, to the neighbouring village of Thatian. He drank liquor and was strangled by some persons who removed his grandson to another place. This took place on March 2nd, and the next night the body was taken to his own village, and placed amidst dry stalks of cotton and set on fire.

SMALL-POX IN SIND.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, MARCH 11.

Small-pox has broken out in and around Kotri and Hyderabad in a malignant form. The railway staff and the police are being vaccinated.

KIDNAPPED GIRLS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, MARCH 11.

Two girls, aged seven and fifteen, have been kidnapped from Gujarat, whether by Pathans or by Bardafaroshes, who traffic in children is not known. The police are investigating the case.

PROCLAIMING that only woman can save the destinies of China, a young Chinese girl the wife of a student named Chang, has just left London, says a Paris paper, where she has been studying international law, to place herself at the head of the feminist movement in the Chinese Republic. The girl, who is 22, is known among her countrymen as the "Chinese Joan of Arc" She published at Shanghai, when only 15, a brochure which proclaimed the overthrow of the Manchu Dynasty, and had a great success. One of her girl friends, who shared her views, was beheaded, whilst the youthful authoress fled to Japan. There she married Chang who subsequently went to Aberdeen University to complete his studies. Although she is the niece of Yuan-she-kai, the Chinese Joan of Arc is said to be his resolute adversary.

EXPLOSION IN BOMBAY.

Destruction of a Floating Magazine.

TEN MEN BLOWN TO PIECES.

ABOUT 1-30 p. m. yesterday many inhabitants of Bombay were thrown into great excitement and terror at the sound of an explosion, which shook the city from end to end.

This was caused by the blowing up of a floating magazine in the harbour on board of which ten persons all natives are believed to have been, and none of whom apparently can possibly have survived.

Many Indians in Bombay imagining it to be an earthquake and momentarily expecting their houses to collapse ran terror-stricken into the streets. The confusion and dismay that prevailed was in many places intense and within a few moments of the report of the explosion the streets were crowded with people discussing the cause and nature of the severe shaking, and ascribing widely-differing reasons for the same. Business was at a standstill for a few minutes as people fearing a repetition of the shock at any moment, were loath to re-enter their houses. After a time, however, nothing untoward happening, the fears of the people were allayed and the city resumed its normal aspect.

It was subsequently reported that the explosion was due to the blasting operations that were being carried on at Ulwa, a port on the east side of Bombay Harbour, to blow up the wreck of the s. s. Godaveri.

This report was however promptly denied at the Port Trust Office, the officers at which at once, so far as they were able, made an investigation of the circumstances.

When the report was heard, it was realised that it came from the direction of a floating magazine in the harbour, and the chairman of the Port Trust, (Mr. F. L. Sprott), the Port Officer (Commander Warden) and the chief engineer, Mr. P. G. Messent put off in the launch Leda. They proceeded to Tuckers, Patch Beacon, a rock about two miles east-north-east of Ballard Piez, about 600 feet north of which a barge had been stationed, containing explosives for use in the removal of the Flagstaff shoal, which at present obstructs the entrance of the new dock. The barge was of the dimensions 43 feet by 13 ft. 6 in. by 6 ft. 6 in and is said to have contained about a ton and a half of dynamite. On reaching the spot where she had been anchored, there was no barge to be seen and the only signs of her were numerous pieces and splinters of wood floating on the water. Of the ten men, who should have been on the barge at the time, there was no trace whatever and there is every reason to believe that they have been blown to pieces.

The following is a list of the missing men:—

Assistant timekeeper, D. C. Lobo

Charger, Miya Bhowan.

Assistant Chargers, Dondee Ithoo, Changa Shemya, Ira Kumba and Dama Balloo.

Tindal, Ali Reheman.

Boatmen, Essoof Ali, Adam Ali and Isack Hoosein.

A sailing boat, which every day has gone to the magazine for the purpose of bringing away the day's supply of explosives must have been lying by the barge, and she was also destroyed. A piece of her stern was the only considerable portion of her which was to be seen, and her oars were the only things apparently left intact. Also near the barge, was a native dhow with a house erected on its deck, which was used by the men as a cooking place and a place for meals, as they were not allowed to light any fire on the barge itself. This load suffered damage to its side which was nearer the explosion. The commander of the s.s. Arcadia was very prompt in sending off a boat containing two officers and a surgeon and these were the first on the scene, while a police boat also arrived. Beyond these facts it is possible to say little, as there were no spectators of the explosion, and apparently no survivors.

The Port Trust inform us that the vessel was built about five years ago in accordance with the requirements of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, and had double bulk heads next the magazine in the fore part, and double bulk-heads also next the place in the stern, where the detonators were stored. She had been regularly inspected twice a year by the Inspector of Explosives, and all his requirements had been supplied.

The buildings in the several parts of the town were more or less severely damaged. Glass panes were broken in several places. In the Fort the glass of a window in Messrs. Stone and Company's office came down with crash, attracting a large number of people to the spot.

The strength of the report of the explosion may be gauged from the fact that people in parts of the city thought it had occurred not very far from where they were. People in the Fort imagined it to have occurred in the southern part of the Island, while those in the northern end were equally emphatic as to the nearness of its site.

The quantity of dynamite in the magazine was 1,86s lbs, Gelignite 562 lbs and detonators 625 in number.

An enquiry will be held by one of the officers of the Explosives Department of the Government of India.

DACCA CONSPIRACY CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 12.

The Special Bench comprising of Justices Harington, Mukherjee and Casperz resumed the hearing of the appeal in the Dacca Conspiracy Case. Mr. Garth, Counsel for the Crown after finishing the case against individual appellants summarised the main facts and stated the various overt acts in the conspiracy connecting individual appellants to them. Mr. C. R Das who appeared on behalf of principle accused Pulin Behair Das is still at Dumraon in connection with the Dumraon Raj Case. Mr. Sen who represented the rest of the appellants in reply submitted that the Dacca Anusilan Samity which was described as a breeding ground of revolutionary doctrines was started in 1,207 after Mahomedan disturbances in Eastern Bengal for protecting Hindus from Mahomedan oppression and not 1905 or 1906 as suggested by the prosecution. The Counsel next referred to vows and Samity rules and said that none of them were of revolutionary character. The Samity boys had the object of regeneration of the country and laid down rules and principles for the culture of body and mind which was the object of the Samity Mr. Sen had not concluded when the Court rose for the day.

CONGESTION IN COAL TRAFFIC.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 12.

The feeling among Calcutta merchants at the congestion in the coal traffic on the railroads is intensifying, and they are anxiously waiting to see what step the railways will take. The jute manufacturers and grain merchants are co-operating informally with the coal-owners in considering the situation.

THE MADRAS COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

MADRAS, MARCH. 12.

The Hon'ble Mr. T. V. Seshagiri Iyer has given notice that he will move the following resolution at to-morrow's meeting of the Madras Legislative Council:—"That this Council recommends to the Governor-in-Council that a sum of Rs. 2 lakhs be added to the supplementary grant of Rs. 19,18,000 allotted to district boards and municipalities for various minor sanitary works.

EDUCATING THE BLIND.

New Building for the Victoria Memorial School.

HER EXCELLENCY Lady Clarke yesterday afternoon performed the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of the building for the Victoria Memorial School for the Blind, at Tardeo, before a large gathering of ladies and gentlemen.

Amongst those present were: Sir Basil Scott, Chief Justice of Bombay, Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Mr. Narotam Morarji Goculdas, the Sheriff of Bombay, Professor Muller, Mr. P.R. Cadell, Municipal Commissioner, Mr. Sale, Collector of Bombay, Mr. Bomanji Dinshah Petit, Mr. Jehangir B. Petit, Mr. Vasantrao A. Dabulkar, Rao Bahadhur Wandekar, Dr. Javle, Mr. Frank Oliveira, the Rev. Father Allinger and the Rev. Father Beglin.

Her Excellency arrived at 5 p.m. and was received at the gate by Sir Basil Scott and members of the Committee, and conducted to the dais in the shamiana erected for the occasion. A platform was raised on the opposite side where the pupils of the School were seated.

The Taj Mahal Hotel orchestra was in attendance and played selections of music. A song of welcome was sung by the blind children, the musical accompaniment being given by some among them on Indian instruments.

THE REPORT.

Mr. Jehangir B. Patit, Honorary Secretary of the Institution, read:—

The annual report stated that the school was founded out of a fund to commemorate the memory of the late Queen-Empress Victoria which within a period of two years, reached a nett total of a little over Rs. 1,86,000, a figure which has since been enhanced to Rs. 2,53,800 by subsequent contributions. A school bearing the name of the good Queen was started in Bombay on the 13th day of December 1902 as a tentative measure; and the Committee placed at its head the services of an educated blind man, Dr. Nilkantrai Dayabhai, our present Principal, who is an L.M. and S., of the Bombay University and a retired Government servant. A trial having been thus given for a sufficiently long period, the school was soon placed on a permanent basis, and formally opened in January 1904 by the then Governor of Bombay, Lord Lamington, as a permanent memorial to the late Queen Empress.

The institution is both an asylum and a day school. There are 39 boys on the roll at present. The average number of boys during the last ten years has been 31 per month. Education is imparted on the Braille System, English, Gujarati and Marathi are taught in the Braille. The boys read and write with facility in all these languages. Arithmetic is being taught with the aid of concrete examples on special arithametical slates on which the boys add, subtract, multiply and divide with the utmost ease. Instruction is also imparted by means of useful and simple object lessons. There is a music class where the boys are taught high class vocal and instrumental music. They sing and play on the "Dilruba," "Saraugi," "Sitar" and the "Tabla.' Music has proved not only attractive but also remunerative, as can be seen from the fact that one of our boys earns at present Rs. 30 to Rs. 40 per month by giving tuition in music to some Parsee families. A few other boys have also occasionally worked as teachers of music in the neighbourhood of the school earning from between Rs. 5 to 10 per month. Useful industries are also taught; and there are at present three industrial classes. Type-writing was also introduced some time ago; but after a short trial had to be abandoned for want of work. The school has now reached a stage when it is possible for it to send out into the world one or two boys every year equipped with industrial, musical and general training to fight the battle of life. The fact that a large proportion of the boys are orphans with none to protect, encourage or guide them, added to the insurmountable disability of blindness and poverty, undoubtedly stands in a great measure in the way of their success; but, much can be done by the charitably-inclined to relieve their unfortunate lot by enabling them to earn their livelihood by placing work in their way and thus preventing them from drifting into beggary. It is not out of place, I hope, to mention here that upto date twenty-seven boys in all have left with certificates of competency, and fifteen had their vision either completely or partially restored, in a great many cases glasses having been given to those who needed them. It is also gratifying to note that many of those who had learnt handicrafts in this school now earn their bread as musicians and teachers of music, cane-workmen and tailors, or as teachers in general elementary education, as illustrated by the several examples already given. The Committee after having made various attempts at securing a suitable plot of ground in a good and healthy locality, succeeded only last year in purchasing this site admeasuring about 7,500 square yards at a cost of Rs. 62,000. Plans and estimates for the new building, the foundation stone of which your Excellency is now going to lay, having been prepared and submitted to Government with a view to secure a building grant, the Committee are happy to say that the Government has been graciously pleased to sanction a building grant of Rs. 39,635. It has been decided to spend in all about a lakh of rupees towards erecting the new building which has been so designed as to suit in every way the requirements of the school and at the same time be worthy of the great name which it is intended to commemorate. The financial position of the Institution is satisfactory. The average annual expenditure for the last 10 years is Rs. 10,000 against an average annual income of Rs. 11,000.

Sir Basil Scott, chairman of the Committee of the Instiutte, requested Lady Clarke to lay the foundation stone, and Her Excellency performed the ceremony.

Practical demonstration of the work done at the school was given. The pupils read from embossed letters, named articles placed in their hands, caned-matted seats of chairs, sewed clothes by machines, made wire knitting work &c.

Her Excellency closely watched the children at this work.

Returning to her seat Lady Clarke addressed the assembly.

LADY CLARKE'S SPEECH.

Her Excellency said: Ladies and Gentlemen.—"I am particularly glad to be permitted to come here to-day to lay the foundation stone of the new building for the Empress Victoria Blind School. No more fitting object than a school for the blind could have been chosen as a memorial to the great Queen Empress whose heart was always touched with love and pity for the afflicted. In the 9 years of the existence of this school a vast amount of happiness, comfort and hope must have been brought into the lives of many poor little boys, who through no fault of theirs have been shut out of the light of day. The very sight of a blind child must fill our hearts with sadness and pity. We who have the blessing of perfect vision can never fully realize what it must mean to be without sight. I read lately of a nurse tending an artist of merit who was suddenly struck blind, to enable herself to understand what he was suffering she spent her first 24 hours holiday blindfolded, and ever after her experiment the realization of his affliction remained with her. It must be that blindness to children who have never enjoyed the delights of sight, and therefore, do not know what they have missed, is far less of a punishment than it is in such a case as I have referred to; but it must nevertheless be a terrible trial. To endeavour to help the blind by brightening their maimed lives developing their talents and giving them the interest of useful employment, and opening out to them the world of books is an object which powerfully appeals to all sympathetic hearts. The work done in this school seems to be most encouraging, and it is very satisfactory to know that as so often happens, one good institution leads to the creation of others, and that the example of Bombay has been followed in Mysore. I am glad to hear that sight has been restored in cases of blindness, brought to this school, which were thus enabled to be taken in time.

"That the Principal of the school should himself be blind seems most fitting. No other could enter so well into the work of mercy committed to his charge. He has had everything to learn from the stand-point of the blind and he can therefore the better impart knowledge to others similarly afflicted. He is sure to be patient and painstaking as he can perfectly understand the great difficulties of the blind boys, especially when their training begins. It is a well known fact that blind people are generally bright and cheerful and show none of the depression and irritation which sometimes characterises those afflicted with deafness. The far greater privation seems to be more happily borne and we who are blessed with the full enjoyment of all the senses may learn a lesson in contentment from

the blind. I am glad to find that music, both vocal and instrumental, is taught in the school. The value of the study and development of music cannot be overestimated, and it is particularly suited to the blind, as it is the one art that can be freely developed without eyesight. If the child has a talent, the pleasure of music as a study can make up to him for much that he has lost, by filling his life with brightness, and enabling him to increase the happiness of other lives.

"Music is very wonderful, it has been called the speech of God. It has the power of changing our moods, of turning our thoughts from warldly to holy things. It soothes us or it stirs us, and puts noble feelings into us. It is a language of itself; it can melt us to tears or fill us with joy. The master of music is therefore the possessor of great power, and happily, this power can be attained by the blind.

"I heartily wish continued success to the school when it enters the new buildings, the foundation stone of which I have the great pleasure of laying to-day. I shall not be here to open it, but I shall think of you at the time, and always take an interest in the welfare of the blind school dedicated to the great Queen Empress."

Professor Muller proposed a hearty vote of thanks to Her Excellency for graciously coming among them that evening and performing the ceremony of laying the foundation-stone of an institution, which would benefit many an unfortunate child. The Presidency was blessed in having a sympathetic Governor, but the city was twice blessed in having a Governor who devoted his energy in forwarding the cause of education of modern type and improve the course of our local University. They were doubly blessed, because the wife of their Governor was always willing and ready to lend her support to many institutions and participate in functions, which it was impossible for the Governor to attend because of the numerous calls upon his time. Whatever functions were taken interest in by the gracious representatives of their Imperial Majesties were bound to blossom and flower, and whatever institutions they patronised were bound to bring forward beneficial results. They were particularly grateful to Her Excellency for coming among them that afternoon to forward that education which was a relief to the minds and hearts of those poor devoid of seeing the day-light and this beautiful world. The only way of enlightening their life and make them forget their suffering was to educate their mind.

Mr. Narotum Morarji Gouldas seconded the proposal which was passed amidst cheers.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 12.

Colonel M. Cowper, I. A., will succeed Colonel Dobbie as Assistant Quarter Master General, Meerut Division, in April.

On exchanging to the Indian Army Captain W. S. W. Browne, 2nd Batt. Liverpool Regiment, is posted to the 44th Merwara Infantry.

2nd Lieutenant Thomson, Unattached List, will be attached to the 4th Battalion, King's Royal Rifle Corps to qualify for admission to, the Indian Army.

Lieut. A. G. Gillman, "X" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, embarked for duty in India on 8th March.

Lieut. G. H. Merriman, 84th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, is appointed to "B" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, South Africa.

Approval has been given to the resignation of his commission by Captain Kitching, Worcestershire Regiment.

Lieut. C. J. Russell, R. G. A., is appointed to No. 4 Mountain Battery at Rawalpindi and embarks for India about 15th March.

Lieut. Hogg, R. E., Military Works Services, is transferred to the 2nd Sappers and Miners.

Capt. Kennard, 13th Hussars, is appointed Adjutant of the Northumberland Yeomanry.

Colonel C. J. W. Grant, V. C., Indian Army, has been permitted to reside out of India.

Lieutenant A. C. S. Hind, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry, has passed the examination for final retention in the Indian Army.

Captain R. F. Gatehouse, 1st Northumberland Fusiliers, has been appointed to perform the duties of Station Staff Officer, Indore, in addition to his other duties.

6th Cavalry.—Lieutenant A. B. Porter to be Quarter Master, vice Lieutenant G. C. Slacke vacated.

123rd Rifles.—Captain G. E. Hardie, Double Company Officer to be Double Company Commander vice Lieut-Colonel H. E. C. B. Nepean promoted Commandant.

64th Pioneers.—Captain S. B. Watson to officiate as 2nd-in-Command vice Major J. A. Bliss granted 8 months' combined leave.

79th Carnatic Infantry.—Majors R. W. A. Deene and H. W. Heffernon to officiate as Commandant and 2nd-in-Command, respectively, vice Lieutenant-Colonel L. J. Andrews granted combined leave.

95th Infantry.—Majors F. F. Major and S. H. E. Nicholas to officiate as Commandant and 2nd-in-Command respectively vice Lieutenant-Colonel H. Lowther granted 8 months' combined leave.

38th C. I. Horse.—Major A. P. Browne and Captain R. C. Goodfellow to officiate as Commandant and 2nd-in-Command, respectively, vice Lieutenant-Colonel E. C. B. Cotgrove, granted 8 months' leave.

29th Punjabis—Majors J. S. Kemball and H. A. Vallings to officiate as Commandant and 2nd-in Command respectively, vice Lieut.-Colonel A. B. H. Drew granted combined leave.

30th Punjabis.—Major A. H. G. Thompson to officiate as 2nd-in-Command vice Major A. Ward granted 8 months' combined leave.

99th Infantry.—Captain H. J. Cotton to be Double Company Commander pro-tem vice Major A. C. Hobson seconded.

The undermentioned Officers have been granted leave:—Major G. A. Strahan, 89th Punjabis, for one year. Captain R. J. Hilson, Captain R. H. Skinner, Lieutenant D. St. J. Baxter and Lieutenant F. R. M. Campbell, 91st Punjabis, for 8 months. Lieutenant E. M. Cummings, 93rd Burma Infantry, for 8 months. Captain C. T. MacR. Leckie, 104th Rifles, for 7 months and 24 days. Captain E. G. Hall, 117th Mahrattas, for 8 months. Major L. L. Maxwell, 2nd Lancers, for 7 months. Captain J. Martin, 94th Russell's Infantry, for 60 days. Lieutenant G. H. Hopkinson, 116th Mahrattas, for 1 year. Major A. C. S. Hind, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry, for 8 months. Lieutenant F. H. B. Rathborne, 2nd Dorsetshire Regiment, for 8 months.

Captain J. S. Hooker, 12th Pioneers, for one year. Major H. W. Hefferman, 79th Carnatic Infantry, for 8 months. Lieutenant G. H. Summers, 26th Light Cavalry, for 90 days. Lieutenant B. N. Young, 12th Pioneers, for 8 months. Captain A. Delme-Radcliffe, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry, for 8 months.

Captain W. G. W. Durham, 27th Light Cavalry, for 8 months. Major S. G. W. Hume, 7th Rajputs, for 8 months. Lieutenants A. C. Palmer, and G. F. C. Shakespear, 94th Russell's Infantry, for 8 months each.

Captain E. V. Jones, 18th Infantry, for 8 months. Lieut.-Colonel J. R. Hill, 12th Pioneers, has been granted furlough on private affairs for one year from 30th March 1912. Lieut.-Colonel A. H. Battyé, 1-10th Gurkhas, 2nd-in-Command, has been granted 8 months' combined leave. Lieut.-Colonel A. J. Campbell, 30th Infantry, has been granted combined leave from 16th March to 15th November 1912.

REPAIRS TO MOTOR CARS.—That is our speciality. No work too small, none too large. Honest and intelligent workmanship. No broken promises. THE UNIVERSAL ENGINEERING CO. 14, Hammam Street, Fort.

THE DEESA-THARAD RAILWAY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The Deesa-Tharad Railway via Diodar which the press announced last November had been sanctioned by Government, we regret to say, has not been begun yet. In December last sanction was received by the Executive-Engineer, Abu division, to begin the demarcation work of the line, which has been going on and is now almost finished. It is difficult to understand why the earth work in connection with it has not yet been started.

As a famine relief work it is now an urgent necessity. The district though which the line will run is one of the worst affected by the failure of the monsoon, and the bajri and juari crops, the staple of the people, were practically a total failure.

The Kunbi cultivators had learned from last famine to lay by something both of grain and grass against future need, and they have been generously helped by Government to dig new wells and thus secure a rabi harvest. Their condition is, therefore, not so bad as might have been expected from such a wide spread failure of the kharif crop.

But the distress has fallen with severity on the labouring classes, and the Koli cultivators who are as a class improvident. No rain meant no work, and no work, no food, and with no store laid by they became unsettled and naturally pictured starvation a head. Many then were the inquiries made by people from all parts of the district as to when this railway would be started, for rumour had circulated throughout the district that this railway would be begun as a famine relief work. For a while these poor people remained in their villages and homes. Then when no relief work was started, they began to emigrate to Sind, where many of their relatives had obtained work in the famine of 1900-01. This exodus went on for some months until about one-fifth or one-fourth of the entire population of the district had gone away. About 16,000 went from the Tharad State out of a population of 54,000. Vao lost 5,000 out of a population of 34,000. Deodar 8,000 out of 39,000; and Radhanpur has lost about 25,000.

The other Thanas of Santalpur and Varahi have lost a similar, or perhaps a greater, proportion of their people, as being situated on the Runn of Cutch, the water is brackish, and the distress more severely felt there. Some villages have lost half their inhabitants, and some are practically deserted. Some of these people would, no doubt, have gone to "Navlakhi" (prosperous) Sind, even in good years in the hope of receiving the higher wages to be obtained there, but such a large exodus would not have taken place had relief work, such as the railway would have afforded, been begun in this district before they left; and so large an emigration demonstrates the reality of the distress in these parts, and the necessity of some such relief work. The labourers remaining mostly got work on the wells that were dug, but some live by gathering sticks or old roots of grass in the jungle.

Now these people who went to Sind have begun to return to their villages, and the reason which many of them give for returning is that they were not getting enough to support themselves in Sind, and they report that the condition of the labourers, in Sind is not satisfactory, nor are their wages sufficient owing to the large influx of people from so many parts of the country. about 800 or 900 were reported to have returned to Deodar a fortnight ago, and they are reported to be returning in that Thana at the rate of 150 per week. In Tharad about 200 were reported to have returned three weeks ago, and in many villages all over the district these people may be found, and they say that if the work of the railway were only begun, those still in Sind would return to their own country at once. Some indeed came back in the hope that the line would be begun, and finding no work had to go off again, this time towards Ahmedabad. For these people who have returned some relief work should be begun without delay, as there is no work for the great bulk of them. Some keep themselves alive by gathering sticks or old roots of last year's grass in the jungle, and some by grubbing in the village rubbish heap for stalks of old waste fodder which they sell for a few pice.

The wheat harvest now in progress will ease the situation for 10 or 15 days. After that their condition will be serious. The Chasathia will give employment largely to the Kunbis and few labourers will be required for it. Relief work should therefore be begun in this district at once, and one of the best forms of relief work, which will in many ways benefit the entire district is the completion of the railway embankment from Deese to Deodar, and from Deodar to Tharad and Radhanpur, which was begun during the last famine. This work will give employment to all the surplus people who are unable now to find employment, and the line when completed will confer a lasting benefit on the district. It is therefore a relief work of great utility, and one of the best which Government could open. The absolute necessity for this railway was abundantly proved during the famine of 1901 and had the line been completed then, numbers of cattle, especially in the Radhanpur district, would not be in the sad plight they are in to-day. Ten days ago there was only enough grass in that State to last for six weeks, and that was for State animals only. At least 40 per cent of the animals in this State are expected to be lost. Should any one wish to help the cattle of this State the best way would be by the importation of grass on a largescale. about 4,000 lacs of pounds of grass are required to keep the cattle belonging to the State alive until the rains, and the same quantity is required for the cultivators. At present owing to the total lack of railway communication it is practically impossible to transport grass into the district. The extension of the Palanpur-Deesa Railway to Tharad and Radhanpur is therefore most urgently required, not only as a famine relief measure during the present emergency, but as the only possible means of mitigation of distress in future years.

Nor is there any doubt that the line, when completed, would pay a satisfactory dividend. The district though which it runs is a prosperous one, with a full population, and grain of all kinds and cotton would be exported at about one-fourth the present cost of exportation. The imports would be many; grass easily brought into the district; commerce would be stimulated, and prices of food grains which differ considerably in some parts of the district, would be equalised, and would not press so heavily on the poor as at present.

It is highly expedient, therefore, and necessary that Government should begin this line without further delay which the district is crying out for, not only because of the permanent nature of the benefit it will confer on the whole district, but because of the present necessity of the measure as a famine relief work—Yours, &c.,

J. C. BLAIR,
Irish Presbyterian Minister and Missionary, Deesa Camp.

RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the week ended 24th February on 1,827·84 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Minerals Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
Total Traffic for the week.....	Rs. 2,18,000	Rs. 3,84,000	Rs. 7,000	Rs. 6,09,000
Or per mile of Railway.....	119	210	4	333
For previous 7 weeks of half year	13,51,030	22,48,340	48,200	36,47,570
Total for 8 weeks	15,69,030	26,32,340	55,200	42,56,570
COMPARISON. Total for corresponding week for previous year	2,25,235	3,82,974	6,790	6,14,999
Per mile of Ry..	123	209	4	336
Total to corresponding date...	15,05,225	27,55,333	50,243	43,10,801

Decrease for the week ..... Rs. 5,999
Do. to date ..... Rs. 54,231

IF YOUR FRIENDS TOLD YOU

The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is "pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin," and "I prefer it to any other," would you miss trying a tablet? These testimonials from ladies of title (with names) are on the wrapper, and thousands (home and abroad) say the same. If it suits so many, may it not be worth your attention? It is a Toilet Luxury, delightful in use, delicately perfumed, refreshing and beneficial. British manufacture. Sold by Chemists, Stores, Grocers, etc., and at 76, New Oxford-street London, Established over 35 years.

SPORTING NEWS.

RACING.

Bombay 12th Extra Meeting.

Saturday March 16th.

Entry closed at 6 p.m. on Monday March 11th.

THE SPRING PLATE. Distance about 1 mile 1 furlong.

Mr. Man Mohan's Lady Spring.
Mr. G. K's Devereux.
Mr. Lion's Goldseeker.
Mr. P. B. Avasia's Gallileo.
Mr. F. M. Garda's Lady Erna.
Mr. F. M. Garda's The Loaf.
Mr. F. M. Garda's Lumination.
Mr. L. Kalidass' Mafoota.
Mr. Homi Bilimoria's Bright Metal.
Mr. R. S. Forage's Aqueduct.
Mr. J. C. Smith's Lanceterite.
Mr. A. F. S. Jackson's Ardglass by Ian—Glassweed.
Mr. J. Crawford's Bachelor's Knot.

THE ALEXANDRA PARK PLATE. Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. G. K.'s. Danseuse.
Mr. F. N. Furdoonji's Yvette.
Mr. Lion's Goldseeker.
Nawab Md. Moinudin Khan Bahadur's T.M.S.
Mr. P. M. Avasia's Gallileo.
H. H. Jam Saheb's Metal Boy.
Mr. F. M. Garda's Lady Erna.
Mr. F. M. Garda's Macann.
Mr. Homi Bilimoria's Bright Metal.
Mr. Rosseo's Wellfield
Mr. R. S. Forage's Aqueduct,
Mr. W. Homer's Ruby Tin.
Mr. M. Gooculdass' Lord Carlyon.
Mr. M. Gooculdass' Picnic.
Mr. J. Crawford's Bachelor's Knot.

A NEW ARAB MAIDEN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs,

Messrs. Heath and A. S. Oomer's Imperial.
Mr. Saood Abdul Aziz's Koweit.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Bahiz.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Adil.
Mr. Beg's Berar.
Mr. A. K. Tahar's Mukhliff.
Mr. Sulleman Mahalla's Hazoor.
Mr. Sulleman Mahalla's Takdir.
Mr. Abdoola Tamimi's France.
Mr. Yacoob Swedany's Fathibeg.
Mr. Khalaf bin Saif's Nadam Pasha.
Mr. Ali Mahomed Jeewa's Indian Ruler.
Mr. Ahmed Hargany's Lucky Slave,
Mr. Ahmed Hargany's Haify.
Mr. Esmail Gussoo's Assistant.
Mr. A. M. S. Mahomed's Solastar.
Mr. Sulleman Delaemi's Haboob.
Messrs. H. Jamsetjee and E. Kadam's Imperial Majesty.
Messrs. H. Jamsetjee and E. Kadam's Cherry Blossom.
Messrs. H. Jamsetjee and Abdul Baker's Celestial
Mr. Abdul Razak's Salim's Beyrut.
Mr. Blitze's Honest Money.
Mr. Heath's Trustee.
Mr. Valiji Moosajee's Afab Beg.
Mr. Valiji Moosajee's Best Chance.
Mr. Lion's Zuheir (late Khalid Beg).
Mr. Jassim M. Essa's Royal Visit.
Mr. Karadi's Shirab.
Mr. Faraz bin Sanad's Sumarmud.
Mr. Syed Rashid's Moresa.
Mr. Naji Syed Rashid's Golden Ducat.
Mr. A. K. Tahar's Haizoom.
Mr. A. R. Tahar's Afzul Jung.
Mr. T. Gordhandass' Morley.
Mr. Syed Mahomed's Abjur.
Mr. Cursetjee Sorabjee's Nobi.
Mr. Abdoola Mana's Abdul.
Mr. Ebrahim Mana's Cable.
Mr. Abdul Aziz Mackenzie's Pleader II.
Mr. Abdul Aziz Mckenzie's Highflyer.
Mr. Fahad bin Nusser's Authority.
Mr. S. A. Wahed's Lord Durham.
Mr. S. A. Wahed's Different.
Mr. Abdoola Faras' Redeemer.
Mr. Fahad bin Nusser's Aleppo.
Mr. Mahomed Akbali's Aswad.
Mr. Abdul Amir's Favil Beg.

AN OLD MAIDEN PLATE.—Distance 6 furlongs.

Mr. A. S. Oomer's Electric.
Messrs. Health and A. S. Oomer's Mafush.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Soomsam.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Ya Nasib,
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Gowahajmer.
Mr. J. M. Mistry's Brazee.
Mr. Kadoo bin Salen's Upright.
Mr. Jassim M. Essa's Baldwin.
Mr. Budr bin Albash's Mijbas.
Mr. Mujeed Jurgis' Little Lady.
Nawab Md. Moinudin Khan Babadur's Arnica.
Mr. Thimbje's Fairplay.
Mr. Ebrahim bin Zaid's Chamsa.
Mr. A. Shamlan's Mulki.
Mr. Bampfylde's St. Anthony.
Mr. Eastwood's Dilkush.
Mr. Nasar Abdoola's Papa.
Mr. Gold's Yusuff Pasha.
Mr. Gold's Mat-hat-Baig.
Mr. Heath's Sir Edward.
Mr. Valiji Moosajee's Golden Day.
Mr. Zaid bin Mahomed's Makeb.
Mr. Lion's Pendil.
Mr. Lion's Majeed (late Order).
Mr. Lion's Asud (late Far East).
Mr. Faraz bin Sanad's Dushant.
Mr J. R. Raja's General Botha.
Mr. R.R.S.'s Red Monk.
Mr. R.R.S.'s Red Senseless.
Mr. Lion's Beam.
Mr. D. G. Dhere's Rangoon.
Mr. Mahmood Shirazi's Zomat.
Messrs. R. S. Forage and F. B. Saif's Polish.
Mr. Abdoola Faras' Fascination.
Mr. W. Homer's Dinar.
Mr. M. Gooculdas Six Fifty.
Mr. Ahmed Dakeel's Dollar.

THE MUSJID PLATE.—Distance about 1 1-4 miles.

Mr. A. S. Oomer's Well Done.
Mr. G. K.'s Parliament.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Tajilmulook.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Merrily.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Money Gold.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Rozelmulook.
Mr. J. M. Mistry's Young Salanic.
Mr. S. N. Mahomed's Terror.
Mr. Heath's Mutrood.
Mr. Reat's Sir Hugo.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Regent.
Mr. M. Gooculdass' Winchester.
Messrs. M. Gooculdass and A. Nanjee's Thaboor.

A CONSOLATION.—Distance about 1 mile.

Mr. A. S. Oomer's Well Done.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Rozelmulook.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Money Gold.
Mr. Ali bin Talib's Soomsam.
Mr. Beg's Mysore.
Nawab Md. Moinudin Khan Bahadur's Crown Prince.
Mr. Ebrahim bin Zaid's Lama.
Mr. Heath's Mutrood,
Mr. Brain's Dumra.
Mr. Gold's Prime Minister.
Mr. Zaid bin Mahomed's Harry Johnson.
Mr. Yusuff bin Essa's Ghalyum.
Mr. Reuben Solomon's Young Japan.
Mr. J. R. Raja's Guinea Merchant.
Mr. R. R. S.'s Regent.
Mr. M. Gooculdass' Hyder Beg.
Mr. M. Gooculdass' Padsha.

THE JACKAL CLUB PLATE.—Distance about 1 mile.

Mr. Heugh S. Symon's Tragedian.
Mr. Heugh S. Symon's Avocet.
Mr. J. Crawford's Good Luck.
Mr. C. G. Stileman's Silverbolt.
Mr. M. Rommel's Better Luck.
Mr. M. Rommel's Best Luck.
Mr. H. Tremearne's Harkaway.
Mr. J. A. Stewart's Shanly.
Mr. F. P. Oliver's Eros.

DEATH OF A RACE-HORSE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, MARCH 12.

The well-known race horse, Sir Simon, owned by Mr. Haji Oosman Sait has died here. His last win was the Governor's Cup at Madras last year, when he beat Miracles, Vitulos, Bell, and others.

YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

Third Day, Thursday, March 14th, H. W. 10-42 p.m. (S. T.):—

"A" CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—First Prize Cup presented by the Hon. Mr. T. W. Morrison, C. S. I., second prize Rs. 40, third prize Rs. 20, entrance fee Re. 10, start at 3 p.m. Course:—Committee Vessel—Mark Buoy Starboard—South Karanja Buoy Starboard—Cee Vessel—South Karanja Buoy port—Mark Buoy port—Cee Vessel. Length 14·86 miles.

"B" CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—First prize, Cup presented by the Hon. Mr. T. W. Morrison, C. S. I., second prize Rs. 30, third prize Rs. 15, entrance fee Rs. 7-8, start at 3-10 p.m. Course:—Cee Vessel—South Karanja Buoy Starboard—Cee Vessel—Mark Buoy port—Middle ground Buoy port—Cee Vessel. Length 11·53 miles.

"C" CLASS HANDICAP RACE.—First prize, Cup presented by the Hon. Mr. T. W. Morrison, C. S. I., second prize Rs. 25, third prize Rs. 15, entrance fee Rs. 5, start at 3-20 p.m. Course:—Cee Vessel—North Karanja Buoy Starboard—Mark Buoy Starboard—Sunk Rock Starboard—Cee Vessel—Black and White Buoy N. by E. Middle ground Starboard—South Troopship Buoy Starboard—Cee Vessel. Length 10·38 miles.

HOCKEY.

The Bangalore Tournament.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT).

BANGALORE, MARCH 12.

On the resumption of the Hockey Tournament this afternoon three games were played as follows:—The Sherwood Foresters playing the 7th Hussars on the Gymkhana ground beat them with consummate ease by 7 goals to nil. The Cavalrymen have been only a few months in India and were very sporting to enter at all.

The 13th Brigade, Royal Field Artillery, met the Royal Engineers on the ground of the Cameron Highlanders and beat the Scientific Corps by 4 goals to 3. It was a very close game and aroused boisterous cheering and counter cheering. Sturgeon for the winners shot 3 out of the 4 goals.

In the replay over last night's draw the Cadets of the St. Joseph's College played the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers on the Royal Engineers ground and won by one goal after a desperately strenuous struggle.

Alderson Tournament.

POONA, MARCH 12.

The Royal Warwicks this evening met and defeated the Divisional Staff by six goals to one in the second round of the Alderson Hockey Tournament.

"CONDOR" LAWN TENNIS.

Last night the two remaining games in the first round were completed. Messrs. Wagle and Bhudkumkar easily accounting for their opponents winning both sets 6—1, 6—1. The other game between Harwood and Briscoe and Macdonald and Doctor was won by the first named pair 6—3, 6—2.

To-day's games will be between Messrs. Fyzee and Chimmulgund vs. Raisins and Mathalone and Merchant and Driver vs. Ali Akbar and Wahab.

THE DRAWINGS.

Merchant & Driver...Bye
Ali Akbar & Wahab... "
Dastur & Ghandy ... "
Gunther & Greene... "
Modi & Aibles ..... "
Karvi & Javeri ..... "
Khambatta & Gimi... 6-3, 6-3
Sabnis & Desai 6-3, 6-3
Mehta & Modi..... 7-5, 6-2
Chandaverker & Shivswarkar 7-5, 6-2
Macdonald & Doctor 6-3, 6-2
Harwood & Briscoe.. 6-3, 6-2
Flynn & Strelly 6-4, 6-4
Wagle & Bhadkumker 6-4, 6-4
Wadia & Pocha .....Bye
Pearcy & Gunjikar... "
Shaw & Nadkarni ... "
Chawan & Karanja... "
Raisins & Mathalone. "
Fyzee & Chimmulgund "

N. B.—Two games will be played daily and will commence at 5-30 p. m. Players arriving late will be scratched. Competitors are requested to satisfy themselves as to dates of playing.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKET.

Attempts to Patch up the Quarrel.

Writing from Sydney, on February 21, a correspondent says:—The cricket trouble has reached its most critical stage. To use the expression of Mr. P. F. Warner, leader of the English team now in Australia, "the sands are running out." To-day was the crucial day. The board had rejected the conditional acceptance offered by five of the men selected and had asked for a definite unqualified acceptance or rejection. Until 10 o'clock to-night, the secretary of the Board of Control (Mr. Sydney Smith, jun.) waited patiently for any acceptances, and at that hour he reported that none had reached him. All he had received was a telegram from Ransford, stating that he had received the board's letter too late to be able to reply, but that he was leaving for Sydney by to-night's express.

Earlier in the day, however, things happened. The players met at Juncheon, Armstrong, who had arrived from Melbourne, being present. It is understood that as the outcome of that meeting Armstrong and Cotter sent the following form of acceptance:—"I am in receipt of your letter of 19th inst., and in reply I beg to state that it is my intention to accept the invitation, but I reserve to myself the right to withdraw such acceptance if anything should arise prior to the departure of the team rendering such withdrawal, in my opinion necessary." The players mentioned were informed that this form of acceptance would not do and that they must say "Yes" or "No." That was the position at 6 p.m. At 10 o'clock there had been no "Yes" or "No". The time stipulated by the board expired at midnight, but it is understood that should the players post their acceptances so as to reach headquarters to-morrow morning everything will be well.

The players themselves were silent throughout to-day. Trumper, when asked what he was going to do about it, replied. "Don't ask me. See Clem Hill. He is running this show." Hill had been seen and had declined to discuss the matter further than to say that Warner and Lord Chelmsford had endeavoured in a general way to mediate. Apparently, the mediation had not moved Hill. "There's nothing fresh," he remarked, and moved off to take a turn at the nets.

Carter was adamant. "I have nothing to say," he stated. "I only got my letter this morning. I don't know how I am going to reply to it by to-night."

The board is stated to be firm in the matter and determined to fill the positions, if the players do not reply "Yes" straight out.

Mr. P. F. Warner, who has been tying to mediate in the matter, said to-night:—"Cricket is too grand a game to quarrel about. I have suggested that the players should sink their personal differences. If the six go to England, Laver cannot go. If they do not go, Laver cannot go. Why then should the trouble continue? I do not take any side in the matter at all. What I have done has been in the interests of cricket. We are on the threshold of a big scheme of Imperial cricket, and if there men, like Trumper, Armstrong, and Hill, with their great records do not go it is going to be spoilt. The counties in England are preparing to make big sacrifices that Imperial cricket may be successfully started. there is a failure, the English public will be deeply disappointed. After all I think Australia owes something to England. South Africa came here in pursuance of this Imperial scheme. The present English team is here on the same grounds. The position I take up is that the players are being asked to go forth to do battle for their country. I want them to see that, and I would like them to get away from personal differences, and in the interests of the game go forth to do battle for their country. Cricket is too grand a game to quarrel about. I hope it may not be too late yet."

This afternoon Mr. Hole, M. L. A., introduced to the Premier a number of cricket enthusiasts, who asked Mr. McGowen to mediate between the Board of Control and the six players. It was suggested to the Premier that even at this late stage, there was a possibility that his good offices might bring about a friendly settlement of the differences.

Mr. McGowen expressed his great readiness to do anything possible. He asked the deputation to make it known to both parties to the dispute that he was prepared to meet them with a view, if possible, to finding some way out of the present difficulty.

The last word spoken on the subject to-night at 11 o'clock by Clement Hill was, "No. Nothing has been done. The position is just as it was." Hill went on to say he agreed entirely with Warner that a heavy blow would be delivered at Imperial cricket, but he added, "If Mr. McElhone wants to ruin the triangular tests, simply that the board may be considered adamant—well, is that my affair?"

The secretiveness of the Board of Control at Melbourne, respecting recent happenings has made Mr. Frank Laver rather shy of expressing opinions or passing comments on the position of affairs existing between the Board of Control, the six "recalcitrants," and himself. This evening he said he had been hoping that the Board of Control would at least have said something in the direction of letting the public know just what it intended to do in regard to sending a representative team home to England. He intends to wait and see what is to happen before he criticises. Asked to-night whether the Board of Control ordered Mr. Smith to send the second letter to the five players who had to accept their invitations by to-night, or whether Mr. Smith sent the letter himself, Mr. Laver seemed to regard that as a point worthy of explanation. He is not prepared to say what he intends doing in the event of the board refusing to allow the players to select him as manager.

PANCH MAHAL DISPENSARY.

Opening Ceremony Performed by Mr. Barrow.

THE opening ceremony of the Ardeshir Rustomji Dalal Charitable Dispensary at Rustampura in the Halol Taluka in the Panch Mahals, near Baharwadpur, was performed by Mr. Barrow, I.C.S. Commissioner, Northern Division, on the 9th inst. when there were present besides the Commissioner Mr. Ghosal, Collector, Panch Mahals. Mr. Brenham, Assistant Collector, Thakore Fatehsingji Dipsingji of Kanjri and Revalia.

The Commissioner presented about 80 poor students with suits of clothes and books.

ORIGIN OF THE DISPENSARY.

In the course of his speech Sardar Bomanji, who has erected the dispensary with the aid of Government, said:—"Let me express to you my most cordial obligations for the honour you have done me by your presence this evening at considerable personal discomfort, by undertaking a long and wearisome journey over rugged and dusty roads. When I came and settled here about 31 years ago, this part of the country was a waste unpopulated and bushy tract of land infested by wild beasts and reptiles on the one hand, and marauding gangs on the other; and in spite of the dissuasion of my revered parents and friends, who considered it a rash, profitless enterprise, I embarked myself on the scheme of colonizing it. At the commencement, for over 15 to 20 years, I had to encounter countless difficulties. I add my sense of gratitude to the officials of our benign Government for the encouragement I received by their help and advice from time to time, for I feel, that without this support, I could never have carried out my plans to fruition. The District of Panch Mahals bears the inevitable reputation of a malarious country; I used therefore always to keep a medicine chest with me and supplied medicine to any one who needed it. In course of time the humble help I rendered to the people became so widely known that people from a distance of 20 miles poured in to receive this help in large numbers. I eventually applied to Government for permission to build a dispensary to be styled after my late father's name, and suggested that the dispensary should be maintained by Government. Government did not approve of my suggestion, and proposed that I should erect a building for the dispensary, and entrust to Government a sum of money for its annual upkeep and maintenance, which would fetch an interest of Rs. 500 a year. I agreed to this proposal and am depositing this day with Government three and a half per cent. promissory loans of Rs 14,500.

"In addition to the aboveaid Rs. 500 there will be an annual contribution of Rs. 200 from the District Local Board and of Rs. 564 from the Government to meet the annual expenses of the Dispensary which will amount to Rs 1,264. It will thus be seen that Government have paid the largest share in the expenses; for this act of kindness I beg to tender my heartfelt thanks on my behalf as well as on behalf of the people to Government. The present temporary arrangement of affording medical relief to the people is due to the help of H. A. Prabha Shanker, who has been very popular amongst the people by his untiring devotion to the patients. In conclusion I have the pleasure to request Mr. Barrow to accept the loans of Rs. 14,500 on behalf of Government and to declare this building open for the use of the general public."

Sardar Thakor Fatesingji also spoke.

THE COMMISSIONER'S SPEECH.

Mr. Barrow Commissioner, N. D., after declaring the Dispensary open, addressing those present, said:—"Sardar Bomanji, ladies and gentlemen. In thanking you for the kindly welcome you accorded me I should like to add a few words to assure you that it has given me very great pleasure to be able to come here to-day to perform the ceremony of opening the dispensary which the Sardar has erected in pious memory of his late father, Mr. Ardeshir Rustomji Dalal. The Sardar's family have been public benefactors in three districts at least of this province and I take this opportunity of expressing the hope that the stream of their benefactions may long continue to flow. My view is that a man who is desirous of putting up a private memorial offers, and is permitted to pay just enough money to put up a building on condition that his own name or that of some member of his family is for ever associated with it and that the maintenance of the building for his intended purpose should be undertaken by some quasi public body makes an uncommonly good bargain. In the case of the dispensary just opened here the donor, Sardar Bomanji, has not contented himself with paying only for the bricks and mortar, but has in addition made over to Government a sum of money which will yearly produce rupees 500 towards the cost of maintenance. His example in this respect is one which I commend to the consideration of others. The Sardar has adequately expressed his gratitude to Thakor Sahib Fatesingji and those of his own tenants who assisted him in his building operations and it now only remains to me to cordially re-echo the aspirations contained in the concluding sentence of his address for the prosperity and usefulness of the dispensary in Rustompora.

With a vote of thanks to Mr. Barrow the proceedings terminated.

TORTURED DAY AND NIGHT BY ITCHING

And Burning. Sore Places on Baby's Cheeks, Hips, Spine and in Bend of Arms and Knees. Could Hardly Walk. Was Ill for Want of Rest.

Got Cuticura Remedies and Now has Not the Least Sign of Eczema.

"My son when two years old had eczema very badly. He had great sore places on the edges of his bones, the lobe of each ear had a great split, the sores extending over the jawbone on to the cheek, and on the cheek bones that the eyes were some more sores, making him look ghastly. He had a large sore on each hip and all up his spine, and in the bend of his arms and knees. The latter were so bad that the child could hardly walk. Whenever the child scratched himself, some watery matter would come from the places like great drops of perspiration. He was tortured day and night with the awful burning and itching sensation. I had tried several remedies, and then I went to the doctor but the stuff I had from him made not the slightest impression. The child was getting quite ill for the want of proper rest.

"I gave up going to the doctor, as a friend, a nurse, gave me some Cuticura Ointment to try and see if it would relieve my boy. I used it for a week, and by that time the places were looking decidedly less angry, and were not nearly so irritable. I got some Cuticura Ointment and Soap, and persevered with them. He was in such a state I could not make a tin of Ointment last ten days. I used to smear the places over two or three times a day. The eczema kept coming back, but as soon as it showed I used Cuticura Ointment. The boy is now thirteen, and not the least sign of eczema." (Signed) Mrs. A. Oliver, The Gardens, Egerton House, Egerton, near Ashford, Kent, Eng., May 11, 1910.

Cuticura Remedies afford the most economical treatment for skin diseases. Sold throughout the world. London Depot, 27, Charterhouse Square.

Do you Suffer With Rheumatism?

Has this terrible, nerve-racking, painful ailment fastened itself upon you? Don't lose hope. Here's succour for you.

Little's Oriental Balm has cured thousands of cases of inveterate chronic cases of Rheumatism—among them hundreds of cases that were pronounced hopeless by doctors. Through this wounderful remedy sufferers have abandoned their crutches and are to-day cured after years of intense suffering.

Here's a case in point. Mr. W. Elger, of Alwatton, Peterborough, among other things, writes: "I always had the best medical treatment, but was never able to obtain immediate or permanent relief until I tried Little's Oriental Balm. The result was simply marvellous. It eased the pain almost immediately and has done for me what all other remedies failed to do."

Don't hesitate. Get a bottle to-day.

For external use only.

Sold at Re. 1 per bottle. Of all Chemists and Medicine Vendors.

LITTLE MICROBES.

MAKE BIG BALD SPOTS.

Dandroff, Falling Hair, Itching Scalp and Baldness All Caused by Dandruff Germs.

If you, dear reader, could work as ceaselessly, as persistently and vigorously night and day as doth the little dandruff germ, your vaults would be full to

THE WEATHER.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, MARCH 12.

The weather remains slightly unsettled in Kashmir, and light precipitation is reported from many stations in the extreme north. Conditions are becoming favourable for thunder storms in the deltaic Bengal and Assam.

The forecast shows no important change.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 12th OF MARCH.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Tuesday, the 12th March, 1912, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are lightly clouded in the extreme north and clear elsewhere. Humidity is generally in defect. Maximum temperature is in defect at Rawalpindi and in excess at Ambala; the minimum is below normal at Ambala.

The United Provinces.—Skies are lightly to moderately clouded in the extreme western districts and clear elsewhere. The moisture in the air is either equal to or below the average. Temperature is nearly normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Skies are lightly clouded in north Rajputana, and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in defect. Maximum temperature is in defect at Jacobabad and in excess at Karachi; the minimum is below normal at Bikaner.

Gujarat, Kathiswar and Central India West.—Skies are clear. The air is drier than usual. Day temperature is in excess in West Central India and Gujarat.

The Central Provinces.—Skies are clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is in excess except in the south-eastern districts.

The Konkan.—Skies are generally clear. The air is drier than usual at Bombay. Temperature is normal.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Skies are generally clear. Humidity is normal or in defect. Temperature is nearly normal.

General Remarks.—Skies continue heavily clouded in the extreme north but no precipitation of importance has been reported from any station in the plains. Skies have cleared in the northern half of the Peninsula.

Isolated duststorms are possible in the United Provinces and the adjacent parts of the Central Provinces and of Rajputana.

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a.m. (local time) 12th March, was 29,915 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 9 feet at 8 a.m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80 deg. F. will be 14in. and this will be higher or lower by 01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by 01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings above are distinct from those given in the daily weather report to which different corrections have been applied.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

INDIAN CROP PROSPECTS.

ASSAM OIL-SEEDS.

The final forecast of the spring oil-seed crops of Eastern Bengal and Assam in 1911-12:—

Character of the season.—As mentioned in the preliminary forecast sowings were delayed and restricted in extent owing to the unusual prolongation of the rains. During December and January there was practically no rainfall but owing to the large amount of moisture left in the soil the crops got on very well without rain. Insect-pests did some damage to rape but the extent of injury was probably less than usual.

Linseed.—District Officers estimates the area under linseed at 98,300 acres and the average outturn at 81 per cent. of the normal yield. Taking the latter to be 4 cwt. per acre; the total outturn is expected to amount to about 15,960 tons which is practically the same as last year.

"Rape".—Many local officers appear to have made the mistake of expressing the reduction in area cropped in the form of a reduced estimate of outturn per acre. All the most reliable reports are to the effect that sowings were considerably reduced in extent but that the yield per unit area was fully as much as usual. District Officers' returns average a yield of 82 per cent. of the normal outturn per acre on a total area of 1,406,400 acres. In places of these figures it will be safer to adopt for the province as a whole an estimate of a 100 per cent. crop on an area of 1,200,000 acres. The estimated normal outturn being 4 cwt. per acre, the total crop is computed at about 240,000 tons, which is 10 per cent. less than last year.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR J. W. M. HAWES, V. D. COMMANDING.

Bombay, 13th March.

93 Proficiency.—An examination for candidates for proficiency will take place as follows:—

Part I, Infantry (Practical and Written). On the Maidan Colaba at 7-15 a.m. on Saturday 16th March.

Part II, Gunnery (Practical and Written). At Mahaluxmi Battery at 4-30 p.m. on Saturday 16th March 1912.

104 Parades.—Parades will be held on Mondays and Thursdays in the Town Hall compound at 9-30 p.m.

Sgt. Q. F. Field Gun Drill.

Dress.—Plain clothes.

105. Prize Distribution.—The annual prize distribution of the Corps will take place on Wednesday 24th April, to commence at 9-30 p.m. To be followed by a dance.

110 Prize Meeting.—The following matches will be fired on the G. I. P. Volunteer Rifle Range at Ghat Kopar on Sunday next the 17th instant.

Matches 4 and 9.

111 Competitions.—The following is the result of the Carter Cup Competition which was fired at Colaba on Sunday last 10th March:—

		Total Score.
1st Left Half Company	E. E. Company	409
2nd No. 4 Sub-Divi. No. 2	,,	357
3rd No. 1 ,, ,, 1	,,	348
4th No. 1 ,, ,, 2	,,	339
5th No. 4 ,, ,, 1	,,	330
6th No. 3 ,, ,, 2	,,	326

Best scores in each losing team:—

Sergt. A. W. Barker, Bombr J. W. Hayward, Sergt. G. N. P. Glyne, Bombr. A. G. Green, and Bombr. W. Geldart.

E. P. CUDLIP, Capt., R. A.,
Adjutant B, V. A.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY MAJOR P. R. CADELL, V. D.

Bombay, 13th March.

204. Medals.—Applications for Volunteer Long Service Medal should reach Adjutant's Office by the 15th instant.

205. Viceroy's Competition.—The Final Stage Viceroy's Competition will be fired off on Corps Range at Ghat Kopar on Sunday the 17th instant.

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

206 Muster.—The Range at Ghat Kopar is allotted for class firing as follows:—(for all class firing members will take their side arms to the Range.

Wednesday 20th instant
Thursday 21st instant } "G" Coy.
Wednesday 27th instant

Train leaves Victoria Terminus at 6 a.m.

E. G. J. BYRNE, Captain,
Adjt. B, V. R.

NOTICE.

I. Match 9. Bombay Vol. Artillery Rifle Association Annual Meeting open to All Comers will be fired at Ghat Kopar on Sunday 17th instant.

II. Rifle Club matches 35 and 36 will be fired at Ghat Kopar on Sunday 17th instant. The Land and Bloxsidge Challenge Cup competition will take place on the same day. Conditions as for Match 36.

III. The Miniature Matches 34 to 36 will be fired on the Miniature Range at Carnac Road on Saturday 16th instant from 3 to 5 p.m.

CURING DISEASE

By Proper Food.

Every thinking man must be impressed by the fact that the modern doctor is relying less and less on the administration of drugs for the cure of the ordinary illnesses of life, and more and more on the selection of proper food. As a matter of fact, this idea is not so new as it seems, for it has been advocated for hundreds of years—for Thomas Sydenham, who was called the "English Hippocrates," and lived in the seventeenth century, wrote: "There are not a few diseases which can be cured by the use of proper diet alone."

In treating disordered and diseased conditions by food, there are two facts to be observed. The first is the elimination of foods which are found to be injurious to the individual, and the second is to supply him with food which he can digest with ease and assimilate without trouble, food which will nourish him so completely that his weakened system will rapidly gain strength. Moreover, this food, being of a bland nature, must put no strain on the organs of excretion, whose mission is to keep the blood pure.

Among such foods, milk takes a high place. There are, however, grave drawbacks to its use.

In the first place, it necessitates the taking of a quantity of fluid which, in itself, may greatly disturb the digestion.

In the second place, it is by no means easy to get pure milk in hot countries.

In the third place, in order to preserve the milk it is frequently mixed with chemicals, like boracic acid. This is exceedingly liable to cause indigestion in adults and certain to do so in children, while many people find it disagrees with them in other ways.

MANY DEVICES FOR CURE.

Many methods have been devised for overcoming these difficulties, and dried milks of various kinds have been recommended to be used.

It is constantly found, however, that the sufferers in warm climates need something more than milk products to sustain their health and strength. The reason is that their nervous system is constantly affected through the too rapid using up of the phosphorus salts which play so powerful a part in maintaining the health of the nervous system.

The pre-eminent need of such people, and, indeed, of most people who live in hot countries, is a food which combines the nutritive qualities of pure milk with the energising and nerve-building properties of phosphorus. These two elements, however, are almost quite useless if merely mixed together for the ordinary preparations of phosphorus soon disturb the digestion and make the sufferer's last state worse than his first. The phosphorus must be in what doctors call the "organic" form, and it must be "chemically combined" with the milk in order to be easily digested and to produce its best results.

It is in this form that these elements exist in Sanatogen which, to quote an article published in "The Medical Press and Circular," "has strengthened the physician's hand a hundredfold," while, it adds, "the wonders brought about by it are no less manifold than amazing, and have been testified to by leading physicians whose names are as household words in many countries of the world."

THE BEST METHOD.

Sanatogen, in fact, has come to be recognised by the best doctors everywhere as the greatest tonic food in the world, the one preparation on which complete reliance can be placed to build up the tissues which are destroyed in many diseases, and thus to restore the lost weight which results from them. In order to do this, Sanatogen must first restore the blood, to its best possible condition, for every part of the body derives its nourishment from the blood while, at the same time, it revitalises the nervous system. It is thus evident that Sanatogen's power is not limited to one organ; but, by influencing the digestion, the nerves and the blood, it exercises a wide control over various conditions, and can ameliorate and cure a large number of symptoms.

Testimony to this power is further borne by "The Medical Press and Circular," which says: Sanatogen is readily absorbed by the stomach and has an immediate and remarkable effect, shown by a steady increase of body weight and of muscular strength and energy. At the same time, the colour is brought back to the patient's cheeks, which is due to a specific increase in the number of red corpuscles. Moreover, Sanatogen's feeding and sustaining properties are invaluable in the complete loss of appetite that often spells danger in attacks of Influenza. To nourish the patient then becomes a matter of life or death, and under these circumstances supreme importance of highly nutritive and absorbable food in small bulk is recognised. Sanatogen further supplies the much needed nutrition to the brain cells as well as the necessary fillip to heart, stomach, liver and other organs of the body."

Sanatogen can be obtained at all chemists and bazaars.

THE LADIES' CORNER.

CONCERNING BRIDAL DRESSES.

At her wedding the other day Miss Margherita Van Raalte, who was married to Lord Howard de Walden, wore a dress of white panne with blue plumed hat instead of the traditional bridal gown, as her wedding was a very quiet one. Brides often experience the difficulty of what to do with their wedding gowns after their marriage, and even those who will be presented at Court are subsequently saddled with an important-looking gown, which is of little use, as it is obviously a wedding-gown. In a French contemporary there are some quite useful hints as to what to do with the wedding-dress to adapt it for ordinary evening and afternoon use. Veilings of tulle and muslin can be used to disguise it when it is of soft white satin. For an afternoon gown it could be partly covered in black mousseline de soie, leaving the front tablier free, a little collar and a flat arrangement of old lace on the corsage giving it a different finish. For an evening gown the train could be shortened, and a tunic of black Chantilly arranged to come to the knees. Some young girls feeling the black and white effects too old for them, prefer tulle of soft rose colour or sulphur yellow, on which pearl embroidery shows up smartly. But once the idea of adapting the dress by veiling it is realised, plenty of pleasant changes can be rung on the white satin, whose appearance suggested a wedding-frock to all who beheld it.

SUN, MOON AND TIDES.

The following are the hours and heights of the tides in Bombay Harbour during the ensuing week. Hours stated in Bombay Mean Time; depth of water is at Prince's Dock sill:—

Day of Week.	Day of Month.	HIGH WATER. Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on Sill.		Day of Month.	LOW WATER. Bombay Mean Time.		Depth on Sill.	
	Mar.	h	m	ft.	in.	Mar.	h	m	ft.	in.
S	9	m	2 32	26	4	9	m	8 54	16	11
			3 39	a 25	9			9 8	a 20	9
S	10	m	2 59	25	2	10	m	9 29	17	10
			4 30	a 24	9			9 59	a 21	11
M	11	m	3 28	24	1	11	m	10 17	18	10
			5 51	a 24	0					
TU	12	m	4 6	23	1	12	m	0 19	22	7
			8 45	a 24	4			11 38	a 19	6
W	13	m	6 2	22	5	13	m	2 50	22	1
			9 33	a 25	1			1 22	a 19	7
TH	14	m	8 37	22	10	14	m	3 35	21	2
			10 4	a 25	10			2 32	a 19	1
F	15	m	9 33	23	9	15	m	4 3	20	3
			10 29	a 26	6			3 24	a 18	5

The following are the hours of sunrise and sunset according to Indian Standard Time, during the ensuing week:—

Mar. 9	(Saturday)	Sunrise	6h 58m	Sunset	6h 47m
,, 10	(Sunday)	,,	6h 53m	,,	6h 47m
,, 11	(Monday)	,,	6h 52m	,,	6h 48m
,, 12	(Tuesday)	,,	6h 50m	,,	6h 48m
,, 13	(Wednesday)	,,	6h 49m	,,	6h 48m
,, 14	(Thursday)	,,	6h 49m	,,	6h 48m
,, 15	(Friday)	,,	6h 49m	,,	6h 49m

PHASES OF THE MOON.—Last Quarter, March 11th, 1h, 25·6m, a.m. New Moon, 19th, 3h. 38·7m. a.m.; First Quarter, 26th, 8h. 31·9m. a.m.; Full Moon, April 2nd, 3h. 34·6m. a.m.

BY THE WAY.

A GLIMPSE OF MACREADY.

In the opening article of the "Pall Mall Magazine" for March, Thackeray's daughter, Lady Ritchie, gives some interesting glimpses of "Charles Dickens as I remember him"; and here is a glimpse—the place Paris, and the time the later fifties—of another celebrity:—"One day the father of our young companion, K. E., came into the room accompanied by a dignified person, too dignified we thought, who came forward and made some solemn remark, such as Hamlet himself might have addressed to Yorick, and then stood in an attitude in the middle of the room. The Paris springtime was at its height, there was music outside, a horse champing at the door, voices through the open window, and Mr. Macready, for it was he, tragic in his attitude gravely awaiting an answer. Mr. Dickens seemed to have instantly seized the incongruity, suddenly answering with another attitude, and another oration in the Hamlet manner, so drolly and gravely that Macready himself could not help smiling at the burlesque. It seems possible that Macready may have begun and Dickens may have continued the dialogue from a play, and that the little girl we, unable to recognise the words. The youthful mind is easily puzzled.

2,000 MILES OF RAILWAY IN A YEAR.

Railroad construction last year in Canada reached high-water mark, nearly 2,000 miles of new railway having been built. Canada's total railway mileage has thus been brought up to 26,500 miles. The building programme for the present year seems to insure as great if not greater activity. Sir Thomas Shaughnessey states that the Canadian Pacific Railway will probably build five to six hundred miles of new track, and that the main line from Medicine Hat westward for 500 miles is to be double tracked. The company will thus secure a double line of railway from the head of Lake Superior to the Rocky Mountains, 1,200 miles. The Grand Trunk Pacific contemplate building 1,100 miles of railway. The Canadian Northern are to spend a million sterling on their system in British Columbia, in addition to a large expenditure on their main line north of Lake Superior.

THE NEXT LONDON IMPROVEMENT?

It is perhaps being rather too sanguine says the West Minster "Gazette" to look forward to the time when an embankment will extend from London Bridge along the Surrey shore of the river to the new London County Council Hall at Westminster. But the proposal has been made for the clearance of the warehouses which at present hide the cathedral of Southwark from the river, and also for making a wide open space to the west of the building. It the idea for this "improvement" should eventuate a magnificent view of Southwark's beautiful cathedral would be obtained, and the crowds who cross and recross London Bridge would at last perhaps realise that in the restored cathedral, which is the chief church of the Southwark diocese, Londoners possess a noble heritage of the Middle Ages.

THE PLANS OF SIR CHRISTOPHER WREN.

We are reminded by Mr. Hanslip Fletcher in an interesting illustrated article in the "Pall Mall Magazine" for March that Sir Christopher Wren, when he lived at the Falcon Inn, on Bankside, in working out his plans for the rebuilding of London after the Great Fire, arranged for a full view of St. Saviour's from the Middlesex side of the Thames, and in 1825 Sir John Rennie, Colonel Trench, an amateur architect, and a lawyer named Leach put forth a similar scheme, but the value of the land for building sites overruled the claims of beauty. The cathedral is not nearly so well known as it deserves to be, and it is suggested that this may partly be because the old church is so hidden away. The new entry from the roadway opposite London Bridge station has done something to improve the amenities of the east end, but only a complete clearance of the tall and dull buildings which surround it will give the cathedral that appearance which its age and history so properly entitle it to receive.

WHAT IS "MIMOSA"?

London streets are being wonderfully enlivened a correspondent writes, by the welcome arrival of "mimosa," which seems to rival the narcissus in popular favour. The elegant plume-like branches, finely divided fern-shaped leaves, and graceful racemes of golden balls furnish a subtle harmony of form and colour, while the odour rather recall clover hay. This so-called mimosa is really an acacia (Acacia dealbata), the "silver wattle" of Australia and Tasmania, where it helps to form the "acacia scrub." It does not come from the Scilly Isles with the daffodils, but from the Riviera, where there are large plantations, especially near Cannes. A plant so profitable should appeal to the Scilly Islanders, for it grows out of doors in South Cornwall, and even in the Isle of Wight.

THE COPYRIGHT REGISTER.

The City Company of Stationers, whose Court and Livery attend the historic church of St. Augustine and St. Faith under the will of a seventeenth-century benefactor, is on the point of losing one of its most treasured prerogatives. From the sixteenth century onwards the Company has been entrusted with the Copyright Register, but under the new Copyright Act, which comes into force on July 1, this Register ceases to exist, and consequently the Company will find its occupation gone. As a matter of historical record the Register possesses very great interest, inasmuch as it contains references to all the important works published in the past two centuries and a half.

THE ENGLISH CARNIVAL.

Shrove Tuesday, despite the penitential title, has always been our nearest English equivalent for the Continental carnival. Cock-fighting is no longer characteristic of this anniversary, but the pancake still survives, and so does the street football that brings annual terror to the tradesmen of Dorking. Formerly a French visitor could remark that "the English eat a certain cake on Shrove Tuesday, upon which they immediately run mad, and kill their poor cocks." The "pancake bell," which rings in many country parishes, originally called the people to the confessional to be "shrove" before the great fast of Lent commenced.

THE CHARTER OF THE STATIONERS' COMPANY.

The Order requiring all printed works to be enrolled at Stationers' Hall was agreed to by Parliament in 1662, while in 1842, registration was made the condition precedent to the right to sue for the infringement of copyright. It is interesting to note that the Company's Charter was granted by Queen Mary, with the object of preventing the publication of the libellous works which at the time were in course of issue, consequent on the popular indignation felt against her marriage. The suggestion is now made, by, amongst others, Sir Frederick Macmillan, that the Company should, as a voluntary measure, adopt the responsibility for the registration which is required by the Customs to prevent the importation of piratical copies of copyright works. The Court seemingly regard the suggestion favourably, and are likely to act upon it.

FANNING ISLAND RUMOURS.

From the United States comes the latest rumour concerning Fanning Island, the lonely outpost of the British Empire in mid-Pacific. Guns, it is said, have been landed there, preparatory to its being converted into a fortified coaling station for the British Navy. A few months ago an American syndicate was reported to have purchased it for a coaling depot in view of the opening of the Panama Canal, and prior to that it was said to have been sold to a Mr. Greig, to a French bishop and to a German syndicate. At present a company owns the whole of the island with the exception of a few acres utilised for the buildings of the "All-Red" cable—it being the halfway station of the cable between Australasia and Canada—but whoever may become the ultimate purchaser, the island itself will remain under the British flag, that being an essential condition attaching to any transfer of ownership.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS:—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep, by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes "as bright as a button." It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

BOOKS AND BOOKMEN.

The statistics of American book publication for 1911 are at last at hand, and it would seem that there has been a considerable drop in the number of books published. If the decrease in quantity mean also an improvement in quality it is a salutary change, and publishers in both hemispheres might very profitably adopt the motto of Messrs. Doubleday, Page, and Co., "For 1912—Fewer and Better Books." One suggestive item of information is that of the 3,040 books written by "English and other foreign authors" 2,269 were directly imported and not manufactured in America. Now such books belong to an interesting class. If fewer than 250 were to be sold they would not be worth importing; if more than 1,000 or 5,000 they would be worth protecting by copyright. But although thus of a comparatively limited appeal they are not, therefore, of inferior quality, but include works in scholarship and science and are generally such that no Government should put difficulties in the way of their circulation. Nevertheless, in connection with them there has occurred another of those hitches which continually emerge in countries where there is a protective tariff on books. The law is that all imported books shall pay a tax of 25 per cent. on their market value. But the subtle question has arisen. What is the market value in such cases? Hitherto there has been no doubt. The market value of any batch of books imported was, roughly, just what they had cost the importer. The latter might produce the book jointly with the English published and pay half the cost, or he might come as a customer with a big order, paying in addition to the natural price a commission in recognition of the advantage of the English publisher's supervision. In either case the sum of money which changed hands was the basis upon which the tax was assessed. The authorities, however, are considering whether they should not change all that, and it is suggested that the market value of a book should mean "the price at which identical books are being freely sold in the English market by the English publisher in the usual wholesale quantity."

MR. PUTNAM'S CRITICISM.

The change would be a most important one, since it would in many cases prohibit the importation of the books altogether, and Mr. Putnam has addressed to the authorities an argument, by way of criticism of the proposal, three of the vital points of which it is worth summarising. One is that English writers, composing a book for the American public, occasionally insist upon its being manufactured in London, in order that they may superintend its production. It is not put upon the English market at all, and any estimate of what it would bring if it were must be conjectural. Further, the price which a publisher exacts of the retailer is determined by the selling price of the book, and selling prices are so different in England and the United States that a book priced at 16s. in the former country would in the latter be unsaleable at more than 12s. 6d. To assess accordingly on a sum determined by the larger price would be unjust. Finally, retailers who buy a dozen or a score of copies are allowed a reduction but that no larger reduction should be allowed to the purchaser of 500 or 1,000 copies is out of the question. Mr. Putnam's suggestion is that market value should be "based upon the net prices in force for similar sales in the country of origin of editions such as those referred to above, and not upon the trade rate on small lots sold across the counters to the local dealers." The "similar sales" referred to mean, no doubt, sales on a large scales to Australia and Canada, and the adoption of Mr. Putnam's plan would practically mean the maintenance of the "status quo."

THE "FAERY QUEEN."

Those who are in possession of the fine edition of the "Faery Queen" issued by Mr. J. C. Smith rather more than two years ago will be glad to have a note by way of supplement to the most interesting paragraph in the "Introduction." That paragraph, to which we briefly referred at the time, is concerned with the curious occurrence throughout Spenser's great poem of lines terminating with a word which, while it satisfies the metre and the meaning, does not meet the exigencies of the rhyme-scheme and satisfy the ear. The error is uniformly corrected in the familiar "Globe" edition, so here, by way of example, is how stanza 40 of iii. 6 originally appeared:—

Yet pittie often did the gods relent,
To see so faire things mard, and spoyled quight;
And their great mother Venus did lament
The losse of her deare brood, her deare delight;
Her hart was pierst with pittie at the sight,
When walking through the Gardin, them she spyde,
Yet no'te she find redresse for such despight,
For all that liues, is subject to that law:
All things decay in time, and to their end do draw.

Here, as the sixth line must rhyme with the eighth, "spyde" should be "saw." Now perhaps there is no poet whose work furnishes more examples of this peculiarity—Mr. Smith adduces nine,—but to suggest that it is confined to him is to ignore the work done on Elizabethan prosody by such writers are Dam and Stoffel. Those two scholars not only signalise occurrences in the "Faery Queen," but also quote sufficient instances from other works of the time which go to show that the irregularity was not an uncommon one in Elizabethan printing. Thus in Thomas Watson's "The Tears of Fancy" this stanza appeared:—

My voice is like unto the raging wind,
Which roareth still and neuer is at rest:
The diuers thoughts that tumble in my minde,
Are restlesse like the wheele that[1] wheles alway.

Here "at rest," in the second line, should be "at stay." Here are two cases from Shakspere. In the First Quarto certain lines of the "Passionate Pilgrim" ran thus—

Were I with her, the night would post too soone,
But now are minutes added to the houres:
To spite me now, each minute seemes an houre,
Yet not for me, shine sun to succour flowers

where, in the third line, "and houre[1]" should read "a moon." Again, a famous quatrain in the Sonnets ran:—

The painfull warrior famosed for worth.
After a thousand victories once foild,
Is from the booke of honour rased quite,
And all the rest forgot for which he toil'd.

Capell proposed for "worth" in the first line to read "might," but "fight" seems to be more popular.

THE ELIZABETHAN PRINTER.

Where, however, Mr. Smith differs for the better from Messrs. Dam and Stoffel is in his accounting for such anomalies. The latter maintain that the changes were deliberately made, and cite them as proving the "high-handed ways" of the Elizabethan printer. Now that the Elizabethan printer was sometimes high-handed is undoubted. Heywood complains of one who refused to correct errata on the ground that that would be to "publish his owne disworkemanship," while another naively described the manuscript of one of Gabriel Hervey's books as "the uncorrected copy." That they eliminated passages they did not like the preface to "Tamburlaine" proves, and they may have made alterations in the interior of a stanza. But that they should in a rhymed work temper with the terminal words, and that only to substitute for a word that rhymed a synonym which did not rhyme, is incredible. The careless fluency of the poet and the lack of proof-revision are adequate explanation, especially as instances of the irregularity may be found where there can be no suspicion that the text has been altered. Thus a writer in "Notes and Queries" for February 19, 1910 indicated an occurrence in Meredith's "Last Poems," and in William Blake's "Holy Thursday" (Mr. Yeats's edition in the "Muses' Library") the following couplet appears:—

The hum of multitudes was there, but multitudes of lambs,
Thousands of litt'e boys and girls raising their innocent hands.

S-V-R PENS
(SUAVITER)
Neither corrodes nor breaks, and writes with touch, smooth as velvet.
To give your writing precision and character try the S-V-R.
SIX ANNAS PER BOX
Sold by Stationers and Dealers, also by A. H. WHEELER & CO., BOMBAY and ALLAHABAD, and WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., at their Stores.

STERLING SILVER NOVELTIES.

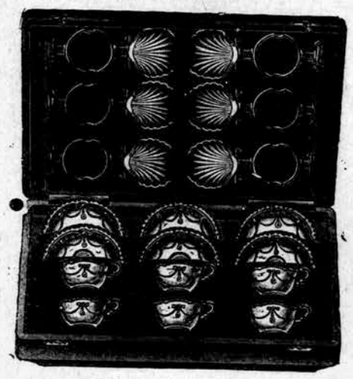
Smelling Salts Rs. 9-8 and Rs. 13 Cash Rs. 8-8 and Rs. 11-12.

Dessert or Fruit Dish Rs. 140. Cash Rs. 126.

Stamp Damper Rs. 6.

Puff Jar Engraved gla 3¼in. Rs. 13. Cash Rs. 11-12. 3½ in Rs. 17. Cash Rs. 15-4.

Pair Muffineers in case Rs. 40. Cash Rs. 36.

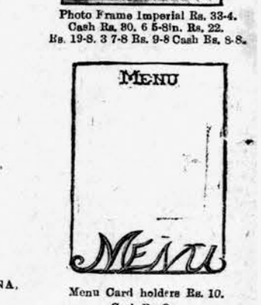

Afternoon Cup and Saucers. Sterling Silver mounted China case, complete Rs. 210. Cash Rs. 189.

Engraved Glass Silver mounte Scent bottles different designs Rs. 24. Cash Rs. 21-8 4in. 28. Cash Rs. 25-4.

Sterling Silver Jewel Casket 4½×3×3 Rs. 90. Cash Rs. 81.

Case of 4 Salts Rs. 70. Cash Rs. 63.
,, ,, 2 ,, ,, 35-8 ,, ,, 32

Ink with Watch in lid 3 in. Rs. 40. Cash Rs. 36. 3½in. Rs. 46 Cash Rs. 41-8.


MENU
Menu Card holders Rs. 10. Cash Rs. 9.

MARCKS & Co., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

SAINT-RAPHAËL
TONIC, RESTORATIVE, DIGESTIVE WINE
Very palatable.
Known throughout the world and prescribed in all cases of Anæmia, Debility and Convalescence, to young women, children and the aged. Invaluable in hot climates.
DOSE: One wine-glass after the two principal meals.
Each bottle of genuine VIN SAINT-RAPHAËL bears, in addition to the registered trade-mark:
(1) The WARRANTY STAMP of the UNION DES FABRICANTS.
(2) A METAL SEAL advertising CLETEAS.
CLETEAS is a MELISSA and MINT cordial which surpasses all others by its purety and faultless preparation.
To be taken on a lump of sugar.
COMPAGNIE du VIN SAINT-RAPHAEL, Valence (Drôme-France).
SPENCE & Co., Sole Agents for Madras. — PHILLIPS & Co., Agents in Bombay.
DUMOULIN & Co., Agents in Pondichery.

"CAUTION—The name of "PHOSPHODYNE" is protected "under the Trade Marks Protection Act for the whole of India and "proceedings will be taken against the vendors of any colorable or other "imitation thereof."

The only Medicine of the kind awarded a Certificate at the Calcutta Exhibition, 1883-4, open to all.
REGISTERED. DR. LALOR'S TRADE MARK.
PHOSPHODYNE
HAS THE LARGEST SALE OF ANY PHOSPHORIC MEDICINE IN THE WORLD.

For forty years has maintained its world-wide reputation as the Best and only safe reliable Phosphoric Cure for BRAIN WRECKAGE, PARALYSIS, SLEEPLESSNESS, Dyspepsia, Nerve, Kidney, and Liver Complaints, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, General Debility, all Blood Disorders, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the System, caused by the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

The effect of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its kindred Evils is immediate and permanent; all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms indicated an expressive that is really marvellous.

Directions for Self-Treatment of the above diseases with each Bottle.

Its energising effects are shewn from the first day of its administration by a Remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort. Digestion is Invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, and Skin clear and healthy.

Beware of vile imitations!—None genuine without the British Government Stamp with "Dr. Lalor's Phosphodyne, London, England," engraved thereon, by order of Her Majesty's Honourable Commissioners.

Thousands of unimpeachable testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities. No other Phosphoric Preparation has received such distinguished recognition.

HEALTH, STRENGTH & ENERGY.

Sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d. and 11s. each, by all Chemists throughout the World.
MANUFACTURED ONLY AT DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE LABORATORY,
HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, ENGLAND.

CHEAPEST & THE BEST.

MR. N. K. STENENSON, of the General Traffic Manager's Office., G. I. P. Ry. Co., says:—I have received the ENLARGEMENT of the PHOTOGRAPH of my little boy and am extremely pleased with it. It has been most carefully and correctly done, and is an exceedingly good enlargement for the low price of Rs. 5 only. I shall shortly be sending you a few more Photographs for enlargement, and will not forget to send you as many of my friends, with their orders. I hope your business every success, which I am sure your work will merit.

FOR PERM. BROM. ENLARGEMENTS.
THERE IS NO BETTER HOUSE IN INDIA.
THAN
THE ENLARGOPHOTE CO.,
Kanta Bldg., 1st Floor, above Sutor & Co., Kalbadevi, Bombay.

Stephen's
Inks
Stephens' Ribbons AND Carbons
for Typewriters.

THE BEST APENTA NATURAL APERIENT WATER
FILLED AT THE SPRINGS, BUDA PEST-HUNGARY

Icilma
FLUOR CREAM
ENGLAND'S PREMIER TOILET CREAM
Contains the marvellous tonic water from the spring in Algeria. It stimulates the skin to healthy action, the only way to Beauty. Snowy, fragrant, greaseless — prevents roughness and redness—cools and refreshes the skin—and cures insect bites. NEVER grows hair.
Of leading Chemists and Stores.
ICILMA CO., LTD., LONDON, ENG.

Digitized by Maharashtra State Archives with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra
on 29 June, 2017

"HARD TIMES."

NECESSITATE that you secure your jewels and valuables against Thieves and Robbers. This you can only do if you buy HARICHAND SAFES. They have withstood the tools and hammers of the Robbers and the keys of thieves and possess Reputation of over a Generation.

Approved and used by the Government, as well as Banks, merchant-firms and all the best people of India. Remember our

FIRE PROOF SAFES

have stood the greatest Fires and remained intact.

HARICHAND MANCHARAM & SON,
131, GULALWADI, NO. 4, BOMBAY.

ONE
VISIBLE MODEL
No. 10 OR 11

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER

in use in your office will absolutely prove to you the endruing leadership of the Remington. And every additional one simply piles up the proof.

REMEMBER THAT WE GUARANTEE YOUR SATISFACTION.

BLOCK No. 11

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER CO.,
75, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY,
(Corner of Wallace Street)
AND ALL PRESIDENCY TOWNS.

CROWNED IN DURBAR

ANY DURBAR WILL AWARD THE CROWN TO

BATLIWALA'S AGUE MIXTURE & PILLS,

as the Kings of cure for Fever, Ague, and Influenza, because they cure. This has been proved to the test of time.

BATLIWALA'S TONIC PILLS

for pale people, is a valuable remedy in all cases of overwrought brain work, impotency, weakness early stage of consumption, and indigestion, etc, etc. Re. 1-8 ans. each.

BATLIWALA'S TOOTH-POWDER

is scientifically mixed with "Mayaphal" and English antiseptic drugs. Ans. 4,-each.

BATLIWALA'S RING-WORM OINTMENT.

cures ring-worm,-Dhobies itch etc. in a day. Ans. 4, each.

Of all dealers, or of
Re. 1 each.

DR. H. L. BATLIWALA J.P.,
WORLI LABORATORY, Dadar, BOMBAY.

NEW PATTERN NICKEL LEVER WATCH.

The Sandow Lever

BEST VALUE IN INDIA.

Rs. 10.

Only Manufactured and Sold by
FAVRE-LEUBA & CO.,
Watch and Clock Specialists,
31, Hornby Road, BOMBAY.

This Watch has been specially designed for rough wear. It keeps good time, and will run on well for years.
Nickel Silver case.

Rs 10.

Illustrations of dial and movement are shewn exact size. Supplied in Box with spare glass and spring and guaranteed for 12 Months.

Daimler
MOTOR CARS.

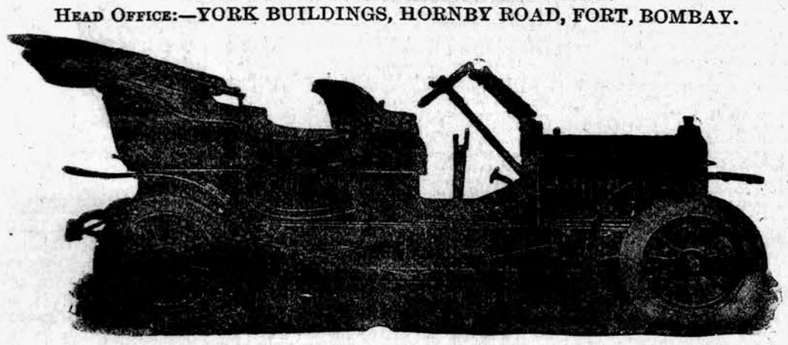
His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor's stud of Motor Cars consists entirely of Daimlers and H. I. Majesty has just honoured the Daimler Co. with an order for one of their 1912 models.

Obtainable at English prices plus cost of importation from the SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA.

THE BOMBAY MOTOR CAR CO., LTD.,
11, ELPHINSTONE CIRCLE,
BOMBAY.
SUPPLIERS OF MOTOR CARS BY APPOINTMENT TO
H. E. LORD HARDINGE,
Viceroy and Governor-General of India.

BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY

(LEADING MOTOR HOUSE OF ASIA.)
HEAD OFFICE:—YORK BUILDINGS, HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BOMBAY.



IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT

OUR DEPOT AT THE DELHI DURBAR

Will be opened on the 10th Instant.

NOTE THE ADDRESS:—ALIPORE ROAD, CIVIL LINES, DELHI.
Where an Enormous Stock of PETROL, OIL, GREASE, TYRES, TUBES, and a Host of other Accessories necessary for a Motorist as also Motor Cars on Hire by the day, week or month will be obtainable at Right Prices.

BOMBAY CYCLE & MOTOR AGENCY,
DELHI DURBAR DEPOT, ALIPORE ROAD, CIVIL LINES.

CARLTON WHISKY.

RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., Ld., LONDON.

Obtainable of all Leading Merchants throughout the World.

DR. DE ROOS' MEDICINES HAVE
RIVALLED REPUTATION OF OVER FIFTY YEARS.

DR. DE ROOS'
WORLD-FAMED
GUTTÆ VITÆ
Or, LIFE DROPS.

The Great European Remedy for Nervous and Functional Exhaustion.

This extraordinary rejuvenating essence strengthens the vitality of the whole system, gives energy to the muscles, and gently restores the impaired powers of life, imparting strength and manly vigour to the most debilitated and worn out constitution. Those who suffer from Premature Decay, or deficiency of the Vital Forces, owing to dissipation, worry, over work, excesses, or any other cause, will find this medicine just what they require. Equally adapted for the studious and sedentary; the aged and infirm; the nervous and debilitated; as also for delicate females and weakly children. All sufferers from loss of appetite, nervous headache, lassitude, and despondency—too often accompanied with suicidal thoughts—should make immediate and fair unprejudiced trial of this wonderful medicine, which is daily effecting the most remarkable cure in patients who had been given up by the Faculty as incurable, and left to drag out the remainder of their existence a misery to themselves, and a continual anxiety to their friends. In all cases of nervous and functional debility, epilepsy, impurity and poorness of the blood, aversion to and incapacity for society, study, or business, giddiness, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, loss of memory, and other symptoms, the result of self-acquired ailments that embitter and shorten life, it is truly unrivalled. To married persons especially, this preparation will prove invaluable, giving strength and vigour to those in pusillanimity and incompetency. Price 11s. or four times that quantity, 33s. per Bottle.

Dr. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS, for Pains in the Back, Gravel, Lumbago, Gout, Rheumatism, Diabetes, and all Kidney Affections; weakness across the loins, Gleety or other Deposits, Discharges and Diseases of the Urinary Organs generally. Price 2s. 9d.

Dr. DE ROOS' VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS, for Indigestion, Biliousness, and all disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels; whilst as a universal family medicine for both sexes, and all ages, they are unequalled. 13¼d. and 2s. 9d. per Box.

Dr. DE ROOS' PILE AND FISTULA PILLS, the only reliable remedy for these annoying and painful ailment. The first dose gives relief, and in all ordinary cases a few days only are necessary to effect a cure. Price 2s. 9d. per Box.

Purchasers are particularly requested to see that every package of Dr. DE ROOS' Medicines bears the British Government Stamp, with the words, "WALTER DE ROOS, LONDON," impressed thereon in white letters on a red ground, and refuse worthless imitations frequently put forward by unscrupulous vendors for the sake of extra profit.

DEBILITATED and NERVOUS SUFFERERS should read the "Medical Adviser," by Dr. DE ROOS, on the secret causes of nervous debility, impotency, depression of spirits, and confirmed melancholy. Volume 1a., post free from Mr. LAWES, Medical Publisher, 4a, 2a and C ourt, Holborn, London, W.C., or obtainable of the Agents for DE ROOS' Medicines.

WRIGHT'S
COAL TAR SOAP

is acknowledged as an
ABSOLUTE SPECIFIC
in warding off the bites of

Mosquitos and Other Insects.

Good for Prickly Heat and Refreshing to the Skin.

Proprietors: WRIGHT, LAYMAN & UMNEY, Ltd., LONDON.

To be obtained from all Chemists and Stores, and Wholesale from:—
KATRAK and Co.,
KATRAK'S Buildings, KARACHI.

REMOVE ALL BLOOD IMPURITIES.
BUILD UP YOUR HEALTH with
WILKINSON'S
ESSENCE OR FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*

Pronounced by the HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES the most

WONDERFUL PURIFIER OF THE HUMAN BLOOD

The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for **TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.**

RESTORES THE WEAK,
REVIVES THE DEPRESSED

WILKINSON'S SARSAPARILLA HAS A WORLD-WIDE REPUTATION for over THREE-QUARTERS of a CENTURY.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS AND SUBSTITUTES.

AGENTS:—TREACHER & Co., Limited; PHILLIPS & Co., KEMP & Co., Limited, &c.

The Undermentioned Medicines are prepared from Herbs.

A BOON SUFFERING HUMANITY
SURGERY SUPERSEDED.

I possess numerous certificates from officials, Europeans, Parsees, Mahomedans, Hindus on all diseases. Those who wish to be convinced are requested to come and inspect them

SURGERY can only give temporary relief to the following diseases: They can be radically cured by the unfailing medicines described below:—

HYDROCELE in any form, acute, or chronic, Hernia Elephantiasis and all sorts of rectum and scrotum diseases are cured by an infallible, harmless and wonderful remedy consisting of 96 vegetable drugs and 106 vegetable oils.

BLEEDING AND BLIND PILES.—Fistula, Fissure or the anus, and all inflammatory complaints of the rectum, which cause much irritation, burning and pain, are thoroughly cured without the least pain or inconvenience to sufferers.

FATTY OR WINDY BODY.—The undue increase of the size of the belly and abdomen, parts of the waist, hips, and other limbs of the body, and the consequent weakness and depression. The persons do not find rest or happiness under such condition and feel very miserable. They can be easily cured and can experience a reduction of 4 to 6 inches in their body after 15 days' application of oil. Also Rheumatism, Gout, and Paralysis, acute of chronic, cured by the application of oil and pill. The effect of cure is experienced after 15 days' treatment.

SPERMATORRHŒA, STERILITY, and monthly disorders and other obstinate uterine diseases are permanently cured no matter how old the patient or disease may be.

DIABETES.—Rapid and Mellitus—and complaints thereto, both acute and caronic, are thoroughly cured by Vegetable Pills.

ALL BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, DYSPEPSIA, beating sensation in Throat or Chest, Sour, Bitter or Sweet taste in the mouth, heartburn, headache caused thereby, and loss of appetite are easily cured.

ALL NASAL COMPLAINTS.—Watery, blood or pus discharges from the nose, formation of scales or fresh globules in the nose causing obstruction to breathing, are perfectly cured by an effective smelling powder.

PATIENTS ARE NOT REQUIRED TO UNDERGO INCONVENIENCES AND DANGER OF OPERATIONS.

Price as follows —

For Hydrocele, Hernia and Elephantasis Pills and Oil for 30 days, Rs. 15-8.

For Piles, Fistula, Ointment and Pills for 15 days, Rs. 6-4

For Windy & Fatty body, Oil for 15 days, Rs. 6-4

For Spermatorhea, Sterility, Monthly Disorders, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 7-8

For Diabetes, Pills for 15 days, Rs. 7-8.

For Bilious complaints, Dyspepsia, &c., Pills for 15 days Rs. 4-8.

For Nasal Diseases, Smelling powder for 15 days, Rs. 6-4

For Rheumatism, Gout and Paralysis, Pills and Oil for 15 days, Rs. 9-12.

LEPROSY—Black and white—and BLOOD-DISORDERS are satisfactorily cured by my remarkable remedy consisting of pills and ointmen for 15 days, Rs. 10-8.

ELEPHANTIASIS and similar inflammatory complaints of legs and hands, causing pain, itching, and irritation cured thoroughly by the use of the oil. Medicine for 21 days, Rs. 10-8

ASTHMA, COUGH, Difficult Respiration, Hooping Cough Cold, Throat Irritation Consumption, Blood Phlegm, and similar diseases of the Lungs, Bronchitis, are cured by a month's treatment. Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 9-12.

EPILEPSY HEMICRANIA, habitual Head-ache, Dropsy after-effects of mercury and other mineral poisons mouth diseases, are all very successfully treated Medicine for 15 days, Rs. 7-8.

OPHTHALMIA—Obstinate eye and ear diseases, redness, watery or pus discharges, soreness, CATARACT, burning, piercing pain, shortness of sight, dashes, night blindness, are relieved by harmless applications which neither burn nor produce any inconvenience to patients, Pills or mixture for 15 days, Rs. 9-12.

IMPOTENCY, SPERMATORRHEA, LOSS OF NERVE POWER are permanently cured, no matter how old the patient or disease may be Rapid SEMINAL DISCHARGES the results of thoughtless excesses and errors of youth are entirely cured, GREAT RETENTIVE POWER and perfect MANHOOD restored to the complete satisfaction of sufferers. Unfailing potent remedies of harmless nature are always kept in stock. Pills or oil (as the cases may be) for 15 days, Rs. 7-8.

MENSTRUAL TROUBLES, Amenorrhœa, Dysmenorrhœa, Leucorrhœa, Sterility, Prolapsus, Uteri, Threatened Miscarriage, Tumour and other obstinate Uterine Diseases are speedily cured without any chance of recurrence Pills for 15 days, Rs. 8-2.

CHOLERA, DIARRHŒA DYSENTERY sudden and periodical COLIC PAINS are cured by unfailing remedies which surpass all other preparations. Pills for 15 years Rs. 4-8

Up-country orders Promptly executed by Value Payable Parcels.

Up-country patients are requested clearly their to state age disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

In addition to the above-mentioned medicines there are several other superior medicines of different prices for complaints mentioned above and also for several other complaints, the prices and other information for which may be had on application by Post or by personal interview disease and the duration of the same for my guidance.

Apply to Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYAN JOSHI, of Benares, Motiwalla's Chawl, near old Tram Terminus, Tardeo Bridge, Tardeo, Bombay.

CERTIFICATE

Dear Sir—I have much pleasure to say, that your Medicine cured me a perfect cure from hydrocele and piles from which I had been suffering for the last 13 years and my wife from the undue increase of fatness in body which she was suffering from for the same period.

I tried good many European and native Doctors but to no effect. I have full confidence in your vegetable drugs and shall be most happy to recommend to my friends.

Yours faithfully—(Sd H. W. WILLIAMS
Bombay, 14th February 1910.

CERTIFICATE.

To Dr. BALKRISHNA NARAYEN JOSHI, Tram Terminus Tardeo.

Dear Doctor,—I wish to bring these few lines to your notice for the benefit of other sufferers. I was suffering great agony from Hydrocele and Piles for almost a period of 13 years and tried many doctors both native and European, but to no avail, I almost gave up all hopes of ever finding a cure but you will be glad to hear that since using the Pills and Ointment prescribed by you, I found instant relief and a thorough cure.

Thanking you for the same and I can surely trust your medicines will be soon known by all sufferers, I would very much advise you to advertise more freely in all newspapers, I shall always recommend you to my friends.

Yours faithfully,
J. W. BRABERY, Government Telegraphs.
8th September, 1908.

TO ASTHMA SUFFERERS

Instant Relief in Asthma, Bronchitis, Croup & Whooping Cough by the use of POTTER'S ASTHMA CURE. In 1/- Tins (English make). Sold everywhere. For free Sample send Postcard to POTTER & CLARKE, LTD., Artillery Lane, London, E. Mention this Paper. May be obtained of all Chemists.

INSTANT RELIEF.

Agents:—H. TREACHER & Co, Bombay & Poona.

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP
of Hypophosphite of Lime

FOR BRONCHITIS, STUBBORN COUGHS,

FOR CATARRH, WEAK LUNGS, CONSUMPTION

Paris, 8, r. Vivienne and at all Chemists

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

POWELL'S
TURKISH BATH CABINET
(A BLESSING TO HUMANITY)

A TURKISH BATH at home means a great auxiliary for preserving health and affords an invigorating tonic for the nervous system and the vital organs.

TURKISH BATHS are specially beneficial in cases of skin and blood diseases, as they produce a healthy perspiration which expels all the impurities through the pores of the skin.

FULL LITERATURE ON APPLICATION.

Complete with three light Inside Heater	...	Rs.	24	8
Do. Do. with Tin Outside Heater	...	,,	35	0
Do. Do. ,, Copper ,, ,,	...	,,	42	0

N. POWELL & CO.,
SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENT MAKERS MANUFACTURERS AND IMPORTERS OF ELECTRICAL APPARATUS,
HORNBY ROAD, FORT, BYCULLA, BOMBAY.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's
Chlorodyne

THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

The Most Valuable Medicine ever discovered.
The best known Remedy for

COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS.

Acts like a charm in
DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY & CHOLERA.

Effectually cuts short all attacks of SPASMS. Checks and arrests those often fatal diseases—FEVER, CROUP and AGUE.
The only palliative in NEURALGIA, GOUT, RHEUMATISM.

Chlorodyne is a liquid taken in drops, graduated according to the malady. It invariably relieves pain of whatever kind; creates a calm refreshing sleep; allays irritation of the nervous system when all other remedies fail; leaves no bad effects; and can be taken when no other medicine can be tolerated.

INSIST ON HAVING Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.

The immense success of this Remedy has given rise to many imitations.

N.B.—Every bottle of Genuine Chlorodyne bears on the stamp the name of the inventor, Dr. J. Collis Browne.

CONVINCING MEDICAL TESTIMONY WITH EACH BOTTLE.

Sold by all Chemists.
Price in England: 1/1½, 2/9, 4/6.

Sole Manufacturers:
J. T. DAVENPORT, Ltd.,
LONDON, S.E.

DR. DE JONGH'S
KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR
LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE. THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Forty Years' Medical Experience to be *The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in*

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY, DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS, AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

SIR G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

DR. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and the various forms of Strumous Disease, Dr. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken readily, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE Esq., M.R.C.S.,
Late Staff Surgeon, Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution, London.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was, from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated States of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognised; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils, and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be too widely recognised."

DR. R. C. CRAFT,
Assessor of "Handbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is Supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with Brown's Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signature.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists, and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES:
ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., Ltd., 182, GRAY'S INN RD., LONDON

MARTIN'S
APIOL & STEEL PILLS
For Ladies

A Speedy, Remedy for all Irregularities.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors. "The Bombay Gazette," Limited, by N. D'MELLO, at the "Bombay Gazette," Electric Printing Works, No. 2 Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Sole Advertisement Agents in the United Kingdom Messrs. WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co, 66 Fenchurch Street, London E. C.